











# THEOSOPHICAL MISCELLANIES.

---

No. 2.

---

UNPUBLISHED WRITINGS

of

ELIPHAS LEVI.

---

THE PARADOXES OF THE HIGHEST SCIENCE.

*Translated from the French M S. by a*

STUDENT OF OCCULTISM

---

Calcutta:

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

BY THE CALCUTTA CENTRAL PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.  
5, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET.

1883.

---

943  
2006.

11 £ 8

## CONTENTS

---

Preface by the Translator	1
THE PARADOXES OF THE HIGHEST SCIENCE—by Eliphas Levi .. .	1
PARADOX I Religion is magic, sanctioned by authority .. .	1
" II Liberty is obedience to the Law .. .	11
" III Love is the realization of the im- possible ...	22
" IV Knowledge is the ignorance or negation of Evil .. .	28
" V Reason is God .. .	39
" VI The Imagination realizes what it invents .. .	50
" VII The Will accomplishes everything which it does not desire .. .	60
Synthetic Recapitulation — <i>Magic—Magism</i> ..	67
The Unalterable Principles .. .	91
The Great Secret .. .	106



## PREFACE.

(*By the Translator*)

---

MANY paths lead to the mountain-top, and many and diverse are the rifts in the Veil, through which glimpses may be obtained of the secret things of the Universe.

The Abbé Louis Constant, better known by his *nom-de-plume* of ELIPHAS LEVI, was doubtless a seer, but, though his studies were by no means confined to this, he saw only through the medium of the kabala, the perfect sense of which is, now-a-days, hidden from all *mere* kabalists, and his visions were consequently always imperfect and often much distorted and confused.

Moreover, he was for a considerable portion of his career a Roman Catholic priest, and as such had to keep terms, to a certain extent, with his church, and even later, when he was unfrocked, he hesitated to shock the prejudices of the public, and never succeeded in even wholly freeing himself from the bias of his early clerical training. Consequently he not only erred at times in good faith, not only constantly wrote ambiguously to avoid a direct collision with his ecclesiastical chiefs or current creeds, but he not infrequently put forward Dogmas, which, taken in their obvious straightforward meanings, he certainly did not believe—nay, I may say, certainly knew to be false. It is quite true that in many of these latter cases, an under-current of irony may be discerned by those who know the truth, and that in all, the enlightened can sufficiently read between the lines to avoid misconceptions. But these defects, the ineradicable bias of his early training, the very narrow standpoint from which he regarded occultism, and the limitations to free expression imposed on him by his position and temperament, seriously detract from the value of all Eliphas Levi's writings.

Still, he was an eloquent and learned man, and sufficiently advanced in occultism to render all he wrote on this subject interesting and more or less valuable to earnest students of the Mysteries, and I have, therefore, thought that fellow-searchers for the Hidden Truth would

be well pleased to obtain access to some important and hitherto unpublished writings, of this great kabalist.

Hence this translation, which, although absolutely without pretensions to literary merit, yet does, I hope and and believe, everywhere fully and faithfully reproduce the obvious meanings of the author, leaving, in all cases, where this is so in the original, an inner meaning discernible by those who know. If in many places the language appears constrained and awkward this has arisen from the necessity of preserving intact the exoteric and esoteric meanings, which our author so loved to combine in his epigrammatic sentences.

An eminent occultist, E O., had added a few notes to the MSS before it reached my hands, and these, which I have reproduced (though some of them will seem scarcely relevant to the uninitiated), merit the most careful attention. I too have here and there ventured a few remarks, which must be taken for what they are worth. I do not always agree with E O., and though perfectly aware that my opinion is as nothing when opposed to his, I did not think it honest to reproduce remarks, which I could not concur in, without recording my dissent.

For the rest any reader who, interested in these Paradoxes, yet feels uncertain at their conclusion that he has fully grasped the author's meaning, and desires to know more of this, may with advantage study Eliphas Levi's other works, *viz* —

DOGME ET RITUEL DE LA HAUTE MAGIE  
HISTOIRE DE LA MAGIE  
LA CLEF DES GRANDS MYSTERES  
LA SCIENCE DES ESPRITS  
LE SORCIER DE MEUDON  
FABLES ET SYMBOLES.

Each one of these amongst, it must be admitted, a mass of irrelevant and I had almost said *trashy* matter, redeemed only by a grace of style necessarily lost in any translation, throws some light upon each one of the others, and no one, with any natural capacity for occultism, can study these carefully, along with what is now published without clearly apprehending our author's views. These, however limited and imperfect, were yet, to a great extent and so far as they went, correct, and were moreover, if nothing else, far in advance of most existing and accepted *exoteric* cosmogonies, theogonies and religious.

One word more Occultism has its Physics and Metaphysics, its practical and theoretical sides. Eliphas Levi was a theorist, and if we may judge from the nonsense given in great detail in his RITUEL DE LA HAUTE MAGIE, profoundly ignorant of its practice. Of the Physics of Occultism nothing of any great value can be gathered by the uninitiated from his pages, though reproducing, apparently without by any means fully comprehending them, phrases and ideas from the older Hermetic works, secrets, even pertaining to *this* branch, lie buried, like mutilated torsos, in his writings. But where the Metaphysics of Occultism are concerned his works are often encrusted with real jewels that would shine out far more clearly into the soul of the uninitiated, but for his persistent habit of laying on everywhere coats of Roman Catholic and orthodox whitewash, partly in his earlier days to avert the antagonism of the church, partly to avoid shocking the religious prejudices of his readers, and partly, I suspect, because to the last some flavour of those prejudices clung even to his own mind.

To those then who desire to acquire proficiency in Practical Occultism, who crave long life, gifts and powers, and a knowledge of the hidden things and laws of the universe, a study of Eliphas Levi's books would be almost time wasted. Let them seek elsewhere for what they want, and *if they seek in earnest they will surely find it*.

But to those who, careless of such things, desire only to grapple with, and assimilate the highest and ultimate TRUTHS of, Occultism, more may perhaps be gleaned from his pages by thoughtful study, than from those of any writer, past or present, *whose works are readily accessible to the world*.

To such seekers I say, study Eliphas Levi's works as a whole and ponder over them. Doubtless they are encumbered by a mass of what, but for the elegance of the diction, would deserve to be set down as twaddle. Doubtless our Abbé "was a true Frenchman, often aiming more at felicity of expression and neatness of antithesis than at the simple truth, and ever ready to jump from the sublimest spiritual truth to some cynical mundane jest by no means always in the best possible taste. Doubtless too he perpetually wastes time (for most modern readers) in slaying over again the already defunct bugbears, bogies and monsters of the Roman Catholic Church.

But none the less had he much real occult learning, and this, though in a purposely bewildering, inconsecutive, and incoherent form, he put, piecemeal, on record in his various works.

Truly, though wrapped by his eloquence in cloth of gold, not an inviting heap! Yet, despite the mass of shells and sand and ancient fishy odours, the pearls are there for those who truly seek. A hint in one work, a bantering falsehood in one passage, will explain veiled truths in others, to those who strive hard to grasp them; his real meanings will become clear, and though the labour be considerable, and the results, even when obtained, imperfect and requiring to be supplemented elsewhere, the trouble will not have been wasted, and those who have advanced thus far, will assuredly find unexpected help in completing their task.

THE TRANSLATOR

---

THE PARADOXES  
OF  
THE HIGHEST SCIENCE.

---

IN WHICH THE MOST ADVANCED TRUTHS OF OCCULTISM ARE, FOR  
THE FIRST TIME, REVEALED (IN ORDER TO RECONCILE THE  
FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS OF SCIENCE AND PHILO-  
SOPHY WITH THE ETERNAL RELIGION,)

BY ELIPHAS LEVI.

---

*Translated from the French M. S.*

BY  
A STUDENT OF OCCULTISM

---



## THE PARADOXES OF THE HIGHEST SCIENCE.

---

### Paradox I.—RELIGION IS MAGIC SANCTIONED BY AUTHORITY.

MAGIC is the divinity of man conquered by science in union with faith, the true Magi are Men-Gods, in virtue of their intimate union with the divine principle. They are without fear and without desires, they are dominated by no falsehood, they share no error, they love without illusion and suffer without impatience, for they leave all to happen as it may, and repose in the quietude of the eternal thought. They lean upon religion, but religion does not weigh on them, religion is the Sphynx which *obeys*, but never devours *them*. They know what religion is, and they feel that it is necessary and eternal.

For debased souls religion is a yoke imposed, through self-interest, by the poltrooneries of fear and the follies of hope. For exalted souls religion is a force, springing from an intensified reliance in the love of humanity.

Religion is the collective poesy of great souls. Her fictions are more true than Truth itself; vaster than Infinity; more lasting than Eternity; in other words they are essentially paradoxical.

They are the dream of the Infinite in the Unknown, of the Possible in the Impossible, of the Definite in the Indefinable, of Progress in the Immutable, of Absolute Being in the Non-existent.

They are the ultimate rationale of the Absurdity, which affirms itself, to deny doubt, they are the science of foolishness, the embrace of Folly and Knowledge. They are the cries of the eagle mounting above the clouds, the roar of the lion of the Apocalypse, that takes to itself wings and flies away; the bellowing of the bull beneath the sacrificial knife, and the never ending moan of mankind before the portals of the tomb.

---

*For man, God is, and can only be, the ideal of man.*  
 In himself, he is the unknown, but in his revelation, at once divine and human, he is paradoxical man, the substantial without substance, the personal without definition, the immutable which transforms itself but has no form, the omnipotent ever struggling with the weakness of man, the serenity which thunders, the mercy which damns, the infinite goodness which tortures, the eternity which perishes, an infinite contradiction, the abyss of the human heart, serving as a world for an insatiable and terrifying idol, the cruelty of Nero, the policy of Tiberius drinking the blood of Jesus Christ,\* a pope emperor, or an emperor antipope, the king of kings, the pontiff of pontiffs, the executioner of executioners, the physician of physicians, the liberator of the free, the inflexible master of slaves.

God is everywhere the ideal of those who ignorantly adore him, ferocious amongst savages, instinct with human passions amidst the Greeks, an oriental despot for the Jews, jealous and merciless for the Ultra-monitantes as a celibate priest. One and all create a personage whom they endow in an infinite degree with their own characteristics and their own defects †

\* The Western Ideal of Good —E O

† In a Review of Wilson's "Chapters on Evolution" in KNOWLEDGE for February 23rd, 1883, the following passage occurs showing how Western science is slowly drifting into the position occupied for thousands of years by the Occultists —

"Quite early the tendency of the Theory (of Evolution) was seen to be towards the widest possible generality. It was recognised that man could not possibly be excluded from the Law of Evolution. Those who had believed in his nobler origin from the dust of the earth were pained. They objected to a doctrine according to which man, instead of having been made originally a little lower than the angels, had risen from only a little higher than the beasts of the fields—*instead of being made in the likeness of God, must be regarded rather as having imagined God after his own likeness.* It is true the new doctrine presented man as having risen—and likely therefore to rise still higher—while the old presented him as having fallen grievously, having, from being next door to an angel, and quite in the likeness of God (though, for a slight temptation, or none, held out by an objectionable reptile, he so offended as to

Every man adores the God, whom he has made for himself in his own image, or has allowed authorities, who have more or less an interest in his ignorance and weakness, to impose upon him To adore in fear and trembling is almost to hate, though the fear disguises the hate; to adore fearlessly, is to love

True piety, which is the foundation of religion, is the exaltation of love, for love raised to a high pitch admits no longer the barriers of the possible; the impossible is its dream, and miracle, for it, reality. What would avail a religion that did not give us the infinite? What is Protestantism with its sacrament devoid of reality?\* Sad as an extinguished taper or a dismantled church! How can the bread consecrated by the word represent Jesus Christ if it be not Jesus himself? What folly if the Christ be not divinity! A fine piece of worship, truly, to chew a mouthful of bread—alas! for him who cannot feel the necessity for miracle here One can love a human being to the death, to the forgetfulness of self, to madness, but can one immortalize him and make him divine, in faith in the making him divine, and immortalizing one self along with him? Can one incorporate him in one self? Eat him altogether and feel that he lives more than ever, that he lives in us and outside of us, that he absorbs us in him, as we absorb him in us, in bringing us into communion with his vast being, and his eternal love? Alas! we feel that he is neither eternal nor vast! Why is he not God? Why, because God alone is God! and this is how the God comes to us, veiled under the appearance of bread! We see him, we touch him, we taste him, we eat him, and his eternity trembles within our mortal flesh The blood which palpitates in our heart is his Our bosom swells, it is he who breathes Ah! these Protestants with their

ment death—not, before, a part of the plan), become a wretched creature, "decently above all things, and desperately wicked" So that, on the whole, the new teaching was a more cheerful one apart from religious hopes and fears,—which do not belong to our inquiry here"—Trans

\* *i.e.* in which the bread and wine are not supposed to be *really* transmuted into Christ's flesh and blood, as is held by the Romish Church —Trans

mouthful of bread and sip of wine, truly a fine Sacra-  
ment they have there !

Faith, the poet enamoured of the ideal, smiles at a ridiculous reality, but the fanatical believer grows exasperated Reason says we should pity the Protestants. "No!" says infuriated Faith, "we must punish them! The God which I feel grow wrathful in me condemns them to hell, why should I judge them to the burning pile?" Hold miserable assassin! Dost thou then believe that God made himself man, that man might make himself a tiger? Thou believest thyself to have conceived with the infinite love, and behold thou art in labour with hate. Thou has thought to devour Heaven and behold thou vomitest Hell! Thou hast eaten the flesh of Christ not as a Christian but as a cannibal. Sacilegious communicant hold thy peace and cleanse thy mouth, for thy lips are dripping with blood.

Doubtless religion must not be held responsible for the cruelties, which the policy of barbarous ages has committed in her name. Many heretics were at the same time the agents of conspiracies and seditions. The massacre of St Bartholomew was a cruel *use de guerre*, the perfidy of which is perhaps explained by the necessity for rendering abortive a plot not less perfidious.

Thus, at any rate, did the Queen Mother and Charles the IXth endeavour to justify their action. This at least is certain that, at that period, both parties were capable of any outrage. But what could ever justify the Inquisition? "God made himself man," it may be replied, and these grand words were understood by Pius V in a terrible, and by St. Vincent de Paul in an adorable, sense. Did not God, according to the Bible, repent himself of having made man? Cruel exaggeration of human iniquity! It is assumed to have been so gigantic as to make God waver in his purpose! Man divinifies himself even in his crimes and dreams of opposition to the Eternal. The inconceivable revolt of the damned and thenceforth the cruelly powerless hate of a God, unable any more to pardon.

Well, even this is sublime in its horror, and the Catholic dogma is admirable even to its most diendful depths for those souls which realize its poetry without becoming victims of its seductions and its infatuations

*God appears to repent himself of having made man, because man from time to time repents himself of having made a God.* Divine fictions succeed each other like the ages. Jupiter dethrones Saturn and the Jesus Christ of Popes reigns in the place of Jehovah of the Jews. The Jesus of St. Dominic is still none the less the son of the cruel God of Moses, but the ferocious beasts of Daniel and the apocalypse must inevitably disappear to make room for the dove and the lamb. God will truly have made himself man, when he shall have caused men to become as good as a God ought to be \* The genius of man in developing itself in the course of ages, unrolls the genealogy of the Gods. It is in the genius of man that an eternal ancient of days begets a son that must succeed to his father, and in which proceeds from father and son, the spirit of knowledge and intelligence which shall explain the mysteries of both. The trinity, does not this issue from the very bowels of humanity? Does not man feel it to be eternal in three persons, the father, the mother and the child? In the human trinity, is not the son as ancient as the father? For the father also is a son! Is not the woman, the immaculate conception of nature and love? and this her conception is it not stainless? For the sin of love ends where maternity begins. There is a virginity in the sanctity of the mother, and since God has made himself man, that is to say, since God neither really lives for us, nor personifies himself, nor thinks, nor loves, nor speaks, save only in humanity, the ideal woman, the typical woman, *the collective woman, is truly the mother of*

\* That is to say when the Seventh Round men appear on the scene, then only shall there be a God, for the sons of man.—E O

For the *soul of men* yes, that is to say cognizable and comprehensible by limited and conditioned intellects, but this is a different thing from the assertion that there is no God, though this latter is, no doubt, the view taken by E O.—Trans

*God \** There is redemption, that is to say, solidarity amongst men ; the good suffer for the bad and the just pay the debts of the sinners.† Thus, all is true in the dogmas of religion when once we have the key to the enigma. *Catholicism is the Sphynx of modern times.* Place yourself under its talons, without guessing its riddle, and it devours you ; guess its riddle without conquering it, or only half guess it, and you are doomed like *Oedipus* to misfortune and self-imposed blindness. An intelligent Catholic ought not to leave the church, he ought to remain in it‡; wise amidst the ignorant, free amidst slaves, to enlighten the former and liberate the latter, for I once more repeat that there is no true religion outside the pale of Catholicity §

The rationale of a religion is to be irrational ! Its nature is to be supernatural. God is supersubstantial Space and the universal substance are the Infinite, God is within it for he is the knowledge, and the power of the infinite ||

\* Woman taken collectively is of course Mother of God-Humanity, but has Eliphas no other God ? No, but he has an enemy—Rome. E L was an atheist and a poet. He was also a diplomatist, he seeks to win over and not to frighten away his public.—E O

It is very questionable whether E L was an atheist, indeed it seems to me certain that he was not. His position was not, that there was no God, (an assertion involving an assumption of omniscience,) but simply that to the narrow and dim cognizance of man and even to that of far higher but still conditioned intelligences, God only manifests himself in Nature and Humanity. To say that the Infinite and Absolute is entirely outside the highest plane to which any limited and conditioned intellect can attain, and that hence we must content ourselves with dealing with the laws and manifestations of the conditioned Universe, which are more or less within our grasp or that of our perfected predecessors, is one thing, to assert that there is no power and intelligence outside the sphere of our possible cognizance, the source of these laws and manifestations, no God in fact, another, and one to which, to my mind, neither Eliphas Levi, nor any other occultist of his school, would commit himself.—Trans.

† But this is not the case in reality, though to a superficial observer it may often seem so. On the contrary, each and all inevitably pay to the last farthing their own debts (incurred in the current or previous lives) and these only, and pay them either in this or in future lives.—Trans.

‡ And that is why E L left it—for the sake of a Paradox.—E O

§ A play upon words—Catholicity means with him *Universality*.—E O

|| Our doctrine Space and Universal *Svabhavat*—Matter Force is within Manifesting under this Trinitarian form, a God, for the ignorant and the blind.—E. O.

The infinite is the inevitable absurdity which imposes itself on science. God is the paradoxical explanation of the absurdity which imposes itself on faith.

Science and faith can and ought mutually to counterbalance each other and produce equilibrium ; they can never amalgamate.

The eternal father is Jewish ; the good God is Christian ; the divinity of Jesus Christ, the pope, and the devil are Catholic ; but charity, which is Catholic and in a way pre-eminent, will suppress the devil and convert the idolators of the pope.

Original sin is Jewish, pardon is Christian, the sacraments, Catholic.

Fanaticism is of Jewish birth, good sense is Christian, simplicity and intelligence are Catholic, but pretentious folly is Protestant

Don Juan, Voltaire, the first Napoleon, Venillot, Polichinello, Pierrot and Harlequin are Catholics, but Mons. Prud'homme is Protestant, and what is worse a Freemason.

Philosophy is Atheistic or Christian, poetry is Catholic, and egotistic and mercantile jejuneness are Protestant.

This is why France is Voltairean, but still Catholic, whereas the English, the Pussians and M. \* \* \* are Protestants.

"Yes, gentlemen of the Ecclesiastical Hierarchy," said the Catholic Galileo, "the Earth is fixed, if you desire it, it is the Sun which revolves. I will say more if you demand it, I will say that the earth is flat and the Heavens made of crystal. Would to God that your skulls were of the same material so as to allow a little light to penetrate to your respected brains. You are authority, and science is bound to bow, she can afford to bow when she meets you, for it is she who remains, you who pass away. Your successors will even be forced in their turn to bow to and live in peace with her."

Rabelais, not less learned and not less a good Catholic than Galileo, wrote the following in the prologue of his fourth book of Gargantua :—

"If in my life, my writings, my speech, nay even in my thoughts, I detected the faintest glimmer of

heresy, with my own hands should the dry wood be collected and the fire kindled to burn myself on the pile."

Do you see here Rabelais, the inquisitor, burning himself, Rabelais, accused of heresy ?

This reminds one of *God, causing God to die in order to appease God*. It is inexplicable, as a mystery should be, but it is only the more essentially Catholic.

Nothing so excites the imagination as mystery, and the excited imagination electrifies and multiplies tenfold the will. The wise are called to govern the world, but it is the mad men who overturn and metamorphose it. This is why madness is considered by Eastern nations as something divine. Indeed to vulgar eyes the man of genius is a mad man. In truth, he has, perhaps, some grains of madness in him, for he almost always disregards common sense to obey the sublime sense. Moses dreams of a Promised Land and drags away into the desert a horde of herdsmen and slaves, who murmur, rebel, kill each other and die of hunger and fatigue during forty years. He will never reach Palestine, he will die, lost in the mountain, but his thought will have swept the heavens, and he will bequeath to the world a God, unique, and an universal code ; from the shade of Moses, unburied, will issue the immeasurable glory of Jehovah.

He created a people and commenced a book ; a people, bravely mean in its tenacity, at once superb and servile, a book, full of shadows and lights, of a grandeur and absurdity alike superhuman , this book and this people will withstand all force, all science, all political combinations, and all the criticisms of the nations and the revolving ages. From this book civilization will derive its worship, from this people kings will borrow their treasures, and who now will dare to judge the man of the Red Sea and Mount Horeb ? What rationalistic philosopher can think that he was wise ? But who, capable of appreciating great things, could dare to call him foolish ?

Shall we speak now of Jesus Christ ? But here we should bow before him whom half the world adores. What great hierophant, what ancient oracle could ever have foreseen this God ? What astrologer, or what

Diviner could have conceived the idea of saying to the Emperor Tiberius : "At this moment a Jew of Galilee, proscribed by his own people, denied by his friends, and condemned by one of your Prefects, is dying in agony. After his death he will dethrone the Caesars, and those who will claim to continue his incalculable dynasty will reign in Rome in your place. All the Gods of the Empire and of the entire world will fall before his image ; the instrument of his punishment will become the symbol of Salvation." What madness is Christianity if it be not superhuman ! What an awful faith, that in Jesus Christ, if he be not God !\* Can you conceive a mental disease, contagious enough to infect with delirium through a long series of centuries almost the whole of humanity ? What a deluge of blood has that abolisher of bloody sacrifices caused to flow ! What implacable hatreds, what vengeance, what wars, what tortures, what massacres, has not this promulgator of pardon excited ? But Jesus was more than a man ; he was an idea, nay more than an idea, a principle ; I am a principle that speaks, said he, speaking of himself.

*God has made himself man ; thus is proclaimed upon earth the worship of humanity Emmanuel God is in us, would say as they embraced each other the Brothers of the Rosy Cross, initiated in the mystery of the Man-God † For truly the Son of Man is at the same time the only and multiple Son of God ‡ You are one with me, said the master to his disciples, as my Father and I are one , he who hears you hears me, and he who sees me, sees my father. Triumph and miracle ! God is no longer unknown to men, because man knows man. He is no longer invisible when we see our neighbour. He is the benefactor who assists us, He is the poor man whom we assist, He*

\* " Now the Virgin returns, the golden age returns,  
" Now a new offspring is sent down from high Heaven,  
" O Chaete Lucina, favour the boy now being born,  
" The serpent will die " *Virgil's 4th Eclogue*

Virgil died Sept 22nd, 19 B. C. Was he a Prophet ?—E. O.

† " Man is God and Son of God, and there is no other God but man." (The secret pledge of the Rosicrucians).—E. O.

‡ " Humanity—son of Eternity."—E. O.

is the sick who suffers, the physician who heals. He is the sufferer who weeps and the friend who consoles. And woman,—how Christianity elevates her ! What an assumption is hers ; the woman is the mother of God since God has made himself man ! A virgin—we can love her with all our aspirations to infinity ; a mother—but it is no longer sufficient to love her, we must adore her as we adore Grace and Providence. The law of pardon on her lips, she is peace and mercy, she is nature and life, she is obedience—free, and Liberty—self-submitting. She is *all* that we should love ! Recite in her honour the Litanies of the virgin-mother ; I salute you, gate of heaven, temple of ivory, sanctuary of gold, mysterious rose, sacred vase of devotion, honourable vase, admirable vase, pyxis of love, cup of holy desires,\* star of the morning, arch of the alliance.... ....

Oh ! what cries of love do all those *martyrs, self-condemned to eternal widowhood*, raise, without comprehending them, to thee ! Oh cruel, despairing sigh of all these Tantalus,' thirsting for a draught that ever eludes them, and provoked to longings by fruits ever denied to their lips. Sublime dreamers ! they renounce woman to gain heaven, as if heaven was something without woman, and as if woman was not the queen of heaven ! “ Oh trespass of Adam, happy trespass,” sings the church in her liturgy, “ happy trespass which has deserved to have God himself as its redeemer ! Oh sin of Adam, sin truly inevitable ! ” Thus escape in the sacred chaunts the innermost secrets of the Sanctuary, but those who repeat these mysterious words fail to catch their true sense and their hearts, burning perhaps beneath the ashes, accuse themselves of a desire, as though it were a shame, and of a regret, as though it were an infidelity !

Religion then is the exaltation of the man and the assumption of the woman. Comprehension of

\* Compare these expressions taken from the litanies of the R C Church with like sexual flatteries addressed to Durga's idol (the *Yoni*) by Hindu devotees and the litanies of the Vallabacharyas to the God of Love.—E. O.

religion is the emancipation of the spirit, and the bible of the hierophants *as the bible of liberty.* To believe without knowing is weakness; *to believe, because one knows, is power.*

---

## Paradox II — LIBERTY IS OBEDIENCE TO THE LAW.

WHERE there is the spirit of God, there is Liberty, say the Holy Scriptures.

*You have the truth and the truth will make you free,* said Jesus Christ. We should escape from the bondage of the letter to the liberty of the spirit, said the great Apostle \*. Also he says, you have been bought for a great price, do not any more make yourselves slaves of men. We are the children and not the slaves of God. We are the brothers and not the slaves of Jesus Christ.

\* The Deity is semi-male (? Hermaphrodite—Trans.) in the Hebrew philosophy. The body of man is the vehicle of the three pairs of spouses, viz., the 2nd and 3rd, the 4th and 5th, and the 6th and 7th principles.

Irenaeus speaks of "Bathos and Sige, Mind and Aletheia," each of them male and female. The three pairs of principles are then treated as three only, and we have the Trinity. The Jewish kabala gives Macroprosopus his spouse, and the Microprosopus his uxor. (Liber Mysteri, I, 35, 38)

"The anointed they call, male—female," says Cyril of Jerusalem, VI xi. The SON has the Pneuma for his spouse.

When Eliphas Levi speaks of Christ and his church, he means the Monad and its vehicle, the 7th and 6th principles. The Egyptian older Hermetic books give the first Quaternation, Monotes (Proarche, Proanennoes, Mysterious and not to be named says Irenaeus) and Henotes, the power that exists in union with "the Lord Ferho, the unknown, formless, unconscious Life" of the Codex Nazareus.

This Monotes and Henotes, being the ONE, *sunt forth*, not produced, but unconsciously emanated, a BEGINNING, as they call it (arche,) before all things Intelligible, Unborn and Invisible, which archa is the MONAD (from the ONE).

In the West the religious philosophy of the Magi was first made famous under the name of Oriental Wisdom. Simon Magus teaches

The law was made for man and not man for the law said, again, the Divine Master. Liberty is the goal of man's existence; it is in this alone that his right and his duty can be reconciled; in this consists his personality and autonomy, and this alone can render him capable and worthy of Immortality.

*To free ourselves from the slavery of the Passions, from the tyranny of Prejudices, from the errors of Ignorance, the pains of Fear, and the anxieties of Desire,* this is the Work of Life.

It is a question of being, or not being. The free man is alone a man, slaves are but animals or children.

St. Augustine sums up the whole law in this fine saying : " Love, and do, that which you wish."

The free man can wish nothing but what is good, for all wicked men are slaves.

Following the spirit of our (*Catholic*) symbols, the freedom of man is God's great work, for thus he permits a Hell to be hollowed out, and the hideous shadow of the Demon to be raised even to Heaven. It is for this that to the more than regal quietude of Divinity he prefers the sufferings of the accursed Humanity. God aspires to the cross of the malefactor and wills, so as not to be a despot abusing Omnipotence, to conquer, by suffering, the right to pardon

---

the doctrine of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit (*female*), and says that this Trinity had appeared amongst the Jews as Son, amongst the Samaritans as Father, and to other nations as the Holy Spirit. The Christian Trinity was bodily taken from the Kabalistic Nazarenes, who existed ages before the Western Christ, and to whom Jesu (the Jesus of Lud, 130 B C ?) belonged during the period of Alexander Jannaeus<sup>(a)</sup>

" Life has built the house (body) in which you now stay, and the seven planets who dwell in it shall not ascend all into the land of Light.—" *Codex Naz*, II, 35

" Yes ! the Chaldeans call the God IAO, SABAOOTH, he who is over the SEVEN Orbits (circles)—the Demiurg—" *Iodus ac Mens*, IV, 68, 74. The seven orbits are the seven principles, the three couples with the house of flesh

" Beam of the sun that hath shone the fairest light of all before the Seven-gated Thebes, thou has at length gleamed forth, O eye of golden Day—" *Sophocles-Antigone*—E. O.

<sup>(a)</sup> Alexander Jannaeus is generally reckoned as reigning from 108 or 104 B. C. to 79 B. C.—Trans.

\* But adds in so many words " Provided that you do nothing contrary to the commandments of the Church."—E. O.

rebellion. The woman has been audacious, she has desired to know ; the man has been sublime, he has dared to love ; and God, who while admiring strikes them, seems to have become jealous of the patience of his children.

All this is a revelation, poetic and esoteric ; all this has occurred in the Human mind and in the Human heart. Man feels his high dignity when he wills to be free ; the eternal vulture may tear the liver of Prometheus, but the courage of the great sufferer is reborn and grows ever with his daring. Jupiter avenges himself, but fears, and he will dethrone Jupiter and prove himself more a God than him, who will give his whole heart's blood to heal the wounds of Prometheus, and will come to suffer in his place.

Emancipation, Liberty, this is the final word of the Symbols. Jesus descended to Hell to kill the slavery of Death, and in ascending towards the light he dragged after him captivity, captive

One day, Death alone will be dead, Curses alone will be accursed, and Damnation alone damned, and the Spirit of Light which desires that all men should be saved, all arrive at a knowledge of the truth, God—who after having made all human beings *en masse* responsible for the fault of a single one, may well pardon all on account of the merits of one—God will cause good to triumph and evil will be destroyed.

The time will come when it will be realized that there is no true Liberty without Religion, no true Religion without Liberty, but at present Religion and Liberty seem mutually to exclude and battle against each other. Like Religion, Liberty has her martyrs, and Liberty will deny authority so long as the church denies the rights of Liberty.

"Ought we to concede to men the liberty of conscience?" asked our Doctors, and Rome decided in the negative, but that simply means that the church does not renounce the direction of those who listen to her.

Liberty is not given, she is seized, or rather Nature gives her to us by the help of science, to ask whether one should allow to men, true men, the Liberty of conscience, is as if one asked whether we should allow

them a head and a heart. Did not Galileo, even after he had withdrawn his learned, demonstrations, know that the earth revolved? Will civilization turn backwards, because there is a syllabus? Should the Pope forbid us to proceed? Let us salute the Pope and move on always. If the Holy Father wishes to make us hear him, he must e'en move on in his turn; it is full time for the shepherd to rise when his flock goes off. Hold! some one will say, your position as a Catholic does not permit you to speak thus.

If legitimate authority imposes silence on me I hold my tongue, *but* the earth revolves!

Conscience is inviolable, for it is divine, and it is in truth that which is essentially and absolutely free in man. For outside the conscience where can one find an absolute realization of that ideal—Liberty?

From his cradle man is subjected to tyrannical necessities, and, like it or no, as he may, he must bear throughout his life that chain of obligations which society and nature emulate each other in imposing on him. Truth and Justice are austere mistresses, and Love is a despot, often cruel. For him who is not rich come the necessities of existence, there is no alternative between the yoke of labour and the work pillar\* of misery. Those who are called the masters and the happy ones of the world have other enemies and other chains; so true is this that Alexander the Great, almost envied the cynical half-madness and indifference of Diogenes, but Diogenes and Alexander were the two extremes of paradoxical vanity, they were both the slaves of their Pride, and were not free men.

Liberty is the full enjoyment of all those rights which do not connote a duty. It is by the accomplishment of duty that rights are acquired and preserved. Man has the right to do his duty because he is bound to preserve his rights. Self-devotion is only a sublimation of duty, and it is the most sublime of all rights. A man may devote himself to another,

---

\* "Ergastule." I never before met the word in French but I take it to be derived from *εργαστυλος* the pillar to which a recusant slave was chained to work, also the beams to which slaves in galleys were chained to row.—*Trans.*

but that is not being his slave, he may pawn his liberty, but he cannot alienate it without a species of mortal suicide. A man may devote his life to the triumph of an idea, but always reserving the right of mental expansion and to a devotion to a wiser object. *A perpetual vow is an affirmation of the Absolute in the Relative, of Knowledge in Ignorance, of the Immutable in the Transitory, of contradiction in all things.* It is, therefore, an engagement, null and void, because it is rash and absurd and to repeat (and withdraw from it) when one realizes its madness, is not merely a right, but a duty.

It is true that the Church, whose decisions in matters of Faith ought to be respected by all Catholics, approves perpetual vows, but this is solely when they are the result of a supernatural grace.\* Such vows are void before nature, but in the supernatural order they are sacred and inviolable.†

Marriage also is a perpetual engagement that nature does not always ratify. Thence follow alike the just but useless severities of morality and the deterioration of manners. Thence follow in perpetual contrast the tears and blood of the conjugal tragedy, and the inexhaustible merriment of tales and comedy. Moses is terrible when he descends from Mount Sinai with horns, but why had he horns? Because he was a married man,‡ will perhaps reply some unblushing Gaul, and because he had absented himself for forty nights from the conjugal couch! The old joke spares nothing.

The two greatest free-thinkers the world has known were Rabelais and Lafontaine, those two past Masters in wit and humor.§ Both of them, moreover, good

\* Or of a determined desire to obtain a supernatural power. To command nature it is necessary to be positive. She has no obedience for mixed magnetisms —E. O.

† True —E. O.

‡ Behold a Frenchman! cynical and witty, even in the midst of the arduous discussion of esoteric philosophy. France has had several renowned Alchemists, she never had one *true Adept* —E. O.

§ It is impossible to translate adequately the original word “gauloiserie,” with its double meaning and wide reaching significations. It is what Humpty Dumpty would have called a “portmanteau word” —Trans.

Catholics and free from any suspicion of heresy. Rabelais had taken religious vows and had the cleverness to make himself tolerated by the Pope. Lafontaine was married, and did not live with his wife ; but what magicians of style ! what apostles of the pure frank Truth ! The work of Rabelais is the Bible of good sense and infallible gnacity ; that of Lafontaine is the Evangel of Nature. Rabelais used to say mass, and if Lafontaine had lived in his time he doubtless would not have failed to assist in this by reading the prophecies of Baruels.

*One ought to do what one likes, when one likes what one ought.* This is the Law of Liberty ! In other words, every man has the right to do his duty, but the first duty of man is set forth in the first commandment of the Decalogue.

Thou shalt worship one God only, and him only shalt thou obey \*

And Jesus amplifying this precept, to the point of giving his explanation a paradoxical character, did not hesitate to add : " You shall call no one in this world master or father ; one only is your father, your master, and that is God." †

And St. John, the intimate confidant of the thoughts of Jesus, tells us that God is the Word, or Reason, " and the Word was God."

Therefore we have and we ought to have for master only Reason or the Word which speaks.

" For the Word," adds St. John, " is the true light which illuminates every man who comes into the world."

Jesus Christ said of himself : " I am the principle that speaks "‡

And every man who speaks in accordance with Reason can say, I am Reason. And one ought to do, and avoid what it prescribes, for the Will of Reason prevails over the Caprice of man. Caprice is

\* In the Massoretic Kabala, the *points* read " One God, only—the TRUTH,—and her only shalt thou obey." Having so much of the Jesuit in him, E. L could never become an adept —M. O.

† God, or *Good*—E. O.

‡ In this and many other cases, the *wording* of the authorised English version differs. But the *sense* is generally the same.—*Trans*

the choice of amusements. One may pick and choose where amusements are concerned, but not in the case of duty that imposes itself on us, and we are compelled to accept and do it.

Duty crushes him who seeks to avoid it, but bears onward with love him who accomplishes it.

To will what we ought, that is to will what God\* wills. And when the will of man is the same as the divine will,† it becomes omnipotent.

Then it is that the miracles of Faith are accomplished; then may we command the mountains to be moved, and the fruit trees to transplant themselves into the sea—words of our Saviour which are not to be taken in their literal sense.

The Word of Reason is efficacious, because it wills the end, and determines the means

It is certain that neither the mountains nor the trees will remove themselves of their own accord.

The Force manipulates the Matter, and the Thought directs the Force

Faith avails itself of Knowledge, and Knowledge directs Faith.

God himself can do nothing in opposition to Reason, which is the Law of Justice, because Justice, Law and Reason are God himself.

God does not arrest the sun and moon, to allow Joshua to slay certain Canaanites, and the announcement of such a miracle can only be a hyperbolical figure of speech of Oriental poetry.

God does not reject a people after having chosen it, and he does not change his religion after having given it as eternal.

Arbitrary commands, favours, privileges, wrath, repudiation, pardon, belong only to the weakness of man.

But to make children gradually understand Reason, it is needful sometimes to throw over it an appearance of folly. \*

Childhood is naturally foolish; it must have its absurd stories and its sensational toys. It must have its automatic dolls, its animals moving by mechanism.

\* Or what Truth and Duty will.—E. O

† Will—the Akasic Force.—E. O.

It is true that it will very soon break these to see what is inside them.

And thus Humanity breaks one after the other all its childish Religions

The true Religion is the eternal Religion.

The true Piety is the Piety that is independart. The true Faith, is the absolute Faith which explains all Symbols and moves above all Dogmas. The true God is the God of Reason, and his true worship is Love and Liberty.

The Christians were right in breaking the idols, because men insisted on forcing *them* to adore these. The Protestants were right in trampling under foot, and burning the images of the Saints, because to compel them to worship these, men burnt the Protestants themselves.

Nevertheless what more Divine than the great works of Phidias and the Virgins of Raphael ?

The worship of images, is it not the worship of Art, and was not the beautiful Religion of the Greeks one of the most graceful and splendid forms of the Universal Religion ?

I adore truly the Divine Majesty before the Jupiter of Phidias, Immortal Beauty in the Venus of Milo, the Divinity of Man in the Christ of Michael Angelo, the Dream of Heaven in the Paradise of Fra Angelico.

But if to compel me to the worship of one or other of these, you show me scaffolds or blazing piles . . I would despise the executioner and turn my back on the idol !

Oh Madness of Human Tyranny !

In France, in the very country whose name even signifies Liberty, they raised scaffolds before the idol of Liberty herself.

Yet Robespierre and Marat cursed the Inquisitors as the Inquisitors had cursed Nero and Diocletian, and Marat and Robespierre have been cursed in their turn by later assassins, and Liberty still remains a gory Paradox, an Idol demanding sacrifices.

To this day the world has continued a great mad-house. Numbers have seized one, saying to him, Worship my slipper, or I burn you !

If the man who fell into their claws was cunning, he made believe to worship the slipper, and perhaps in so doing was neither a hypocrite nor an idolater,\* but *their* victim is a guileless fellow, who takes the thong, in sad earnest, resists them and becomes a Martyr !

The lassitude that succeeds to debauchery, drives men to the madness of suicide, and the orgies of the Decadence were bound to end fatally in the epidemic of Martyrdom. Young girls in those days skipped to the burning pile as to a dance; infatuated mothers dragged their infants to the massacre. Executioners, tired of slaying, flung down their axes and begged for death. Take off your neck-ruffs, wrote Tertullian to the Christian women, and make room for the sabre of the executioners. Children played at Martyrdom, and one was seen red-heating fragments of iron to place upon his hand. The Roman cruelty provoked a reaction and the taste for torture as an exhibition created a desire to experience it as a new sensation.

Polenotus and Nearchus, interrupting a religious ceremony and overthrowing the altars of the Fatherland before a horrified people, do they seem to have acted as reasonable beings? What then? Did not St Paul premise the folly of the cross? And Jesus himself did he not make a disturbance in the Temple of Jerusalem? He was God, you will tell me. So be it, but humanly speaking his conduct was extremely irregular and very imprudent, and you would agree with me on this point . . . if, you dated.

Is it lawful under the pretext that one is a God to be less prudent than a wise man? This is what one has, if not the right, at least the inclination to enquire; at least if one accepted the Gospels as history. But they are more than this, they are precepts and symbols. God disapproves of commerce in Holy things; he will not have traffic in his Temple, and the sellers deserve to be driven thence with blows of scourges, their shops should be overthrown, their money trampled under foot. This is all that the

\* Only a worthy son of Loyola!—E. O.

Legend (or if you will the Holy Evangel) of the sellers driven from the Temple signifies ; here I bow and hold my peace.\*

All is beautiful in our Religion when one knows how to understand it. All our Religion is true, and I would even dare to say that every Religion is true, apart from omissions, transpositions, wrong meanings, rash conjectures, additions, imaginings and misunderstandings.

This is what the free-thinkers must at last realize if they do not desire to be for ever battling against one of the most energetic forces of Human Nature, the invincible want to believe in, and adore something in the Infinite, and to have Faith in a Humanity greater in some respect than nature, so as to rise ever towards this, and to become purer in it, in order to conquer and to reign by it.

Voltaire did not desire to destroy Religion, but he wished to reduce it to a pure Deism. His motto was : '*God and Liberty*' He, who fancied himself a Poet, and yet understood nothing of the great Epic Poem of the Symbols, which starts from blind† Forces to arrive at Intelligence and Liberty, stamps on suns, the sacred fire of Zoroaster, allows its robbery by Prometheus in defiance of the bolts of Jove, adores the force which it enchains at the feet of Beauty, traverses the splendid and almost infinite domain of glorious dreams, and finally accomplishes its synthesis in the reality of Man.

God is no longer the giant, invisible, fantastic, solitary, hidden in the unfathomable depths of Heaven. He is amongst us, he is in us, he has been born of the Woman, he is a babe whose new born cries we hear, a youth who thinks and loves, an outlaw who struggles and

\* Instead of canonizing, the Church of Rome unfrocked and persecuted to his death poor Eliphas, the Abbé Louis Constant. "It is dangerous to leave things half undone," confessed the man when dying —E O

† In the original "*forces fatales*," by which I take it he means not merely "fatal forces," but the blind, unintelligent forces of the universe, that work on, slaves to the inherent laws of their being, and irresistible tyrants to all who have not pierced their secret.—*Trans.*

suffers, a free-thinker who protests, a reformer who drives out the buyers and sellers from the Holy Place, one accursed who blesses, and rises from the dead, the pure Man who pardons the adulterous Woman, the physician who heals, but also the sick man who hopes, the paralytic who arises and walks, the blind who opens his eyes. The others are me, said the Saviour, and he who sees me, sees also my Father ; all that is done to the least of these is done to me, and God is in me, as I am in Him. Does he speak only of the chosen people of the blessed race of Abraham ? No ! for he blesses equally the good Samaritan, the Centurion, the woman of Canaan, and the immense herd of nations whom he hopes to gather into one fold. So he who gives bread to the poor, gives bread to God , he who consoles a sufferer, consoles God , he who blesses an infidel, blesses God , he who injures one man, injures God , he who curses one man, curses God , he who slays one man, commits Deicide.

What would Jesus have thought of the pitiless Priest and Levite excommunicating and condemning to death the good Samaritan as a schismatic, and the wounded man of Jericho for having received with gratitude the help and care of an infidel ? What must his judgment be on those Inquisitors who have imprisoned, tortured, and burnt God alive ? But the God of these men was the Devil, and their Religion was that of Anti-Christ. Man has no right to kill man, except in self-defence \* The execution of a criminal is a misfortune of war in a Society which is not yet Christian, but the executed one who accepts the

\* And not even then, for where would be the difference between the two ?—E. O. The difference would be that the one seeks to kill, in violation of his neighbour's right to live, aggressively, and not in defence of his own inherent right, whilst the other if he does also infringe his neighbour's right to kill, does so only defensively in vindication of his own inherent right to live. There is a broad distinction between the two cases that no sophistry can level ; both may be wrong, but even so (a moot point with the highest moralists of all ages) there is a vast difference in the degree of criminality in the two cases. E O condemns suicide unconditionally and rightly so, but to allow a man to kill you, when you can prevent this by killing him, is, it seems to me, suicide to all intents and purposes.—Trans.

expiation is the Father of the good thief dying on the cross with the Saviour, and we must see in him, God severing himself from the brute. Crime is not a human act, but sacrifice is Divine when it is voluntary. *Homo sum humani a me nihil alienum puto.* I am a man, and nothing human can be foreign to me. This is what God has said to the world in the Spirit of the Christian Revelation.

*Let us seek God in Nature, let us worship him in Spirit, and in Truth, let us love and serve him in Humanity. That is Religion, eternal and definitive\**

And when the chief of the Human Family have entered on this path, we shall be able to say with Voltaire : "God is Liberty," for man will understand God, and will deserve to be free.

### Paradox III.—LOVE IS THE REALIZATION OF THE IMPOSSIBLE.

Love is the Omnipotence of the Ideal. By the Ideal the soul is exalted, it becomes greater than Nature, more living than the world, loftier than Science, more immortal than Life.

When Jesus Christ said : Love God with all your heart and your neighbour as yourself, this is the Law and the Prophets, he intended to signify. Love, Love, above everything, for God is infinite Love; further love your neighbour as yourself, that is to say love yourself in your neighbour.

Egoism if properly ordered commences with others †

To love is to live, to love is to know, to love is to be able, to love is to pray, to love is to be the Man-God.

\* Only whatever we do let us call things by their right names,  
"Pas de demi-véroniques"—E O

† In other words Altruism is the highest form of Egoism.—Trans.

The woman dared to ruin herself, in order to pluck Divinity and offer it to Man, and Man, who had no thirst for Divinity, for he had Woman, the Man took it as a simple thing to follow his companion to death.

There commenced the incarnation of God. Eve compelled God to make himself man, for she had become a mother.

\* \* \* \* \*

Death and Hell had reared themselves terrible with eternal menace, and one instant of Love had vanquished them.

Love is stronger than Death, says the Song of Songs. It is more insurmountable than Hell. Love is the Eternal Fire, and there is no Deluge which can extinguish this.

Give for a little Love, all that you have, all that you hope for, all you value, and all you are. Your blood, your heart, your life and your soul, and you will have purchased it for—nothing!

He who would save his soul from Love shall lose his soul, and he who would lose his soul for Love, shall save it.

Many sins shall be forgiven to the heart that has loved much, it is Jesus Christ himself who said it.

And he had as a companion and friend the Magdalene, and he asked for water to drink from the woman of Samaria, a sinner, and he pardoned the woman taken in adultery, and he said that loose women would enter into Heaven before Pharisees and Doctors of the Law, because the errors of Love are more excusable than those of Pride, because it is better even to love wrongly, than not to love at all.

In Absolute Morality, Good is Love; Evil is Hate. Love must be loved and only Hate hated. One single word of Hate, say the Gospels, deserves Hell, and consequently one word of Love merits Heaven twice over, for Love rewards even more liberally than Hate punishes.

But is not Love itself its own reward? He who loves has he not found the key of Heaven?

To St. Theresa, the ideal of hell was the impossibility of loving, and this seemed to her so dreadful

that she pitied Satan. The unhappy one, she used to say, he can no longer love

The woman pitied the Demon, what a reform of Christianity !

When the world shall have learnt to love, the world will be saved.\*

The man who knows how to love, attracts to himself all souls.

To covet is not to love. To exact is not to love. To enslave is not to love.

Jealousy is the egoism which assumes the masque of love.

Excessive desire produces disgust, exactiveness merits denial.

Tyranny excites rebellion in the strong and treachery in the weak.

Jealousy is odious and ridiculous. To hate the heart that no longer loves us, is it not to punish it for having loved us ?

Jealous fury is furious ingratitude.

But there is a sublime jealousy, which is but the zeal of love, and which for the honour of Love itself despises the honour of the beloved. For the beloved is ever the supreme Ideal of the Soul, it is the mirage of the Absolute.

Likings and passing fancies are not Love.

True Love is the apprehension of God in man ; it is the essence of religion, of honour, of friendship and of marriage.

Not only is Love immortal, but it is Love which makes the soul immortal. It ages not, neither does it change. Hearts may turn away from it as the earth turns away from the sun when she would sleep, and it is then that the coldness of night seems to fall upon the soul.

\* That is to say when love of self shall have given place to love of neighbour and of *all* neighbours —E O

There is a terrible apparent confusion in many passages of this discourse between that love which is of the spirit, and that which is of the flesh, the Divine and earthly, the love which is animal egoism, and that which is the highest form of altruism. But it is more apparent than real as will be seen later on —Trans.

In the physical plane Love is the principle of life : in the spiritual or metaphysical plane, it is the principle of Immortality.

Re-ascending to the origin of all things and diffusing itself thence over all beings, it is called Piety, Charity, and Goodness ; when it compels respect for duty it is called Honour . it is the mainspring of Human Individuality.

Manifestly it is immortal, for it yields nothing to Death , it braves him, despises him and often makes of him a blessing and a glory , what is a martyr but a witness who affirms the Life Eternal despite tortures and death ?

Love affirms itself absolutely ; where Love is, there Fear is not. It imposes its own conditions on life, and cannot be conditioned by her

Love must be free in man in Nature it is the child of Destiny \* Like the magnet, it has two forces ; it attracts and repels, it creates and it destroys. It is the brother of Death, but it is the elder brother It is the God of whom Death is the priest, the God who brightens Death with his beauty, while Death glorifies him by eternal sacrifices.

It has a shadow that men call Hate, and this shadow is needed to show forth its splendour.

Beauty is its smile, happiness its joy, deformity its sorrow, and pain its proof.

War is its fierce fever , the Passions its diseases ; Wisdom its triumph and repose

It is blind, but it carries a torch ; it is Lucifer, Angel and Demon, it is Damnation and Salvation.

It is Eros equilibrated by Anteros ; it is St. Michael standing on Satan as a pedestal.

The grand arcanum of Magic is the mystery of Love.

Love causes Angels to die and immortalizes Demons.

It changes into women the Sylphs, Ondines and Gnomids, and draws the elementaries† down to earth.

\* Here again I can find no translation for the word "*fatal*" which, as contrasted with "*libre*," means the result of fate , a thing that takes place without the option of intelligence—a blind result of blind unintelgent, irresistible forces —Trans.

† *Eggregons*, in the original.—Trans.

Love has promised Pandora to Prometheus; it is for Pandora that the heart of Prometheus ceaselessly re-grows beneath the vulture's talons, and for Prometheus that Pandora still guards Hope.

Heaven is a song of Love fulfilled, Hell a roar of Love deceived; but as has said a great Poet, the shadows of Hell are visible darknesses, since there is always some light in the night.

If Hell had not a valid cause of existence in Love it would be the crime of God.

Hell is the laboratory of Redemption, and it is eternal, so that the work of reparation may be eternal, for God has always been and always will be, what he is.

Eternal suffering is the cry of the eternal bringing forth.

At the foot of the Saviour's cross, in evangelical representations, appear two women. One stands erect and veiled, motionless and pale as a statue in the majesty of her grief, this, the Virgin without stain, the mother who conceived without sin. The other, prostrate and wailing, her hair and garments in wild disorder, her eyes red with weeping, her bosom heaving with sobs - this is the sinner, Mary Magdalen, reprobated by the world, blessed by him who dies.

On either side of Christ two men writhed in agony, two malefactors - the one repentant, the other hardened.

To the one Jesus said, I pardon thee, but to the other he did not say, I condemn thee, but he suffered in silence with him and for him.

Irrevocable damnation is the eternal reprobation of Hate, the irremediable suffering of the being who will never love.

Involuntary Love is not a sentiment peculiarly human; it is the universal instinct of all Nature.

The animal makes no choice of allurements; man alone holds in his hand this golden apple destined by Heaven for the most beautiful. Would he be wise, he will choose Minerva; would he have power, Juno will be his choice; but if the gratification of the senses suffice him, it will be to Venus that he will offer the apple.

This did the poltroon Paris. Agamemnon would have chosen Juno, and was assassinated by Clytemnestra.

Ulysses admired only Minerva, so had he Penelope as spouse, so triumphed he over the Sirens, over Calypso and Circe, escaped from Polyphemus and Neptune, trampled beneath his feet his enemies and rivals, and thus reconquered his nuptial couch and his throne.

The poems of Homer are divine teachings, whose characters are types. Agamemnon and the two Ajax's are the triple pride of Power, of Valour and of Rebellion. Achilles is Wrath, Paris is Pleasure, Nestor is the Experience that speaks, Ulysses is the Intelligence that acts. His labours are the trials of the initiation, corresponding with those of Hercules, but Hercules succumbed to a fatal Love, and died the victim of Dejanara. Ulysses enjoys possession of Calypso, and Circe without allowing them to possess him, he loves what he ought, and what he wills to love, his country is his spouse, and this single-hearted love bears him victorious through all.

Love is the greatest power of man, when it is not the most unworthy weakness. He is weak if an egotist, he is strong if he is self-devoted. Hercules buys at the feet of Omphale the voluptuous joys of which he is the slave. With his eyes, his honour, and his liberty, Sampson pays for the treacherous kisses of Delilah; Orpheus must not glance at Eurydice if he would tear her from the grasp of Hell; conquered by the thirst for that beauty which he yearns to look upon once more, he turns, and all is over—never will he look on her again.

It is, that the true Love binds himself not to the beauty which passes away, beauty for him is eternal, and can escape him never, since he is strong enough to create her. The sage loves not a woman because she is beautiful; he holds her beautiful because he loves her, and because he has good reason to love her.

Animal love is of evil omen. Human love is a providence. Ulysses in the arms of Calypso and Circe was not unfaithful to Penelope, because his only thought was how to escape from them to rejoin his wife; he sinned only against the delicacies of love, and he will be punished for it by the son of Circe. The grain of illegitimate children is the seed of parricides.

When there is not the faith, or at least illusion and the desire of eternity, sexual love is a glutting of animality or a fantasy of debauch. Lechery is a desecration of love that nature punishes and wounded love avenges. Sooner or later Don Juan must meet the terrible statue of the commander. But can, we always preserve ourselves from this ill-omened love? Can we irrevocably devote the heart to love the free and the legitimate?

We can, by knowledge and by will, when we *know* what we ought to will, then we love what we ought to love.

---

#### **Paradox IV.—KNOWLEDGE IS THE IGNORANCE OR NEGATION OF EVIL.**

"FATHER, forgive them, for they know not what they do," said Christ, in praying for his executioners.

Thus speaking he was pleading the cause of all Humanity. All men deceive themselves because "they know not," and no man knows *what* he does when he does evil. How could a rational being with a perfect discernment do evil?\* Does any one voluntarily take poisons for perfumes, gall for honey, hemlock for parsley, or arsenic for salt?

Ignorance is the cause of all errors, of all crimes and of all the evils that torment the Human Race.

It was ignorance that invented capricious and angry Gods; it was this that foisted on God the worst passions of man; it was this that constructed out of the intelligent principle of things a personality, distinct, defined and infinite, thus confounding together the

---

\* They may be rare, but occultism knows and the world feels the malice of such unhappy beings.—*Trans.*

most contradictory conceptions; for the moment a personality becomes defined and distinct, it ceases to be possible to conceive it as infinite.

It is through Ignorance that men have insisted on constraining each other now to submit to a Faith without Reason, now to lean upon Reason without Faith, mutually persecuting each other, to recoil in turn to the two poles of Folly.

It is through Ignorance of the Laws of Nature that men have believed in the sun being arrested in its course, in asses speaking, in the jaw bones of an ass transforming themselves into fountains, and in a whole world of absurdities and chimeras.

It is Ignorance that makes Trimalcyon burst at table, and St Anthony go mad in the desert, man ever craving to plunge into vices or scale the heights to virtues disproportioned to his being.

It is through Ignorance that Tiberius, at Caprea, inflicted on himself sensual gratifications more horrible than tortures, and felt himself die a thousand times daily in the disgust of his power, and the agony of his pleasures.

The Ignorant have poisoned Socrates, crucified Jesus Christ, tortured the martyrs, burnt the heretics, massacred the priests, have overthrown and re-erected alternately the most monstrous idols, have preached, some tyranny, others license, have denied, some all authority, others liberty, and all have ignored Reason, Truth and Justice.

It is through Ignorance that a man is proud since he then fancies to make himself honoured by rendering himself ridiculous and contemptible.

It is through Ignorance that a man is avaricious since he thus makes *himself* the slave of what is made to serve us. It is through Ignorance that a man becomes a debauchee, since he thus makes a *deadly* abuse of what should relate to and propagate *Life*.

Through Ignorance men mutually hate in lieu of loving, isolate themselves instead of helping one the other, separate instead of associating, corrupt instead of improving each other, destroy in place of preserving, and weaken themselves in egoism in lieu of strengthening themselves in universal charity.

Man naturally seeks that which he believes to be good, and if he almost always deceives himself, foolishly and cruelly, it is that he does not *know*. The Despots of the old world did not know that the abuse of Power involves the fall of Power, and that in digging the earth to hide their victims they were digging their own graves. The Revolutionists of all times have not known that anarchy being the conflict of Lusts and the fatal reign of Violence, substitutes might for right, and paves the way ever for the rule of the most audaciously criminal.

The Inquisitors did not know that in the name of the Church they were burning Jesus Christ, that in the name of the Holy Office they were burning the Gospel, and that the ashes of their Auto-da-fés would brand indelibly on their foreheads the mark of Cain.

Voltane, in preaching God and Liberty, did not know that in the narrow minds of the vulgar Liberty destroyed God; he did not know that in the dark foundations of symbols hides a light sublime, that the Bible is a Babel on the summit of which rests the Holy Ark, and he never thought he was preparing the materials for the impious farces of Chauvinette and the paradoxes of Proudhon.

Rousseau did not know that amongst the bastard children of his proud and fretful genius, he would have one day to reckon Robespierre and Marat.

Paschal but ill knew mathematics since he believed in the Jansenists. When the exactitude of proportions and equilibrium demonstrated to him justness everywhere in the Universe, how could this inconsistent Geometer suppose injustice in God?

If the Monks of the Middle Ages had known Physiology and Medicine, they would have known that solitude drives men mad, that night-watches inflame the blood, that fasts deprive the brain of blood, and compulsory celibacy provokes unnatural pliencies.\*

If Bossuet and Newton had known the kabala,

\* Nothing of the kind, when the Spirit is naturally stronger than and has mastered Flesh at the start. Besides, there is the will! But with the Spirit half slumbering and the Will but half awake, it is folly to try it at all.—E. O.

they would not have explained the Apocalypse without understanding it

If Napoleon III had known mathematics he would not have attacked Prussia.

No man knowingly deceives himself, and he who flies from Truth, does not know what Truth is

Each one yields to what attracts him most strongly, and the predominance of attraction depends on knowledge

- To live is to suffer ; to know *how* to live is to be happy.

- To love is to obey ; to know *how* to love is to rule.

- To speak is to make a noise , to know *how* to speak is to make melody.

- To seek is to torment one-self ; to know *how* to seek is to find.

- To use is often to abuse ; to know *how* to use is to enjoy

- To practise magic is to be a quack , to know magic is to be a sage.

- To believe without knowing is to be a fool ; to know without believing is to be a mad man ; true knowledge brings with it faith \**

The man who knows has no longer cause to doubt ; when the Spirit no longer doubts, the will ceases to hesitate and the man attains to what he wills.

To this question "Why has God created us?" Catholicism replies, "To love, know, and serve him and thus merit eternal Life."

Let us say the same thing in simpler words. We are in the world to love , when we love, we love God, because God only manifests himself to us in Nature, and in Man.

We are in the world to learn, that is to say to know : to learn everything is to know God more and more. The true Theology is the Universal Science.

We are in the world to serve Humanity, which is serving God,† by consecrating to it our free activity.

\* A great Paradox, but also a great truth, when rightly understood —E O

† What a ridiculous supernumerary, such a God before the Jury of Sense and Logic. Nevertheless some of the most sensible men

Thus shall we march on in the Eternal Progress

No one *earns* Eternal Life by his merits ; this imposes *itself* on us, and if we do not know how to enjoy it we still have to accept it

Knowledge is the first power of the intelligent Universe. God is the master of infinite knowledge . He who knows is naturally the master of him who knows not. It is necessary to know, in order to be. He who does not know how to be rich, *is* not rich ; he who does not know how to be good, *is* not good, Knowledge is proportional to being, and in philosophy, as Kant remarked, being is identical with knowing

Knowledge alone confers a right of property. We interdict those who do not know how to use their wealth. Abuse springs from an ignorance, more or less voluntary, of how to use He who knows how to acquire and preserve, has the right to use , no one has the right to abuse.

As a guarantee of the rights of the individual, property is sacred, for it is the expression of the right to labour and constitutes the power to give and to lend which is the dignity of man ; but it is limited by social duty, *each one owing himself to all, and all to each*, in the degrees prescribed by Order, Justice and Law.

To ignore this is to become liable to accept as a Truth Proudhon's paradox, "*La propriété c'est le vol.*" Ignorance is the mother of all Revolutions, because she is the cause of all injustice.

When a man *knows*, he is master of all who do not know ; Study is the ladder of merit and of power. First amongst necessary studies is the study of one-

loathe the idea of parting with this fiction —E. O. Amongst our Fiji fellow subjects, the ships, the judges, the governors and other manifestations of our good Queen are received with respect and love , in her name justice is done between man and man, her name protects all from the assaults of foreign nations , she is only known to them by pictures (more or less fancy portraits) or by the effects accomplished by and in her name, and these Fijians can only serve her by good citizenship, dealing fairly and uprightly with their fellow subjects Truly a ridiculous supernumerary\* is the actual Queen Victoria ! and yet some of the most sensible Fijians would loathe to part with this fiction, nay—would think a man overhasty who denounced her as a myth.—Trans.

*self*; then comes the study of the exact sciences,\* then of Nature, then of History. It is from these preparatory studies that are to be gathered the elements of Philosophy which must be perfected by the Science of Religions.

A Mage could not be ignorant; magic signifies majority, and majority signifies emancipation by knowledge.

The Latin word *magister*, which means master, is derived, as well as the word *magistrate*, from the words Magic and Mage.

*Magis* signifies more, *major*, more great—in a word magic implies superiority.

It is for this reason that the Christian legend of the Epiphany confounds the Magi (or Mages) with the kings and brings them to the manger of the Saviour of men, guided by the mysterious star of Solomon †

Jesus in his cradle is saluted Prince of the Magi, and they offer him incense of Saba, gold of Ophir and myrrh of Memphis. Because he comes to consecrate anew the fire of Zoroaster, to renovate the symbolic treasures of Hiram, and bind up once more the mutilated form of Osiris with the fillets of Hermes.

The Magi, guided by the star of Sabaism, came to honour the infancy of the Christian initiation, then to elude the violence of Herod they returned homewards by another road. What is that road? It is that of occultism. The powers of this world ignore it, but it is known to the initiated Johannites, Adoniramites, Illuminati and Rosicrucians ‡

We must know, to will with reason. When we will with reason, it is our right and duty to dare, but when we are not sheltered from perverse and senseless attacks, we must keep silence as to what we dare.

\* i.e., *Occult Sciences* —E. O.

† In one of the secret books of Merop—a book antedating Christianity, three Magi are shown as seeking the lost wisdom of Zoroaster in order to save mankind from *maya*,—ignorance. A star appears, a six-pointed star, and leads them to the cave where Zaratushta's Book of Wisdom is buried —E. O.

‡ And other important sects, associations and fraternities, whose names, even, have never been divulged to the world —Trans.

We may, but ought not, always to assert what we know ; we ought to be free and avow what we believe, but the Christ did not advise this when he said "cast not your pearls before swine, lest they turn on you and rend you."

Occult science has, therefore, a reason for its secrecy, and that reason is declared, and as it were sanctioned by an authority at once human and divine

Did Jesus himself follow his own precept ? The pearls of his doctrine, were they not trampled under foot by the obscene brutes who devoured him, and even still devour him ? We shall not answer that question, but at the risk of our repose, of our reputation, and even if needs be our life, we have ever striven, still strive and shall strive to the end, to rescue from the swine's trough the pearls of the Holy Gospel.

The Occult sciences are no more the authorised sciences than is the religion of the initiated that of the common believer.

They move onwards ever, guessing what is not yet defined. They brave not the anathema, but move on heeding it not, for no anathema can reach them.

It is certain that there exist in nature and in man forces which as yet escape the control of the most learned authorities. Magnetism is still a problem that the Academicians will not investigate. The kabala is unknown to Rabbis of the second Talmud ; the name even of magic raises a smile on the faces of our professors of Physics, and it is well understood that a man's mind must be deranged who in these days occupies himself with the Hermetic Philosophy.

Trismegistus, Orpheus, Pythagoras, Apollonius, Porphyro, Paracelsus, Trithemus, Pomponavius, Vanini, Giordano, Bruno and so many others, were they all mad ?

Count Joseph de Maistre, that fiery Ultramontane, did not believe it ; he who recognized the necessity of a new manifestation turned his eyes, against his will, towards the sanctuaries of Occultism.

*All Religions and all Sciences connect themselves with one single science, always hidden from the common herd, and transmitted from age to age, from initiate to initiate,*

*beneath the veil of fables and symbols.* It preserves for a world yet to come the secrets of a world that has passed away. The Gymnosopists contemplated it on the banks of the Ganges ; Zoroaster and Hermes preserved it in the East ; Moses transmitted it to the Hebrews ; Orpheus revealed its mysteries to Greece ; Pythagoras and Plato almost guessed it. It was called the Priestly or Royal Science, because it raised the initiated to the ranks of Kings and Pontiffs ; it is portrayed in the Bible by the mysterious personage Melchisidech, the peaceful king and eternal priest, who has neither father nor mother nor genealogy. He stands by himself like Truth. Christian initiates have said that Christ was the same personage as this Melchisidech, and Jesus himself seems to have adopted this allegory when he says that he existed before Abraham, who hailed him rejoicing to see his light. This science of the Priests and Kings was on this account called the Holy Kingdom, the kingdom of Heaven, the kingdom of God. All cannot reach it ; it is accessible only to the *elite* of intelligences, and it is on this account, that according to the Gospels few are chosen. This science conceals itself because it is persecuted,\* Zoroaster was burnt, † Osiris cut in pieces, Orpheus torn into fragments by the Bacchantes, Pythagoras assassinated, Socrates, Plato's Master, poisoned, the great prophets put to death in diverse ways, Jesus crucified, his apostles doomed to martyrdom ; but the doctrine never dies, and though it disappears it must ever return. It is on this account that the Legends, more true than History *when we know how to interpret them*, tell us that Enoch and Elias are living in Heaven, and will redescend to earth. It is on this account that Jesus was raised from the dead, and that St. John was not to die. These forms of speech are of the essence of Occultism. They show and yet conceal the Truth. What the initiate

\* By human ignorance and folly E O

† I don't know that E L has any valid authority for this statement. It is usually stated that he died at a good old age, about 818 B C, though some authorities speak of his being murdered a year later in the persecution of Arjasp.—Trans.

says is true, but what the profane understand is a falsehood made for them. *Truth is like Liberty and Virtue; she yields not herself, she must be sought and conquered.*

It is said that at the death of the Christ the Veil of the Temple was rent. This means that occult science was no longer there, she still lived, but at the foot of the cross of the Master who had passed away. An apostle, he who is represented as always young, became the second son of Mary, and meditated a book of which his Gospel is but a reflection, and which was fated never to be understood by the orthodox Church of the uninitiated. The Apocalypse of St John is a new veil denser than that of Moses, but enriched with broideries, grand and splendid, hung to the despair of the usurpers of Priesthood and Kingship, before the sanctuary of the Eternal Truth.

The Apocalypse is entirely unintelligible for the uninitiated, for it is a book of the Kabala

We have explained in our former works what the Kabala is, and we have indicated for intelligent readers the key of the secrets contained in that sublime volume

The author of the Apocalypse does not write for simple believers, but for those who *know*, and he often repeats, "here is the science, let him who has the knowledge calculate and find the number." His Philosophy is that of the Word, that is to say of the Reason which speaks.

Jesus, like all great Hierophants, had a public and a secret doctrine.\* His public doctrine differed only

\* But he preached it a century before his birth—E O I may explain that some of the most eminent occultists hold the Gospel Christ to be an ideal, based upon a Jesus who lived a considerable time before *Anno Domini*. This Jesus, Jeshu Ben Panthera, lived from about 120 to 70 B C, was a pupil of Rabbi Joachim Ben Perachia, his grand uncle, with whom, during the persecution of the Jews by Alexander Janneus, he fled to Alexandria, and was initiated into the Egyptian mysteries, or magic. On his return to Palestine this Jeshu was charged with and convicted of heresy and sorcery (he was unquestionably an adept) and hung on the *tree of infamy* (the Roman Cross) outside the city of Lud or Lydda. This man was a historical character, and his life and death are indubitably established. Why they look upon the Gospel Christ as an ideal, based upon this Jesus, is that there is no contemporaneous or nearly

in its morality from Judaism. He preached to all universal philanthropy, and upheld the Law of Moses while combating the brutalizing influence of a hypocritical and overweening priesthood. But his secret doctrine he only revealed to his beloved apostle who was to revive it after his death. This doctrine was not new. A great Jew, an initiate, Ezechiel, had sketched it out before St John. God in Humanity and in Nature, the Universal Church of the just, the progressive enfranchisement of mankind, the assumption of the Woman,\* to be loved as Virgin, adored as

contemporaneous record by reliable historians of the Gospel Christ. The only passage in Josephus referring to Jesus Christ is now admitted on all sides to be a pure forgery. Clearly Josephus never mentioned Christ, whereas had the gospel narratives been correct he must have done so. Again "Philo Judaeus, the most learned of the historians, contemporaneous to the Jesus of the Gospels, a man whose birth antecedced and whose death succeeded the birth and death of Jesus, respectively by ten or fifteen years, who visited Jerusalem from Alexandria several times during his long career, and must have been at Jerusalem shortly after the crucifixion, who, in describing the various religious sects, societies and corporations of Palestine, takes the greatest care to omit none, noticing even the most insignificant, never apparently heard and (certainly never mentions) anything about Christ, the crucifixion or any other of the facts commemorated in the Gospels." Further they ask if Christ really lived at the time alleged how is it that absolutely no reference to him is found in the Mishna "The Mishna was founded by Hillel 40 B C., and edited and amplified (till about the beginning of the third century of our era) at Tiberias by the sea of Galilee, the very focus of the doings of the Biblical apostles and Christ's miracles. The Mishna contains an unbroken record of all the Heresiarchs and rebels against the authority of the Jewish Sanhedrim, is in short a diary of the doings of the synagogue and a history of the Pharisees, those same men who are accused of having put Jesus to death." How is it possible, it is asked, that if the gospel narratives were true, and the events therein recorded really occurred at the time alleged, no reference whatsoever to these decidedly important (even though the Rabbis believed Jesus to be an imposter) transactions is to be found in this very elaborate chronicle, whose special object it was to record all heresies, schisms and matters generally affecting the orthodox Jewish religion?

It will now be understood what E O means when he says Jesus preached a hundred years before his birth—*Trans.*

\* While the vulgar, the masses, were convinced of the influence of the Two Lights (*Mar-oth*, lights, Sun and Moon, from *Maro* to shine; *Maria*—the Lord) of Heaven upon the living beings on earth, the initiates knew what these lights were. Osiris and Isis were named Apollo and Diana in the west, and when the Christian Bishops began their work of fitting in and accommodating things to their newly conceived doctrine, they rejected Apollo and Diana, Balder and Freia, and invented Christus and Maria. I. A. H. according to

Mother, the destruction of the despotism of Priests and Kings, the reign of Truth and Justice, the union of Science and Faith, the final annihilation of the three hideous phantoms, the Devil, Death and Hell, whom St. John flings down and buries for ever in a lake of fire and brimstone, the definite establishment upon earth of the New Jerusalem, a city which no longer needs temples as it is itself a temple, where no priests or kings are seen because all the inhabitants are Priests and Kings, an ideal but realizable city where Liberty, Equality and Fraternity might reign, a city of the elect, of the wise, of the just, where the vile multitude will never enter, archetype of human civilization, Land promised to all but accessible only to the elect, not of privilege but by labour, not by the caprice of an idol but by the justice of God.

the Kabalists is, I [father] and A H [mother] composed of I the male and H the female Jah is Adam, Evah is Eve, together the doubleman (male and female created he them) of Christ, of Genesis and the Kabala

"Through a Virgin the Eva (h) came the death , it was necessary through a Virgin, but more from a Virgin that the LIFE should appear," says the wily Cyril. *Mosol XII. VI*

The Alchemists call *akasa* the Virgin. All life passes through *akasa* into earth.

Hence Christ's coming on earth through Mary (*Mar*) the Virgin.

"Screaming *Evoe Bakke* (Bacchus), thou alone art worthy of the Virgin" — *Ariad VII*, 389.

It is on the soil of Asia sprung from the teachings of oriental *initiates* that two conceptions were evolved that have chiefly determined the Religious convictions of the Christians —

(1) The doctrine of ONE EXISTENCE, Parabrahm, our one Life, which is this primal and sole principle of the universe.

(2) That of LIGHT (*akasa* with its seven principles) which became the logos of Christians , for "sound" emanates from *akasa*.

PRIMAL LIFE manifests itself by its intelligence, *logos* or wisdom, seventh principle, considered as the primal male principle. In this stage of the conception, the wisdom is identical with spirit or Purusha, with the Hindus the primal divine male. The Old Testament uses the wisdom, spirit and word as synonymous expressions.

The two existences or lights were called, ages B. C., FATHER and SON.

*Sabda* "sound" or "word" is constantly mentioned in our Mimansa philosophy. Compare with the Greek *Logos*, the " eternity of sound" a dogma of Mimansa, relating with us to the eternal verities of the occult truths . With the non-initiated Hindus, the eternity of *Sabda* shows the eternity of the Vedas.—M. O.

Such is the ideal of knowledge.\*

---

### Paradox V.—REASON IS GOD.

THIS should be placed first. It is before every thing; it is self-existent, it exists even for those who do not know it, as the Sun for the Blind, but to see it, feel it, understand it, this is the triumph of the understanding in man; it is the definite result of all the travail of thought and all the aspirations of Faith.

In the principle is Reason, and Reason is in God, and God is Reason † All is made by it, and without it is nothing made. It is the true light that enlightens us from our birth; it shines even in the darkness, but the darkness does not close it in.

These words are the oracle of Reason itself, and they occur, as all know, at the commencement of the Gospel of St John

Without this Reason nothing exists; everything has its reason for existing, even unreason,‡ which serves as a background to reason as the shadow does to the light.

---

\* The "Eternal Wisdom" *lea chakama lea hadama* of the Hebrew Kabala unites with the Soul of the Messias "*Sair anpin* in truth is the *Soul* of the Messias joined with the eternal *Logos*."—*Kabala III*, 241 Jexira —E O

† Our version reads "In the beginning was the Word," &c., but neither reading adequately conveys the occult sense of the passage. The *αρχη*, is the primordial evolute, which the ONE unconsciously emanates, the beginning of all things. The *λόγος* is the Law of Evolution, the reason of all things, itself the cause of their complex inter-relations, the Word, the Force or Energy that everywhere and in all time, regulates, and is, at the same time, the mainspring of the universe.—Trans.

‡ This is an instance of Eliphas Levi's persistent habit of at one time using words in their occult senses, and at another, perhaps in the same sentence, in their popular senses, so as to lead the unwary to the conclusion that he is using them throughout in these latter. Of

The reasonable believer is he who believes in a reason greater than knowledge; for the reason, or to speak more correctly the reasoning of each one, is not absolute wisdom.

When I reason ill, I become unreasonable\*, it is not then reason that I should distrust but my own judgment.

I should then willingly to those who know more than I do, but even then I must have reason to believe in their superiority.

To conjecture, at random, what one does not know, and then believe blindly in one's own conjectures, or in those of others, who know no more than ourselves, is to behave like madmen. When we are told that God demands the sacrifice of our reason, this is to make God, the ideal or despotic idol, of folly.

Reason gives conviction, but rash belief produces only infatuation.

It is quite reasonable to believe in things that one neither sees, touches, nor measures, because manifestly the infinite exists, and one can say not only I believe,

course there is no *λογος*, no such thing as "*déraison*," if *raison* is to be construed in its occult sense. All through his writings he grasps at any apparently neat antithesis, no matter how false it may be, or how much he thereby risks misleading the most worthy student as to his real meaning. Unreason acting as a background to show up reason is nonsense, if reason be taken in its occult sense in which he has been using it in the previous lines, *viz.*, of the force or law or impulse or design, or all put together, without which nothing can have come into being, and which accounts for all that exists, because Unreason has no occult sense, and in its popular sense is as much an evolute of the *λογος*, as is Reason, in the ordinary signification of the word; but E. L. could not resist the jingle of Reason and Unreason, and so without warning in the middle of the sentence he uses "Reason," for the first time in the discourse, in its restricted exoteric meaning. Moreover having laid down some law or truth in words bearing, and intended by him to bear, some broad occult sense, he constantly goes on to argue on or play with these in their restricted commonplace significations, introducing thus a confusion of ideas, utterly bewildering to the reader, even if the writer did not, as I suspect, frequently himself lose touch with the Higher Doctrine. If these weaknesses of our author be kept in mind, many apparent difficulties in all his works will disappear — *Trans.*

\* The original is, *Quand je raisonne mal, je n'ai point raison*, a play on words which can only be approximated in English as above.

but I know that an infinity of things exist which are beyond my reach.

Knowledge being indefinitely progressive I can believe that I shall one day know, that of which I am now ignorant. I have no doubts in regard to what I know thoroughly, I may doubt my knowledge if I know imperfectly, but I cannot have doubts as to a thing of which I know nothing, since it is impossible for me to formulate them.

*He who says, there is no God, without having defined God in a complete and absolute manner, simply talks nonsense* I wait for his definition, and when he has set this forth after his own fashion, I am certain, beforehand, of being able to say to him, "I agree with you, there is no such God," but that God is certainly not my God. If he says to me. "Define you God," I should reply, "I will take good care to do nothing of the kind, for a God defined is a God dethroned \* Every positive definition is deniable, the Infinite is the undefined "I believe only in matter," another will tell me, but what is matter? In surgery they give that name to excretions, and one might say in philosophy, somewhat paradoxically, that matter is the excretion of thought The materialists fully deserve to be paid off with this somewhat coarse and Carnalistic definition, they who declare thought the excretion of the material brain, without realizing that this admirable and passive instrument of the workings of the human soul is the masterpiece of a thought, which is not ours.

If I could define God, in a certain and positive manner, I should cease to believe in God, I should know what he is, but not being able to know this, I simply believe that he exists, because it is impossible for me not to conceive a directive thought, in this eternally living substance that peoples infinite space †

---

\* The original play upon the words, "*un Dieu défini est un Dieu fin*" cannot be exactly reproduced in English — Trans

† Within that Substance, within every atom of it, but not outside of it There is no extra cosmic Deity All matter is God, and God is Matter, or there is no God.—E. O This seems to me begging the question. Has any one been outside the Cosmos to look ? E O may reply Cosmos is infinite, there can be nothing outside what

If believers in exclusive Religions tell me that God has revealed himself and that he has spoken, I reply I do not *believe* it, I *know* it. I know that God reveals himself to the human heart in the beauties of Nature ; I know that he has spoken by the voices of all the wise and in the hearts of all the just. I read his words, in the hymns of Cleathus and Orpheus, as in the Psalms of David , I admire the grand pages of the Vedas and of the Koran, and find the legend of Krishna, as touching as a gospel, but I wax wrath against Jupiter torturing Prometheus and serving as a pretext for the death of Socrates. I shudder when I hear the Christ reproaching in his last dying sobs Jehovah for having abandoned him, and I veil my face when Alexander VI professes to represent Jesus Christ The executioners and tormentors of the human conscience are as odious to me under the priestly reign of Pius VI as under that of Nero. The *true Christian Religion is humanity, superhuman in the strength of forgiveness, and the sacrifice of self for others.*

The Gods to whom are sacrificed men are Demons. Reason should for ever thrust away the worships of

is infinite, forgetting, it seems to me, that what may be infinite to all conditioned in it, may yet leave room for a beyond to the Unconditioned. He admits a fourth dimension of space, and asserts further on, as will be seen, and as I believe with good reason, that there are yet fifth, sixth and seventh dimensions of space to be discovered, yet he desires to insist that the conceptions of intelligences (I give him in the planetary spirits and all) conditioned in the Cosmos, which we can only think of as infinite, are absolute , whereas I submit, that they are necessarily relative, and that the fact that the highest intelligences conditioned in the universe *believe* it to be infinite and can trace in it nothing but laws, by no means *proves* that to a still higher and unconditioned intelligence there may not be something outside that infinity, and in that something the intelligence whose will the discoverable Laws represent Nay, further, I submit that intelligence *may* be inside and pervading the Cosmos, and yet be incognizable for its own good reasons by all its emanated intelligences. To me therefore the assertion that either "God is matter" (in the sense of unconscious unintelligent substance) "or there is no God," appears equally rash and unphilosophical I fully understand the refusal to acknowledge or believe in that, of which no knowledge exists and of which no evidence can be obtained, but this seems to me wholly different from denying its existence, which involves the assumption of omniscience.—*Trans.*

these Demons, and the idol of the Devil, which has become ridiculous by its monstrosity. *Those who believe in the Devil, worship the Devil, for they worship his Creator and . accomplice* We have already said, *The God of the Devil, who reprobates the Devil and yet still allows him to work on for our destruction is a horrible fiction of human wickedness and cowardice;* a God of the Devil turned round would become a Devil of a God Thus speaks reason, but superstition would still impose silence, and that is why many people, excusably enough, leave, while pitying them, to the superstitions, their God and their Devil, and themselves believe thenceforth in nothing.

But even superstition has its *raison d'être* in the infinities of the Human intellect. The Priesthood has succeeded in converting it into a force, by subjecting it to blind obedience. Take away superstition from souls, narrow but ardent, and you convert them into fanatics of impiety. One must e'en restrain fools through their folly\* since they are not *willing* to be wise

We teach morality to children by telling them stories, and the nurses take good care not to disabuse their minds when they are frightened at Bogy. It is true that certain realistic mothers threaten their children with the wolf or the policeman, but neither wolf nor policeman can be everywhere, and the child, convinced of their absence, will laugh at the threat, whereas Bogy, who is never seen anywhere, is believed, like the Devil, to be present everywhere, and the child is all the more impelled to believe in it because it is a fiction, a poetic delusion, a story,—in one word something that takes hold on the imagination, and the imagination, powerful in men, is supreme in children.

Bogy is the children's Devil, just as the Devil of the Middle Ages was the Bogy of men.

Moreover there is no fiction which does not serve as a veil or mask for some reality. Bogy exists,

---

\* And I must say he puts this precept into practice admirably, while laughing at the fools with one corner of the mouth, he strengthens their folly with the other.—E. O.

and the poor child will soon know him in the guise of a frowning pedant with harsh voice and more or less justly applied cane.

Then they will tell him about God and the Devil in such terms that he might easily mistake one for the other. Will he then continue satisfied with the conclusion of the drama of Punch? Punch made him laugh, the Devil wanted to make him cry, would he not wish that in the end, Punch, so often carried off by the Devil, should, in his turn, carry off the Devil? This would be a question of temperament and audacity.

Ancient Hierophants have always held that it would be the greatest crime to admit the multitude to the initiations because it would be to let loose the wolves, open the paddock of the fallow deer, and plunge all men in war one with the other under the pretext of equality.

Jesus Christ enjoined his disciples not to cast their pearls before swine. The Freemasons to this day swear to preserve to death the secrets which they no longer possess. Equality amongst men can only exist by Hierarchical grades, it can never be absolute, because Nature disallows it. There must be great and little, so that men may mutually assist, and have need of, each other.

Nothing is more difficult for the common run of men than to live according to reason, and do good for the sake of good. Their motive is almost always desire or fear, and they are to be led by hope or dread. They require moreover restraint to prevent their falling into inertia or disorder. They march better when in regiments and loaded; the monk and the soldier rejoice under an iron discipline; it is by austerities and silence that the inconstancy of woman disappears. One man lives courageously the life of a Trappist who would be a robber, did he not long for Heaven and fear Hell? Is he the better for this? Perhaps not, but certainly it is less dangerous for Society.

It is all very fine to tell the truth to men, but they will not understand it unless they have already themselves sought for and almost found it. The world of

Tiberius wanted expiations and austerities. The age of the Platonists and Stoicks, of Seneca and Epictetus, was bound to embrace the Christian Morality. Virgil seems to sing near to the manger of the Man-God, and the Sibylline books promised the Christ to earth!

Luther was not carried by his own impulse against Rome; he was lifted and pushed forward by a current that swept over all Europe. Voltaire did not make the eighteenth century, it was the eighteenth century which made Voltaire. The reign of Madame de Maintenon and the scandals of Jansenism had disgusted and wearied France to the last degree; the funeral orisons of Bossuet seemed to have interred the Christian Monarchy, and there followed Cardinals like Bernel and like Dubois. Voltaire scoffed at everything, and made people laugh. Rousseau, however, professed that there was something in it, and people admired while persecuting him, because in their hearts the world was somewhat of his way of thinking. The revolutionists out-Rousseau'd Rousseau, and the good sense of the country sided with Chateaubriand, though all the while applauding the Voltarian rogueries of Béranger. It is progress that brings great men to the front, and the world wrongly credits them with the movement which has made them conspicuous.

The French Revolution presented a strange and ridiculous spectacle to the world, when it inaugurated the worship of Reason, personified by an opera dancer. One might have fancied that the nation was making fun of itself, and desired to avow to other nations that the reason of the French is almost always folly.

Then it was that Robespierre, to dethrone this indecent Reason, invented his Supreme Being, but public opinion would not ratify the change; it remembered God and realized that the Revolution was shifting its ground. Bonaparte who followed understood that Religion was not dead, but Religion for him could only be Catholic, in other words authoritative; he re-opened the Churches, and tried to lay his hand on the Pope, but the Pope slipped from him with the world.

It is that the reason of Religion is superior to the reason of Politics, because it is only in Religion that

right takes the lead of might. For a right to be inviolable it must be proclaimed as Divine. Right and Duty are above man, God preserves the one, in imposing the other on him; God is the Supreme Reason.

A body cannot live without a head, and the head of the social body is God. A body changes but does not die if its head be immortal. God is the Truth and Justice that never change; it is for this cause that the state should give way to religious reasons. The Church is the prototype of the Fatherland; it is the Universal Fatherland, and the unity of the Christian world\* is something greater than the unity of Germany or Italy.

Moral force is superior to physical force, and spiritual power gets the upper hand of temporal power. If St. Peter had never drawn his sword, Jesus would never have said to him, "when you are old, you will stretch out your hands, and others will put on them bonds to lead you whither you would not go." The king of Italy has taken Rome from the Holy Father, because St. Peter took by force the ear of Malchus. Malchus or Male signifies in Hebrew, the king. Be it as it may, the capital of the Christian world ought not to belong exclusively to Italy. The supreme representative of Divine Humanity ought to be a priest to bless and a king to pardon. That is what reason tells us, and if the Pope *believes* that a father of a family ought to be infallible for his children, that the head of religion ought to have no dealings with irreligion, that liberty of conscience ought not to be permitted, if he *believes* himself obliged to turn society upside down; if he protests in a word against each and everything that appen[s] to him contrary to dogma, why of good right, setting aside the justice of the question, the Pope is a thousand times right! †

\* But when or where has such Unity ever existed?—*Trans.*

† It is scarcely necessary to tell most readers that all this is elaborate chaff. Still our author's persistent habit of saying, apparently seriously, what he does not believe and what he does not mean any one but "*les fous*" to believe, is likely, too often to become seriously misleading to this latter large and respectable class.—*Trans.*

Next to the passions, the greatest enemies of human reason are the prejudices. We do not examine *how* things are; we simply will that they should be in such and such a way. We refuse to change our opinion, because this humiliates our pride, as if man was born infallible, and should not day by day instruct and perfect himself. When I was a child, said St. Paul, I thought as a child, I spoke and acted like a child, but when I became a man, I put off all the things which pertained to childhood. The apostle here proclaims the law of progress and even applies it to the Church, but this is what the theologians obstinately refuse to understand.

We must distrust devout prejudices as much as impious prejudices. True piety is essentially independent, but she submits herself, reasonably, to customs and laws, when she cannot hope, and even often when she does hope, to change them.

Jesus would not that they should pluck up the tares which were mixed with the wheat, for fear lest at the same time they should uproot the good grain. Wait for the harvest, said he, and then they will separate the wheat from the evil weeds. There are epochs of summing up and synthesis, in which criticism ought to distinguish the true from the false. We are at one of such epochs in which prejudices ought no longer to be tenderly handled. Nevertheless, we must not be harsh with the people who hold them. Let us show, softly and patiently, the truth, and the falsehoods will fall of their own accord.\*

Prejudices are the bad habits of the mind; they spring from education, from ignorance or intellectual sloth, from interests of position, reputation or fortune. We readily believe in the truth of what pleases us and still more readily in what flatters us; the best feelings, even when exaggerated, become sources of prejudice; the love of family produces pride and the intolerance of caste; the love of country gives place to national arrogance, people think that they should be

---

\* This is true, but only half the Truth. *Per contra* remember that the longer you let the weeds stand the wider will their seeds be disseminated, and the larger and stiffer the growth you will have to deal with.—*Trans.*

French, or English, rather than that they should be men religious enthusiasm leads on to many other excesses. Succeeding ages despise, condemn and execrate each other, the Christians are dogs for the followers of Mahomet, the Jews are obscene beings for the Christian, the Protestants are Heretics, the Catholics are Papists ... where are the reasonable men?

Reason is like Truth ; she shocks when seen naked

To be too much in the right is to be in the wrong. Reason should persuade and not impose herself. She has little power over children, and almost always displeases women.

She is a power, but it is an occult power ; she should govern without showing her hand \*

It requires a very powerful and firm mind to devote oneself without danger to the occult sciences, and above all to the experiences which confirm their theories ; magnetism, divination and spiritualism still people the madhouses and the Hermetic Philosophy may add further victims. The most celebrated proficients in these sciences have had their moments of aberration. Pythagoras remembered to have been Euphorbius. Apollonius of Thyana caused an old beggar to be stoned to stay the Plague. Paracelsus believed that he had a familiar spirit hidden in the pommel of his long sword † Cardan allowed himself to die of hunger to justify astrology. Duchenteau, who reconstructed and completed the magic calendar of Tycho-Brahe, also died miserably in attempting an extravagant experiment. Cagliostro compromised himself with a set of rogues, in the matter of the Queen's necklace, and went away to die in the dungeons of Rome. The interior of the ark is not to be looked at with impunity, and those who will touch it run the risk of being struck like Moza by lightning. *I do not speak of the fear, the envy, the hate of the vulgar which everywhere pursue*

\* He seems to draw but a feeble line between "the Occult" and "the Jesuitical"—E.O. Doubtless because he himself, like many other occultists, was avowedly somewhat Jesuitical in his dealings with non-initiates.—*Trans.*

† Eliphas, as usual, is here poking fun at his *Public*. He is perfectly aware that all these pretended traits of madness have an occult signification.—*Trans.*

*the Initiate, who does not know how to conceal his knowledge. True sages escape from this danger.*\* The Abbé Tithemus lived and died peacefully while Agricella, his imprudent disciple, closed prematurely in a hospital a life of disquietude and torment. Agricella, before his death, blasphemed against the Science as Brutus at Philippi had blasphemed against Virtue, but despite the despair of Brutus, Virtue is more than an empty name, and despite the discouragement of Agricella, Science† is a Truth.

• At the present day, occult sciences are scarcely studied except by presumptuous ignorami or eccentric savants, women furnish their necessary ground, in hysterical crises and doubtful somnambulism. People want above all things prodigies; to cog the dice of Fortune, to shuffle the cards of Fate, to have philtres and amulets, to bewitch their enemies, to put jealous husbands to sleep, to discover the universal panacea of all the vices, not to reform them, but to preserve them from the two great diseases that kill them—deception and lassitude, countenance such schemes, and one is sure to travel quickly on the high road of folly. If the hasty Achilles of Homer had been wholly invulnerable, he would only have been a cowardly assassin, and the man who was sure of always gaining at play would soon ruin every one, and ought to be branded as a swindler. *He who by a single act of his Will could entail on others sickness or death, would be a public pest, of whom Society ought to rid itself,* to win love save by natural means is to commit a sort of violation; to evoke shades is to call down upon oneself the Eternal Shadows ‡. To deal with demons one must be a demon. The Devil is the spirit of Evil; the fatal current of misdirected and evil wills. To enter this current is to plunge into the abyss. Moreover the Spirit of Evil only replies to rash and unhealthy curiosity. Visions are the phenomena of drunkenness or delirium. To see spirits? What a chimera! It is as though one professed

\* I am glad he admits the principle.—E. O. What the principle “*de dissimilare*”? I fear it is a principle *all* are only too ready to admit.—Trans.

† He means here of course *Occluſe Science*.—Trans.

‡ Very right.—E. O.

to touch music and bottle thought. If the spirits of the dead have gone out from amongst us, it is because they could no longer live here.\* How do you suppose they are to come back ? \*

But then it will be said, what can be the use of magic ? It enables men to understand better the Truth, and desire Good in a healthier and more effective manner. It helps to heal souls and comfort bodies. It does not confer the means of doing evil with impunity, but it raises man above animal lusts. It renders man inaccessible to the agonies of desire and fear. It constitutes a divinely radiating centre, chasing away before it phantoms and darkness, for *it knows, it wills, it can and it holds its peace.* This is the true magic, not that of the Necromancers and Euchanters, but that of the initiated and the Magi

*True magic is a scientific force placed at the service of Reason. False magic is a blind force added to the blunders and disorders of Folly.*†

## Paradox VI.—THE IMAGINATION REALIZES WHAT IT INVENTS.

Behold ! the greatest magician in the universe ! It is she who makes the memory yield its fruit, who realises beforehand the Possible, and invents even the

\* All this is true, in one sense, but as E. L. well knew it is not the whole truth.—*Trans.*

† Darkness, *bad* or evil, as given in the Codex Nazareus, are merely a gradual waning of the Pleroma or akasic light (*Caligo ubi existimat etiam existuisse decrementum et detrimentum*) The Sorcerer uses the grosser, the *physically* more potential principles of akasa. The Pleroma of the Greek authors of Christianity is our akasa. "Air, the ether is the Pleroma, the space held from Eternity by the ONE existence" (Onomasticon, 13.) "To pan pleroma tōn aionōn—universum pleroma aconūm" (Irenaeus, I, 1, p. 15) "In him dwells all the Pleroma carnally" (Engl. vers) "For in him dwelleth all the fulness of the Godhead bodily."—(Coloss., 2, 9.) E. O.

**Impossible.** To her miracles cost nothing. She transports houses and mountains through the air, places whales in the sky, and stars in the sea, gives paradise to the hatchet or opium eaters, offers kingdoms to inebrates, and makes Perette dance with joy under the milk pail. Such is Imagination.

It is to the Imagination that we owe poetry and dreams, it is she who embroiders fables and symbols on the veils of the Great Mysteries. She makes up the stories for the children, and the legends for the peasants. She makes the thundering Gods and exterminating angels appear on the hills, and the White Ladies and Virgins near the founts. She makes predictions which are accommodated to facts, or reinterpreted when they are not realized. She is the nurse of Hope and the accomplice of Despair. She gilds the aureole of the Saints, and bronzes the horns of the Devil. She heals and kills, saves some and damns others, is chaste as the Virgin or impure as Messalina. She creates enthusiasm and thus enlarges, almost beyond the limits of the possible, the empire of the Will. She creates a belief in happiness and gives it, so long as the dream lasts.

The imagination is the crystalline lens of our mind. She refracts the luminous rays of our thoughts, and magnifies the images of all our perceptions. The scope of our vision is so small that to see rightly in this narrow world we must see things larger than in nature.

People, devoid of imagination, never accomplish anything great, for everything appears to them in mean proportions. The astronomer contemplates the universe and imagines the Infinite; *the believer contemplates Nature and imagines God.* In truth, the Imagination, is greater than Thought. Science is overflowed by faith, and without faith, science would remain uncertain.

What is Algebra but the Imagination of pure Mathematics, and what is the Kabala but the Algebra of Ideas. The imagination of Kabalists has converted Philosophy into an exact Science by connecting ideas with numbers; the Science of Analogies is wholly a Science of Imagination, and great nations are but

congeries of cold enthusiasts, who powerfully imagine glory.

Collective imaginations achieve the results of the solar microscope. Heroes, especially, grow greater after their deaths, and the fictions of opinion raise upon superb pedestals the high majesties of history. Who will ever know the exact measure of Alexander the Great, or Napoleon I? Marat and Napoleon were two little men, energetic, and ambitious of renown; the one desired to free the world which the other proposed to enslave; the first desired a rivulet of blood, the other made rivers of it flow, and then bequeathed to us two invasions, the reign of his nephew, and overwhelming catastrophes; the one is execrated, the other adored, for one the gallows,\* for the other the triumphal arch and column, and both are exaggerations—the one of infamy, the other of glory.

It is because Marat, more disinterested and more sincere at heart than Napoleon the First, was only a ringing, screaming Tribune, while Napoleon was a man of genius, that is to say a despot of the human imagination. It is because the poetry of nations loves better splendid crimes than mean virtues, because the masque of Marat is a grimace that would raise laughter if it did not evoke horror, whilst the medal of Napoleon is a majesty which imposes itself on the worship of the future. These are conclusive reasons.

If imagination finds one real point of support, it is the lever of Archimedes; without a real basis, it is only a stick on which fools ride.

Relying upon scientific and reasonable hypotheses, Christopher Columbus imagined America, dared to set off to discover it, and found it. *When one knows and when one wills, one ought to have the courage to dare.*

Imagination is the Creative Power. God is the Imagination of Nature. She has her dreams and her nightmares, but these do not prevent her Epos from being glorious. The architects of the Middle Ages have sketched its outline in their magnificent Cathedrals where the carved spouts, corbels and florid ornamentation serve

---

\* In the original "*les gémomies*," that is the Roman place of execution.—The Tyburn of Rome.—*Trans.*

to bring out the pure lines of the Ogives and the plasticity of the Saints. These great artists had guessed the enigma of good and evil; they understood light and its shadows.

It is the Imagination which works miracles; by an act of their imagination a few peasant children cause churches to rise from the earth, and shake entire populations; witness the pilgrimages of Lourdes and La Salette. By imagination Joshua arrested the sun, and caused the walls of Jericho to fall at the sound of his trumpets, by the imagination bread becomes God, and the wine of the chalice is changed into immortal blood, and, we do not profess to say, as may be well imagined, that this is *not* so, but this is, as we imagine it, according to the word and on the faith of Jesus Christ.\*

Imagination heals the sick and makes the fortune of celebrated physicians; it creates Homeopathy from which so many believers derive good: it makes tables speak, and dictates to mediums, pell mell, pages of learned matter and the grossest ignorance, prayers and curses. It gives horns to Moses, and to the cuckolded husbands, making the first resemble the Devil, and the latter either furious bulls or patient and mild mannered oxen. It amplifies wisdom, exaggerates folly, demands too much of truth, makes falsehood look truthful; at the same time it is not falsehood for the imagination; all that it affirms is true as poetry, and can poetry ever tell us falsehoods? That which she invents she creates, and that which is created, exists. To imagine the truth is to divine, to divine is to exercise the Divine power. In Latin they call the man who divines, *divinus*, that is to say the Divine man, and the poet is styled *vates*, that is to say, prophet.

Faith has for its object only the divinations of those who imagine the Eternal Truths. Moses imagined Jehovah and the cloud hung over the tabernacle.

---

\* One of our author's characteristic "grimaces," which he must have thought witty, as they could impose on no one, but which exasperate the ordinary readers as in equally bad faith and bad taste.—*Trans.*

Solomon imagined the universal temple, and that temple destroyed successively by the Assyrians and the Romans is still standing under the name of St. Peter's of Rome. Alexander imagined the unity of nations, almost realized under Augustus, and imagined again later by Peter the Great and Napoleon the First, whose antagonisms still maintain the balance of the world.

The Imagination is the eternal go-between in light amours. It is by the imagination as a rule that impulsive and nervous women are taken. It is often sufficient for a man to be strange or even horrible in order to be loved. The Marquess of Sade, Mirabeau, Marat, were all beloved; Catoche and Mandrin had been so before them. Women of the world had fallen in love with Lacenaire, and we are assured that in his prison Troppmann used to receive love letters. The Don Juans and Lovelaces owe most of their successes to their evil reputations, the lordly Bluebeards never lack victims, and it is especially when the daggers of the Lanciottos are raised above them to strike that the Fiancée's di Rinni love to taste the forbidden fruit. That which most powerfully excites the imagination, and consequently desire, is the consciousness of danger: hence the God of the bible wishing the woman to become a mother forbade her under pain of the most terrible penalties to touch the fruit which would make her yield to love.\*

It was only in fact when they knew that they were doomed to die that the man and woman be-thought themselves of providing successors. Death ploughs the ground of Love, and Love sows there the seed from which is destined to develop the Harvest of Death. It is forbidden on pain of Death to enter into Life, since all who are born are condemned to die. This is what is meant by original sin, and the birth sin, of which we can only be guilty in the persons of our parents, stretching backwards from one to

\* This is not the occult meaning of the Legend referred to, and this E. L. of course knew. He seems constantly to fear that he may have somewhere spoken too plainly and to feel it a duty to set his readers off on a wrong scent.—*Trans.*

another until we reach the first. The sin of birth is the consequence of the sin of Love, that nature always makes a show of forbidding to mankind in order to stimulate their longing for it.

\* Imagination is the Pegasus of the poets, the Hippogriff of the Paladins, the eagle of Ganemede, and the dove of Anacreon; it is the car of fire of Elias and the angel which bears away the prophets, holding them by the hairs of the head. It is the cherubim with burning pincers cauterizing the stammer on the trembling lips of Hesiod, the mysterious Proteus that must be tightly squeezed in the realms of reason to compel it to assume a human shape and tell the truth.

Just as there is a latent heat which determines the molecular polarization of bodies, *so there is a latent light that manifests itself in us by a sort of internal phosphorescence*. It is this which illuminates and colours the phantoms of our visions and our dreams, and exhibits to us in the absence of all external light such astounding photographic pictures. It is by means of this light that we read in the memory of nature, or in the general reservoir of impressions and forms, the rudimentary germs of the Future in the archives of the Past. Sonambulism is a state of immersion of the thought in this light invisible to waking eyes, and in this universal bath wherein are reflected all presentiments and all memories, minds meet and intelligences interpenetrate each other. Thus it is that one can guess, translate, and explain the ideas of another. It is thus that the brain of one becomes for another an open book, which it can read off readily. The wonders of lucid Sonambulism have no other cause, and are explained by a series of mirages and reflexions. *The interior light bears the same relation to the external light that negative electricity bears to positive electricity*, and it is on this account that phantoms appear specially at night,\* and that

---

\* Only partially on this account. There are many other reasons. The terrestrial magnetic conditions differ widely during the day and the night. The physical energy is at its lowest ebb during the night, and the more vigorous the physical powers the less scope for the psychical perceptions, and there are many other factors.—*Trans.*

sorcerers require darkness to perform their pretended miracles ; it is for this reason that the spirits and mediums cannot produce their peculiar phenomena before all kinds of persons, they require a small sympathetic circle, predisposed to the contagious influence of that interior phosphorescence which makes the one set, see and feel what would be neither visible or sensible to the others. Then one is slowly and progressively pervaded by the life of the dream\* ; the furniture moves, pens write without being touched, men rise from the earth and remain suspended in the air. Then realities run mad, and mad ideas seem real ; the seers and seeresses are insensible to pain. The convulsaries of St. Medard begged to be beaten with logs of wood or bars of iron, sonambulists find in pure water all the flavours that the magnetizer chooses to imagine. The dead appear, hands without bodies come and touch you but let a healthy man, or one out of sympathy with the circle enter, the oracles are silent, the hands disappear, the furniture ceases to dance, everything returns to its natural order,† and the members of the circle are as sulky and displeased as sleepers who have been suddenly startled out of sleep.

This light of dreams, which we might call the dark or black light, exists independently of the sun and stars, as does the light of fireflies or glow-worms ; it never minglest with the visible external light, but it may leave its imprints on the brain—imprints transitory in the hallucinated, durable in the insane. Nervous organisms congested with black light become ill regulated magnets, and produce at times on inert objects attractions or pressures, the results of which

\* E. L. apparently knew very little of this branch of the subject. He apparently fancied that all phenomena were subjective.—*Trans.*

† All this of course is a hasty generalization, founded on insufficient date. All this *may* happen, *or*, it *may not* ; it will depend on the relative magnetic (I use the word for lack of a better) powers of the circle and the intruder, including in the circle the influences that have been attracted to it. Plenty of such intruders, utterly sceptical and thoroughly hostile to the supposed dupes and dupes, have found their presence, and even wills, wholly inadequate to check the progress of the phenomena.—*Trans.*

seem marvellous, especially when amplified and multiplied, as they almost always are, by the obliging imagination of the spectators, for credulity ever lends itself willingly to miracles. Weak minds are naturally inclined towards the marvellous, and it is not easy to undeceive them when they insist on being deceived.

• Never has a miracle been performed for the triumph of science and reason; never has one occurred in the presence of wise and educated persons. Strange phenomena reduced to their simplest expression may excite the curiosity and stimulate the investigation of men of science; but can demonstrate in no way the intervention of supernatural beings.\*

*As a fact God only is supernatural in the sense that He is the Master of Nature All that is not God falls necessarily into the order of Nature.* †

We must simultaneously ignore all the Laws of Nature and all the rules of exegesis, if we are to accept literally and in a natural signification the Dogmatic and Sacramental expressions of the Scriptures and the Councils. Thus the Faith teaches us that in the Sacrament of the Eucharist there is a transubstantiation. Is this transubstantiation natural? Clearly it is not; it is mysterious and sacramental. You may substitute one substance for another, but one substance does not become another; it is always the same substance, amalgamated or modified. Chemistry decomposes and recombines bodies, but it does not turn one thing into another, for in that case the two things would at the same time be, and not be.

To change literally and totally water into wine, it would be necessary to annihilate water and create wine—

\* All this, though literally true, is grossly dishonest. As a Kabalist Eliphas Levi knew all about elementals and elementaries. Of course these are *not* supernatural, as they belong to nature, so that what he says is true in the letter, but it is false in spirit, because he knew that all his readers considered such beings supernatural, and would hence understand that he denied their existence. So with miracles, of course these are but the results of *unknown* natural laws, so that here too what he says is true to the letter but false to the spirit, as leading the reader to infer that he denied the occurrence of what *people call* miracles.—*Trans.*

† Fallacy and assumption, and he knew it.—E. O.

two absurdities. For nothing can be annihilated and wine cannot be created without grapes.\* To evaporate the water and substitute for it wine would be a mere conjuror's trick and not a change of substances. Bread may become flesh and wine become blood, but only by the processes of assimilation and not by transubstantiation. These dogmatical expressions must, therefore, remain restricted to the domain of Dogma and Symbols. Taken scientifically and in their natural sense they are absurdities. Dogma is the formula of imaginary realities. Note well that we say realities and not fictions. The affirmations of Dogma are realities for Faith,† but they are imaginary, because we can only conceive them through the imagination since they elude the analysis alike of Science and Reason.

It is the Imagination solely that performs all miracles. What in fact *is* a miracle? It is an exceptional phenomenon of which the cause is unknown. Science then holds her peace and leaves Imagination to speak, who at once proceeds to invent and assert a cause out of all measure and proportion to the effect. The crowd accept this assertion as gospel and the miracle is uncontested.

All educated people know that the miracles of the Bible are oriental exaggerations.‡ Moses took advantage of the rise and fall of the sea; Joshua found a ford in the Jordan, he used to breach the walls of Jericho, one of those explosive compounds of which the Priests possessed the secret, and the national Poets tell us that the sea opened, the Jordan flowed backwards, and that the walls fell of their own accord. It is the same thing with the sun arrested in its course to mark a great day of Victory.

Do we not read in the Psalms of David that the mountains have leapt like rams and the hills like lambs?

\* London wine merchants could tell him a different story.—  
*Trans.*

† That is *Blind* Faith — E. O.

‡ They know nothing of the kind, some may be so, some are probably very fairly accurate traditions of occult phenomena, but, E. L. knew apparently very little of the physics of occultism.—  
*Trans.*

Must we take this literally \* ? The same Poet adds that stones have been changed into pools and rocks into fountains. Have we here a transubstantiation ? The theologians contend that we must take literally the words of Jesus Christ when he says of the bread, " This is My Body " and of the wine, " This is My Blood," but then we must also take his words in a literal sense when he says " I am a true Vine and you are its branches." Now was Jesus Christ truly and literally a vine ? †

Must we believe that the knowledge of good and evil were really and truly a tree, and that the bitter fruits of this double-stemmed tree that yields life and death were peaches or apples ? The Serpent of Eden and the Ass of Balaam, did they really speak ? People will cease to ask such questions when the men who profess to teach others cease to be as stupid as savages.

Imperturbable good sense, united to a powerful Imagination, constitute what is called Genius. The man who possesses both these forces can become entirely independent, and exercise at will a real influence on the common herd. He will create for himself, if he so will, servers and friends, unless he makes his genius subservient to some secret weakness. It is possible to have dogmatic good sense, without having practical good sense. Great men are often their own dupes ; they love glory as Orpheus loved his companion ; they go to seek it everywhere, even into Hell, and turn round at the wrong time to see if Eurydice is following them. True glory is what none can take from us ; it consists in merit, and not in the applause of the multitude ; ‡ it fears not the caprices of Destiny, because it owes nothing to chance ; it

\* All this is pure sophistry. Of course the two things are utterly distinct, in the one case there is clearly the use of metaphor, in the others, previously referred to, there is equally clearly an assertion of fact, the latter may be a fiction, but it can neither be rejected nor discredited on the score that elsewhere tropes and metaphors are employed.—Trans.

† This of course is a fair argument against the Roman Catholic Dogma of Transubstantiation.—Trans.

‡ " . . . . . worth is the Ocean,

Fame is but the bruit that roars along the shallows."—Trans.

loves neither tumult nor noise, it is in the silence of Earth that we enjoy the peace of Heaven.\*

---

## PARADOX VII.—THE WILL ACCOMPLISHES EVERYTHING, WHICH IT DOES NOT DESIRE.

PAINOE SAKIA MUNI, who has been called Buddha, said that all the torments of the Human Soul had their origin in either fear or desire; and he concluded by two sentences which we may thus render—

Desire then nothing, not even Justice; wait until soon or late Heaven accomplish it.

Nirvana is not annihilation; it is, in the Order of Nature, the great appeasement.

*To will without fear and without desire is the secret of the Omnipotent will.*

God fears nothing; he knows that evil cannot triumph, and he desires nothing; he knows that the good will accomplish itself, but he wills that truth should be, because it is true, and that justice should be done, because it is just.

Magic ought to will, whatever the Mage wants.

He wants the beauty of nature, which he enjoys in its fulness, because he never abuses it. He wants the Springs to come flower laden, the roses to bloom in their beauty, the children to be happy and the women beloved.†

He wants men mutually, to assist each other, to encourage the young and help the old.

---

\* The conviction of the especial fitness of each to know best his own peculiar nature and powers. Power has its illusion. Let every one accomplish his mission.—E. O.

† I beg to demur to this latter. "Le Mage" wants nothing of the kind—unless, indeed, he be a Frenchman.—E. O.

He wants the eternal good to triumph over the transitory evil, and he takes part patiently and peaceably in the work of Society and Nature.

He wants order, he wants reason, he wants goodness, he wants love, and for that which he wants he works with all his strength, for thus he wins immortality and happiness.

Desiring nothing, he is rich ; fearing nothing he is free ; wanting only what he ought to want he is happy.

A Poet has said of God :—

For Him, to will is to create , to exist, is to produce.

We may say as much of the Mage—Wishing for the good, is to do good and no existence is barren.

Job, stretched upon his dunghill, accomplished a sublime work He gave Patience to the world.

All suffering is a giving birth ; poverty brings riches, sickness health, captivity deliverance, punishment expiation and pardon ; tears are the seed of joy. Death nourishes life. For him who *knows* and loves, all is hope and happiness

Fortune, honour, and pleasures, these are what the majority of men crave, and they never dream that pleasures are the ruin alike of fortune and of honour , that riches produce satiety and a disgust for pleasures, and that honours are too often purchased by baseness.

What deceptions too attend these ! The miser treasures up misery, the voluptuary depraves his senses and kills his heart, and the ambitious, thinking to scale the Capitol, find only the Tarpeian rock ; the miser hungers and thirsts like Tantalus, the voluptuary turns on the wheel of Ixion, the ambitious roll the rock of Sisyphus Their life is Hell, their end Despair.

The Mage, or if you prefer it the Sage, welcomes pleasure, accepts riches, merits honours, but he is never the slave of any of them. He knows how to be poor, to stint himself and suffer ; he endures willingly forgetfulness, because his happiness, which is his own, expects nothing and dreads nothing from the caprices of Fortune.

He can love without being beloved ; he can create imperishable treasures and raise himself above the

level of honours, the gift of Chance.\* What he wants he possesses, for he possesses profound peace. He regrets nothing of that which must come to an end, but he remembers with joy all that has been good for him. His hope is already a certainty ; he knows that *Good is eternal*, and that *Evil is transitory* † He can enjoy solitude but he does not fear the society of man, he is a child with children, joyous with the young, staid with the aged, patient with fools, happy with the wise.

He smiles with all who smile, he mourns with all who weep. He takes his part in all festivities, sympathizes in all mournings, applauds all strength of mind, is indulgent for all weaknesses ; never offending any one, he has never to pardon, for he never thinks himself offended ; he pities those who misconceive him, and awaits the opportunity of doing them good. It is by the force of kindness that he loves to revenge himself on the ungrateful. Ready, himself, to give everything, he receives with pleasure and gratitude all that may be given him. He leans with affection on all arms stretched towards him in times of difficulty, and does not mistake for virtue the fretful pride of Rousseau. He thinks that it is doing a service to others to give them an opportunity of doing good, and he never meets with a refusal either an offer or a demand.

Think you that a man of such a character is not greater than a king, richer than a millionaire, more happy than a Faublas or a Sardanapalus ? Happy he who shall understand this greatness, appreciate these riches, and taste this joy and these pleasures ! He will want nothing else, and all he wants, he will have.

Perfection is equilibrium, and excesses of privation are as injurious as the excesses of enjoyment. Mace-

\* In the original "aleatoires," a word I never met with in French and can find in no dictionary, but manifestly derived from "aleatores," pertaining to a gamester.—*Trans.*

† He knows nothing of the kind, what he knows he tells, viz., that Good and Evil are *both* eternal, because both are fictions of the Human imagination, and Humanity, or God in Nature, is eternal—E. O—I venture to submit that this is liable to misconstruction. In the absolute, in the highest transcendental sense, Good and Evil may be both fictions, but relatively to, and *quoad* conditioned existences of all degrees, Good and Evil are real.—*Trans.*

rations have their unhealthy epicurism, and the Faquires love to wither away in the ecstasy of their pride. The penitent executioners of their own bodies and of their souls, feel the cruelty of the God, whom they think to avenge, triumphing in them. The burners of men are those who submit to cruel self-discipline. The Pope Pius V was an ascetic, and the terrible St. Dominic was a penitent, pitilessly rigorous to himself. The fanatic capable of killing himself for God, is capable of killing others, the orgies of austerity harden the heart as certainly as the orgies of pleasure.

Arrived at perfect equilibrium, the man may walk or run, without fear of falling. One must be some one to deserve to exist, but one is some one to do something; we exist only to act, we think to speak. Reason also is the Word, but the Word is not only speech, it is life and action. We are strong, to labour; we are learned, to teach; we are physicians, to heal the sick. We do not light a lamp to hide it under a bushel, said Christ. The light should be placed on a candlestick, *each one owes himself to all, as all owe themselves to each.* We must not hide away the talent of gold, we must carry it to the Bank. To live is to love, and to love is to do good. We should desire the progress of humanity, the prosperity of our country, the honour of our family, the welfare of all the world. He who interests himself in no one is a dead man who should be forgotten.

If any one wishes to come after me, said Christ, let him renounce himself, let him carry his cross and follow me. To renounce oneself is to come out of egoism in order to enter into charity. *The true life of man is not in himself, but in others.* To carry one's cross is to bear courageously the pains and troubles of life. All Sages have had their crosses. Jesus before he ascended Calvary had the ingratitude of the Jews and the folly of his disciples; Socrates had Xantippe, Plato had Diogenes; philosophy has to be learned in the Book of Job. Happy they who weep, said the Master, but more happy, say we, those who know how to suffer without weeping. Fénelon, in his Dialogues of the Dead, finds Heraclitus more human than Demo-

critus. Rabelais does not agree with him, animals weep, but man alone is capable of laughing ; laughter is therefore more human than tears. Laughter is the consolation of man, and Homer made it the privilege of the Gods. The Epitaph on the Scandinavian Hero was, "He laughed and died."

It is true that there is the good laughter and the bad laughter, but the good is the true, the other is only the gobble of the turkey or the grin of the ape. Good men and clever men know how to laugh, but the wicked and fools can only snigger.\* Frank laughter is a fruit of that joy which a good conscience gives.

The tree may be judged by its fruits, says the Gospel ; we do not gather grapes from briambles. *Determine, to begin with, to be really good, and all that you do will be good.* The Good, the Beautiful, the True—Virtue, Honesty, Justice—are things inseparable, out of which grows true happiness ; for the result of all is Peace, which is the tranquillity of the Eternal Order.

For the will to be powerful it must be persevering and calm. God does not waver, says the Bible, and we can never advance by continually halting and retracing our steps. When we have sown the good seed, we must move the earth no more, but we must yet not cease to water what we have planted. Then the germ will be produced, and the plant will sprout of itself. When we have placed the leaven in the dough, we must leave it to work. The smallest effort constantly repeated ends by conquering all obstacles. We ought to persevere with an invincible patience. The most powerful men are those that do not excite themselves, and who only act to the purpose, with moderation and judgment. It is the economy of labour which creates and augments wealth. Economy, however, is not to be confounded with avarice. The wealth of the economist is living, that of the miser is dead. The economist husbands, the miser buries ; the economist spends and

\* This is a good old Scandinavian word, and more nearly translates the original "ricanner" that either "giggle" or "sneer" the usual translations.—Trans.

distributes, the miser holds and sequesters, the wealth of the economist is useful to all, that of the miser is useless to others and even to himself. The one uses, the other abuses; the one gathers, the other monopolises, the possession of the one is property, of the other is pillage and the receipt of stolen property.

Man assuredly has no right to live only for himself; his rule of conduct cannot be his own caprice. A child of nature, he must respect its laws; a member of society, he must accept its duties. His will may make him sovereign, but it is solely on condition of his being a constitutional sovereign, all disorderly wills are shipwrecked and go to pieces. Every caprice is a foolish expenditure of life, and a step towards death.

To will effectively we must will correctly and justly. To will correctly we must judge rationally of things and not allow ourselves to be carried away by prejudice or passion.

The opinion of the common herd is not the rule of conduct of the sage. He does not overtly attack it, but he does not conform to it.

There is moreover at the root of all popular opinions some truth misunderstood. To have power and enjoyment fascinates and attracts all men, and truly to have power and enjoy oneself constitutes the fulness of human life. In what then do the fools differ from the sages? In that the former take the means for the end, and it results that the greatest good becomes for them the greatest evil. To have everything except intelligence and reason—what luxury of misery! To have all power, to do evil—what a horrible doom! To enjoy the abuse—what suicide! Is a coward a warrior because he has grand weapons? Is a pig a man because it eats truffles off a golden plate? Can one be proud of commanding others when one is not master of one's self? Alexander the Great conquered the Indians and the Persians and was unable to conquer his own intemperance. Master of the World, he yields to a fit of fury and slays his friend Clytus. It seemed as

he were about to rend asunder a universe too narrow to contain him, and he bursts with wine in a frantic

revel ! He dies of delirium tremens. This man, now God, now brute, who had made nations tremble before his ambitious madness. He dies young, like all exaggerated hopes, and the abortion of this gigantesque existence is a fraud upon glory. What nothingness after so much glory ! What idle renown evaporates around that little corpse ! and was it not of him that Jesus thought when he said, what profits it a man to have gained the universe when he comes to lose his own soul ?

The fog in the fable swells itself out trying to become monstrous and ends by bursting, and if even a man, void of Reason, did succeed in aggrandising himself beyond measure, what could he become save a gigantic unreason, an enormous folly, a more intense shadow to be pierced with all the brighter flash by the smallest spark of Reason, for, whether on the thrones of science or power, or in the most humble condition, Reason is ever the same, she is the light of God ! Reason is like the Host consecrated by Catholic belief, the Host of which the most imperceptible fragments contain or rather express God in his fulness. Where Reason is, there is divinity. What Reason wills, God wills. The reasonable being participates in the divine Royalty. He wills because Reason wills, and his will is invincible. He can say like Christ, I am the principle that speaks. He may have his opponents, his persecutors, his oppressors, but he has no masters on earth and his equals are in Heaven.

The sun which shines upon an insect is not less glorious than the sun which renders the moon resplendent, and a beggar in the right is superior to a prince who is in the wrong.

Diogenes with good reason preferred one ray of the sun to the shadow of Alexander, and the cynic proved himself the equal of the conqueror whose power he limited by his own right not to be troubled. To desire nothing, to fear nothing, and will patiently what is just, this is to be greater and stronger than all the masters of the earth.

---

## Synthetic Recapitulation.

### MAGIC AND MAGISM

THE name of magic, after having been so dreaded and so execrated in the Middle Ages, has become in our days almost ridiculous. A man who seriously occupies himself with Magic will hardly pass as a reasonable being unless set down as a physician and a quack. Credulous folks suppose that all magicians are workers of wonders, and being moreover convinced that only the Saints of their Communion have the right to perform miracles, attribute the ideas and phenomena of magic to the influence of the Devil or evil Spirits. For our part we believe that the miracles of the Saints, and those which are attributed to demons, are alike the natural results of causes which are abnormally brought into action. Nature never disturbs herself, her standing miracle is immutable and eternal order.

Moreover *Magic must not be confounded with Magism. Magic is an occult force, and Magism is a doctrine which changes this force into a power. A Magician without Magism is only a Sorcerer. A magist without magic is only one who KNOWS.* The author of this work is a magist who does not practise magic;\* he is a man of study and not a man of phenomena.† He does not

---

\* His incessant struggles with the "idea" rooted in him by his unhappy Catholico-Romanism, having occupied and wasted all his time—E. O.

† It is at least questionable whether this be not the best, wisest, and safest position. Admitting that by a devotion to Occult Physics, two supreme gifts are attainable,—one the preservation of the individual memory right through all the further lives on this and the other planets of our cycle, throughout a complete circuit—in other words the quasi-immortalization of the personality, and second the power of controlling and directing our own future after death instead of being drawn into the vortex and being there disposed of.

claim to be either a magician or a mage, and he can only shrug his shoulders when he is taken for a sorcerer. He has studied the Kabala and the magical doctrines of the ancient sanctuaries, he feels that he understands them, and he sincerely believes in and admires them : to him they are the noblest and the truest Science that the world possesses, and he deeply regrets that they are so little known. For this it is that he seeks to make them better known taking only the title of Professor of the Highest Science The Science of Magism is contained in the books of the Kabala, in the Symbols of Egypt and of India,\* in the books of Hermes Trismagistus, in the oracles of Zoroaster, and in the writings of some great men of the Middle Ages, like Dante, Paracelsus, Trithemus, William Postel, Pomponaceus, Robert Fludd, &c.

while still in a passive state under the laws of affinities , yet it is at any rate questionable whether even these, the highest gifts, which not one per cent of adepts even attain to, really profit a man in the long run Most certainly to attain them an utterly self-regarding life is needed in the case of men of our race A sublime selfishness it may be, but none the less selfishness, is essential to the attainment of these highest gifts It is at least open to doubt whether an active life of unselfishness and benevolence amongst our fellows is not more conducive to happiness in the long run In a universe governed by a mathematical justice, we may be content to leave our future in the hands of the Eternal Laws and the immortalization of a necessarily imperfect personality is a doubtful good. As for all other powers dependent on a manipulation of the Astral Essence, though doubtless susceptible of beneficial exercise on rare occasions, they hardly appear to me aims worthy of the Man-Divine A certain theoretical knowledge of the Physics of Occultism grows in the mind in its progress in the Metaphysics of the "Highest Science," but to my humble notion it is to a thorough comprehension and grasp of these latter that our best efforts should be directed. We should not waste time, seeking powers or power , we should lift no longing gaze even to the two supreme accomplishments, but we should strive so to purify our natures and permeate ourselves with an active love for the ALL, as to ensure at the recast, the evolution of a higher personality, and so to make the cognizance of the infinite unity, and all that thereby hangs a part of ourselves as to render it a necessary intuition of the new personality This is to be "*un vrai magiste qu' ne pratique point la magie,*" and to my mind this is, perhaps, the nobler, though, doubtless, the less attractive path.—*Trans.*

\* And above all in the Ancient Sacred Literature of India. But E. Levi had never studied the Bhagavadgita and other like incarnations of the spiritual life in the flesh of the latter, or he would have been a far truer " Magiste."—*Trans.*

The works of Magic are divination or prescience, Thaumaturgy or the use of exceptional powers, and Theurgy or rule over visions and spirits.

One may divine or predict, either by observations and the inductions of wisdom, or by the intuitions of ecstasy or sleep, or by calculations of Science, or by the visions of enthusiasm, which is a species of intoxication. Indeed Paracelsus calls it "*ebriecatum*" or a species of ebriety. The states which are connected with somnambulism, exaltation, hallucination, intoxication whether by alcohol or drugs, in a word with all classes of artificial or accidental insanity in which the phosphorescence of the brain is increased or over-excited, are dangerous and contrary to nature, and it is wrong to attempt to produce them, because they derange the nervous equilibrium, and lead almost infallibly to phrenzy, catalepsy and madness.

Divination and prediction by mere sagacity demand a profound knowledge of the laws of Nature, a constant observation of phenomena and their correlation, the discernment of Spirits by the science of signs, the exact nature of analogies, and the calculation, be it integral or differential, of chances and probabilities. It is useful to divine and foresee, but we must not allow ourselves to divine or to mix ourselves up in predictions. A prophet interested in a matter is always a false prophet, because desire deranges sagacity; a prophet disinterested, that is to say a true prophet, always makes himself enemies, because there is always in this world more evil than good, to predict, the occult sciences should always be kept hidden; the Initiate who speaks, profanes; and he who knows not how to keep silence, knows nothing.\*

Noah foresaw the Deluge but took good care not

\* "Keep silence all who enter here" has, from time immemorial, been graven above the Portals of Occultism, "*Gopanum prayatrena*," "to be kept secret with the greatest care" is the refrain of all the ancient Aryan writers on Psychism. But valid as this instance on secrecy has been in the past, it must not be forgotten that evolution never sleeps, and that the wheel is ever turning. A new and higher race is scintillating on the dim horizon, and what are the highest secrets of one race, and intolerable to its mass, become the intuitions, if not the palpable verities, of the next.—Trans.

to predict it. He held his tongue and built his ark. Joseph foresaw the seven years of famine and made his arrangements which secured to the king and priests all the wealth of Egypt. Jonas foretold the destruction of Nineveh, and fled in despair because his prediction was not accomplished. The early Christians predicted the burning of Rome, and Nero with some appearance of justice accused them of having set it on fire. The Sorcerers of Macbeth drove him to regicide, by telling him that he would be a king. Prophecy seems to attract evil and often provokes crime. The Jews believed that the glory of God was involved in the eternal preservation of their Temple, to predict the destruction of this edifice was blasphemous. Jesus dared to do this, and the Jews, who but the day before had spread their garments beneath his feet and decked his path with branches and palms, cried all with one voice, "Let him be crucified." But it was not soi them that the Saviour had made this prediction, but soi the small circle of his apostles and faithful followers, unfortunately it became public and served as a pretext for the judicial murder of the best and most divine of men.\*

If we can predict exactly and certainly when eclipses are to occur and comets to return, why should we not be able to predict the periods of the greatnesses and decadences of empires? Being given the nature of a germ, do we not know what kind of tree it will produce. Knowing the motor, the impet and the obstacle can we not determine the duration and extent of the movement? Read the book, entitled "*Prognosticatio extimae doctris Theophrasti Paracelsi*," and you will be astounded at the matters that this great man was able to foresee by combining the calculations of Science with the intuitions of a marvellous sagacity!

One may predict with certainty by help of the calculations of science, and with uncertainty by help

\* This entire paragraph is sophistical and insincere to a degree. It savours not of "the things which are of God but of the things which are of man," not of occultism, but of Eliphas Leviism.—*Trans.*

of a sensitively impressionable nature, or magnetic intuition.

It is the same with miracles ; these are astounding phenomena because they are abnormal and are produced in accordance with certain natural laws as yet unknown. When electricity was still a mystery for the multitude, electrical phenomena were miracles. Magnetic phenomena astonish at the present day the adepts of spiritism, because science has not yet officially recognized and determined the forces of human magnetism which is distinct, according to our view from animal magnetism. It is not yet known to what extent the imagination and will of man are powers. It is evident that in certain cases nature obeys them : the sick suddenly recover health, inert objects change their position without any apparent motive force, visible and palpable forms are produced ; *the cause of all this is God for one set, the Devil for the other, and no one reflects that God is too great to condescend to conjuring tricks, and that the Devil, if he exists, as portrayed in legends, would be too intelligent and too proud to consent to be made ridiculous*

All exclusive religions rely on miracles, and each attributes to the Devil the miracles of its opposing Faith. In this latter they are all to a certain extent right. The Devil is ignorance, the demons are false Gods. Now all false Gods perform miracles, the true God works only one, which is that of the eternal Order.

The miracles of the Gospel are the wondrous operations of the Divine Spirit, related in an enigmatical style, as is the custom of the ancients and of orientals especially. That spirit changes water into wine, *that is to say indifference into love* ; it walks on the waters and with a word stills tempests ; it opens the eyes of the blind and the ears of the deaf ; it makes the dumb speak, and the paralytic to walk. *It resuscitates humanity buried for four days (that is for four thousand years)* ; it shows it in its putrefaction like Lazarus, and ordains that it be released from its bonds, and from its shroud. Such are the true miracles of Christ, but if they ask him for prodigies, he replies, this generation wicked and adulterous desires miracles, but none will

be given it but that of the Prophet Jonas. Here the Master gives us to understand that the miracles of the Bible are also allegories. Jonas issuing alive from the fish that has swallowed him is humanity which regenerates itself. Jesus gave to the Jews as incontestable miracles the holiness of his doctrine and the example of his virtues.

Jesus may certainly have healed the sick ; since Vespasian, Apollonius, Gassner, Mesmer, and the Zouave Jacob have also healed the sick ; sick people too may have been healed at Lourdes, as at the tomb of the deacon Paris , but such cures are not miracles, they are the natural results of a certain exaltation in Faith. Jesus Christ said so himself. Can you cure me, asked a certain sick person ; yes, if you can believe, said the master, for all things are possible to him who believes.

Faith produces certain apparent miracles, and credulity exaggerates them. When Jesus said that all was possible to Faith, he did not mean by this to say that the impossible could ever become the possible.

The impossible is that which is absolutely contrary to the immutable laws of nature, and to the eternal Reason.\*

Every man is a magnetic focus, which attracts and radiates. That attraction and that projection are what are called in magic the inspiration and respiration. The good inspire and respire good, the wicked attract and respiration evil ; the good may heal the body, because they make the souls better, the wicked do harm both to souls and bodies. Often the wicked attract good to corrupt it, and the good attract evil to change it into good. Thus it is that at times the wicked seem to prosper, whilst the good are victims of their own virtues ; but they grossly deceive themselves who fancy that Tiberius at Capreae was happier than Mary at the foot of the cross of her son. What pleasure nevertheless

\* Which leaves the question where it was, since even the highest adept can never have such an exhaustive knowledge of those laws or that Reason, as to be able to assert of anything that it is absolutely contrary to them, or hence to predicate impossibility of anything outside, as Arago said, of pure mathematics.—*Trans.*

less was wanting to Tiberius, what suffering to Mary ?  
And yet how happy a mother,\* how miserable an Emperor !

Honey changes to gall† in the mouths of the wicked and gall into honey in the mouths of the just. The innocent man, sacrificed, is deified by his punishment ; the guilty man, triumphant, is branded and burnt by his diadem.

Let us now touch the dangerous and darkness-shrouded coasts of magic, the intercourse with the other world, the contact with the invisibles, Theurgy and the evocation of spirits.

Everything proves to us that there exist other intelligent beings than man. The Hierarchy of spirits must be infinite as that of bodies. The mysterious ladder of Jacob is the Biblical Symbol of this Hierarchy ascending and descending. God rests upon that ladder or rather he sustains it. We may say that that ladder is in him, or rather that it is He, Himself, for it is as a God, and to manifest God, that the Infinite ascends and descends.

At each rundle the Spirit which rises is equal to the one that descends, and can take his hand ; but he still must needs follow him who ascends in front of him. This is a law which those who make evocations should seriously meditate.

To ascend eternally is the hope of the blessed ; to descend eternally is the threat that weighs upon the reprobated.

*Men invoke superior spirits but they can only evoke inferior spirits.*

*Superior spirits whom men invoke attract them upwards, inferior spirits whom men evoke draw them downwards ‡*

\* The wretched Isis wound their breasts and imitate the grief of the INFELICISSIMA MATER *Isea*" (*Min. Felip* a 21.) The return of Isea with the body of Osiris is dated December 15th, and the search lasts seven days (Plutarch).—E. O.

† In this and many other cases it is impossible to reproduce in English that antithesis of sound (miel fiel), which, not unfrequently at some little sacrifice of sense, intensifies, so often, the epigrammatic character of our author's *dicta*.—Trans.

‡ Correct.—E. O.

Invocation is prayer, evocation is sacrilege, except when it is a very dangerous devotion.

But the rash mortals who plunge into evocations have no thoughts of making the spirit whom they call ascend with them, they want to lean on it to rise by and must necessarily lose their balance in leaning on what is descending.

The spirit which descends is as a load to him who would raise it, and it necessarily drags down him who abandons himself to it ! To renounce the reason to follow the inspirations of a phantom, this is to plunge into the abyss of madness.

The great epoch of Theurgy was that of the fall of the ancient Gods. Maximus of Ephesus invoked them before Julian, because men had ceased to invoke them ; they had sunk below even the reason of the common people ; also to Julian they appeared thin, poor, and decrepid. Julian, fanaticised by the magic of the past, wished to take these infirm immortals on his back, as Aeneas saved his father from the conflagration of Troy and the arrogant philosopher fell under the burthen of his Gods.

*We cannot see the Gods without dying. This is one of the most formidable axioms of ancient Theurgy, for the Gods are the immortals ; to see them we must pass out of our plane into theirs and enter into incorporeal life, and if this be possible without dying, it is only so in an imaginary or fictitious manner, or by an illusion resembling that of dreams. We must conclude that every apparition which we survive can only be a dream : when a vision of the other world is real, either the seer dies, or is rather already dead when he sees it.\*†*

\* Here he alludes to the voluntary trance condition or Samadhi induced according to the rules of occult science. Mediumistic trance is a mode of epilepsy — E O So, for that matter, I venture to submit, if words are used in their strict sense, is 'Samadhi'. The real difference consists in the fact that a mediumistic trance is generally the result of an abnormal and quasi-defective organization, undertaken or fallen into suddenly without the preparations essential to render it innocuous to the health, and without the mental preparations necessary to the retention of the free exercise of the mind and will, and is only partially, often not at all, under control, while Samadhi results from a long and careful series of exercises developing abnormal capacities in a normal organization, and is preceded by a gra-

This which we write has assuredly no sense, for the learned materialists who do not believe in another life, but these are compelled, in defiance of all evidence, to deny the phenomena of magnetism and spiritism, and cannot, therefore, be sincere—the true savants are those who believe.

The danger lies in believing without knowing; for then one believes in the absurd, that is to say in the impossible. The old French language had a word to express rash belief; it was the verb *cuyder*, whence is derived our word *outrecuidance*, which signifies a ridiculous and presumptuous confidence.

Theurgy is a dream pushed to the most terrifying realism in a man who believes himself awake. It is attained by weakening and exciting the brain, by fasts, meditations and watching. Asceticism is the father of nightmares and the creator of demons, the most grotesque and deformed. Paracelcus thought that real Larvae\* might be engendered by the nocturnal illusions of celebates. The ancients believed in the existence of *daimones*, a race of malicious genii who floated about in the atmosphere. St. Paul seems to admit these when he talks of the powers of the air against whom we have to fight; the Kabalists peopled the four elements, and named their inhabitants Sylphes, Ondines, Gnomes

dual training that protects the physical frame and habituates the mind and will to free exercise under conditions that would normally cripple or wholly stupefy them, and is wholly under control.

Add that from its nature the former cannot continue many days without producing death, while the latter can continue for months without the slightest injury, unless, we reckon the grave disgust for earthly fleshly life that haunts the adept for a longer or shorter period after revival, as an injury.

Both are epileptic in character, the one only semi-voluntary, the other wholly voluntary, the one without, and the other with, the preliminary physical training necessary to enable the tissues and the mind to bear, unimpaired, subjection to the abnormal conditions.—*Trans.*

† This, though true, is a quibble. No doubt elementaries and elementals belong to the Kamaloks, and are, therefore, not strictly speaking apparitions of the other world, but the public thinks and talks of all such comparatively immaterial existences as belonging to the other world, and so here again the plain sense of the passage is at variance with what the writer knew to be true.—*Trans.*

\* This word scarcely as yet in use in English, though thoroughly Gallicised, is from the Latin, *Larva*, a ghost or spectre.—*Trans.*

and Salamanders. Young, hysterically disposed, virgins in the middle ages used to see White Ladies appear near springs ; in those days they called such phantoms fairies ; now-a-days when the same phenomena repeat themselves, people are persuaded that the Virgin has shown herself on earth, and they found churches and organize pilgrimages, which still bring in a great deal of money despite the decline of Faith. We must not insist in matters of Religion on enlightening the multitude too soon \* There are people who could no longer believe in God if they ceased to believe in our Lady of Lourdes. Let us leave the consolation of the dream to those who do not yet know how to apply the remedy of reason to their ills. Illusions are better than despair ; it is better to do good through a misconception than to do evil through the weakness of a rebellious reason and anaemia of the conscience.

Moses, in causing the construction of the Ark of Alliance made a concession to the idolatry of the Jewish populace, and the golden calves of Samaria were later only counterfeits of the Keroubim of the ark ; these Keroubim or Cherubim were two-headed Sphynxes , there were two Cherubim and four heads, one of a child, the other of a bull, the third of a lion and the fourth of an eagle. It was a reminiscence of the Gods of the Egyptians, Horus, Apis, Celurus, and Hermomphita , symbols of the four elements† and signs of the four cardinal points of the heaven ; they served as emblems of the four cardinal virtues—prudence, temperance, strength and justice. These four hieroglyphic figures have remained in the Christian Symbology and they have been made the insignia of the four evangelists.

The Catholic Church has condemned the breakers of images, and yet well knew\* that images are but idols ; the word idol in Greek signifies nothing else but an image, and the pagans no more believed that a statue of

\* Sophistry —E. O—I quite agree, but if for "Religion" we substitute "Occultism." My friend E. O. apparently considers that the Sophistry disappears.—*Trans.*

† And of the fourfold nature of man; the three pairs and the outer fleshy case and analogous universal quaternions.—*Trans.*

Jupiter was Jupiter, than we believe that an image of the Virgin is the Virgin in person. They believed, as we do, in a possible manifestation of the divinity through such images, they had like ourselves statues that wept, that rolled their eyes, and sung at sunrise; we have like them our mythology, and the Golden Legend might form a sequel to the metamorphoses of Ovid. Nothing destroys itself in the universal Revelation, but everything transforms and continues itself; *the manifestation of God produces itself in the human genius by successive approximations and by progressive changes.* God is always the ideal of human perfection, which grows in grandeur as man raises himself. God did not speak once, to hold his peace ever after. He speaks, as he creates, always.

Torquemada and Fénelon were both Christians and Catholics, and yet the God of Fénelon resembles in nothing the God of Torquemada. St. Francis of Sales and Father Garassus do not speak of God in at all the same manner, and the Catholicism of Monseignor Dupanloup hardly bears any likeness to that of Louis Venillot.

The Protestants have levelled everything. They have denied all they could not understand, and they hardly understand what they affirm, but Revelation does not retreat; she is not impoverished, but adds always something to the mysterious riches of her dogma; the Rabbis, to throw light on the obscurities of the Bible, redouble the darkness in the Talmud, and the Christian ages have given, as a sequel to and commentaries on the incredible accounts of the Gospels, the impossible Legends of the Lives of the Saints. To those who deny the infallibility of the Church, we reply with the infallibility of the Pope. Always the enigma is made more complicated to prevent fools from guessing it, for all Dogma is a philosophical enigma.

**TRINITY**, or three in one, signifies **UNITY**. **INCARNATION**, or God made man, that signifies **HUMANITY**. **REDEMPTION**, or all lost through one and saved by one, that indicates our mutual interdependance, the **SOLIDARITY** of the race.

**UNITY**, **HUMANITY**, **SOLIDARITY**, this will be the

Trilogy of the future ; pacific solution of the Revolutionary problem LIBERTY, EQUALITY, FRATERNITY.

Truly it is Social Unity alone that can guarantee the liberty of nations by creating Universal Right ; it is before Humanity alone and not before Nature that men are equal ; and it is the mutual interdependance or solidarity which alone proves fraternity. But how many ages must elapse before these Truths, simple as they are, will be understood ?

Catholicism is official occultism and rests entirely upon mystery. The secret of the sanctuaries has been profaned, but has not been explained.

Oedipus thought to kill the Sphinx and the plague fell upon Thebes. His hostile brothers still fight and slay each other once more. The grand Symbols of the Past are the prophecies of the Future ; mysteries and miracles, such must be the Religion for the masses whom it is essential to make feel keenly what they do not understand, so that they may permit themselves to be led. This is the secret of the sanctuary, and the magists of all times have understood it. The weak can only remain united under the surveillance and responsibility of the strong ; the strong emancipate themselves. If there had never been shepherds, there would have been no tame sheep ; if dogs were free, that is to say wild, they would have to be hunted like wolves : and truly, the vulgar are either wolves or sheep ; it is servitude alone that saves them.

The great secret of Free Masonry is nothing else than the science of nature. It has long since been divulged, but people still swear to preserve it eternally, thus rendering homage to the eternal principle of Occultism.

The true Initiates are shepherds and conquerors, they raise the sheep and conquer the wolves ; this was in the beginning, the sublime mission of the Church, but in this sheepfold of the Lord, the wolves have become shepherds and the flocks have fled away.

The true Church must be one and not divided into numerous sects ; it must be holy and not hypocritical or greedy ; it must be universal and not restricted to a privileged circle, that repels almost the whole of

**Humanity** In a word it must attach itself to a common centre, which in the Roman world was Rome, but which is no more irrevocably Rome than Jerusalem. The spirit floweth whither it listeth, said the master, and where the body is, there the eagles will be gathered together.

The Catholic Church ought to be the House Mother of universal indulgence. She does not tolerate merely, she absolves ; she ought to excommunicate religious hatreds and bless even her children who have strayed. It is through the Catholic faith that all sincere believers, no matter what creed they profess, belong to the soul of the Church, provided they practise natural morality and seek the truth in sincerity of heart. Let only a Pope appear who will loudly proclaim these consolatory truths, and invite all the nations of the earth to an universal Jubilee, and a new era will dawn for the Christian Religion.

Glory to God in all that is great, and peace and good will to men on Earth ! It was by this cry of universal love that the genius of the Gospels, announced in old days the birth of the saviour of the world.

The Official Church represents the Occult Church as the castes of society represent the natural Hierarchy ; the Priests, the Nobility and the People represent the men of devotion, the men who are superior in intelligence and the men who are inferior.

The true Priests of Humanity are the sincere philanthropists ; the true kings are the men of genius ; the true nobles the men of intelligence and lofty sentiments, the common mass is the great flock of the voluntarily ignorant and poltroons. A simple soldier faithful to his flag is surely greater than a Marshal of France who betrays his country.

An honest rag-picker is more noble than a vicious Prince ; eminent men in all departments have risen from the people, and kings and queens have been seen dragging themselves through the mire. Every intelligent and virtuous man may deserve admission to the highest initiation ; the profane are only fools or knaves.

The initiate is a man of no party ; he desires only unity, mutual indulgence and peace. He has no

opinions, for truth is not an opinion ; for him all hostilities are errors, and all curses, crimes.

Before the abuses of the Romish Church, protestation is a right and consequently a truth , but Protestantism is a sect, and therefore a falsehood Catholicity, that is to say Universality, is the character of true religion, it is therefore a truth, but Catholicism is a *party* and consequently a falsehood. When abuses have ceased, protestation will no longer have any reason to exist, and when Catholicity shall have been established throughout the world, there will be no more Catholicism at Rome.

In the meantime, as one cannot live respectably\* without religion, and as it is impossible and absurd to stand alone in religion, since the very word religion signifies a thing that binds men to one another,† each can and ought to follow the usages and rights of the communion in which he was born ‡ All religions have a respectable side and a defective side. Let us no more break each other's Idols, but let us lead all men gently out of Idolatry. One must learn to endure patiently in Catholic Churches the noise of the ceremonial, and of the halbert of the Swiss, to weary oneself in all gravity and respect in the Protestant temples, to keep serious in the Synagogue and the Mosque despite the muffled heads of the Rabbis and the contortions of the Dervishes. All this must have its time.

*One religion passes away, but Religion remains ;*

\* "Convenablement," the right word, most assuredly *respectably*.—E O.

† Rather it signifies that which binds together the soul,—or if you will the highest couple, the 6th principle, and the spirit, (or 7th principle or monad), and the absolute of which this is a ray —*Trans.*

‡ In other words we are by silence to consent to and add currency and vitality to what we think a falsehood. There is a vast difference between tolerance for and gentleness with what we believe to be the errors of others, and the ease-loving timidity which shrinks from showing by its own example that it *does* believe them to be errors. E. Levi looks forward to a reign of truth, but if men follow his advice, and for the sake of *respectability* persistently bow to falsehood, how is the usurper to be dethroned, how is the wrong to be conquered, and the right to triumph ?—*Trans.*

one man dies but humanity dies not, one woman ceases to love or be lovable, but woman is ever worthy of respect and love; one rose fades all too soon, but the rose is an imperishable flower, and blooms anew in every spring. Let us make use of Religions for the sake of Religion, love men for the sake of humanity, and women for the love of woman, let us seek the rose amidst the roses, and we shall never find deception or despair.

But because we are men, we must not insist on the children being men. We must not beat them because they fall, nor use them harshly because they do not understand things that are above their age. We must not rob them of their Punches and their dolls, they adore them, later they will break them, mamma will give them others and papa will have nothing to say.

The Sacred Books of all nations in all times have been collections of fables; they are the books and pictures made for the instruction of children.

They are generally collective works resuming all the knowledge and all the highest aspirations of one people and one epoch. They are sacred as should be monuments, and worthy of respect as is the memory of ancestors. The Divine Spirit has assuredly inspired them, but inspired them to men and not to Gods.

*They reveal God, as the tree which grows reveals the seed planted in the earth, or as the rising dough reveals the hidden leaven.* This double comparison is borrowed from Jesus Christ Himself.

We have said that the absurdities of Dogma are enigmatic, they are even more systematic. The great Initiates of the Ancient World never explained their symbols except by obscure symbols. God wills to be divined, because divination is divine as the word itself sufficiently indicates. The riddle of the Sphynx is the trial of all Neophytes, and the three-headed dog watches always at the portals of the crypt of the mysteries. "In Religion, to explain is to profane, to make more obscure, is to reveal."

Science and Religion are as the day and night. If

reason be the sun, faith is the moon.\* In the absence of the Sun, the Moon is the sovereign of the heavens. Let us, however, not forget that it is from the Sun that she borrows all her rays, and that true Faith can never be absurd except in seeming.

Science, has not she too her mysteries? Escape if you can out of the labyrinth of the Infinite. Do indivisible molecules really exist? Endeavour to conceive substance without extension.† If on the contrary matter is infinitely divisible, one grain of dust may, in the infinity of time, by the infinite number of its parts, equal the infinity of space ‡ Absurdities on all sides! Ask Marphurius, he desires to explain that the polychronic evolution of analytical concepts, in the Relative, is equal to the isochronism of the synthetical concept in the Absolute, and he thence concludes that the syncretism of the Abstract is analogous to the syncretism of the Concrete.—*Cabritias arciturane*!

The mysteries of faith are borrowed for the most part from the mysteries of science; for instance, is not light one, in three rays of different colours? In its triplicity it is blue, yellow and red, in its unity it is white. This Trinity gives seven shades of colour, here we have the sacred septenary.§ Light produces

\* These poetical illustrations are misleading. Science, real science, and religion are one, at most two faces of the Eternal Truth, allotropic forms of the same everlasting verity.—Trans.

† There is no such thing, it is only nothing that has no extension, the extension of what we call immaterial things may be beyond our cognizance, but all things have extension, and extension is the essence of substance, which both is and fills space.—Trans.

‡ Of course this is all a muddle; indivisible atoms do exist. You may say that the mind can divide them in conception, but if you could put the division into practice, the molecule would return into the unmanifested. Then he confuses matter, which is transitory, concrete and manifested, with substance, its eternal, abstract, unmanifested base.—Trans.

§ The Septenary is sacred, not for one, but for a thousand reasons. Take any seven coins or discs of precisely the same size. Place one in the centre and you will find that the remaining six, when arranged round it as a belt, will exactly occupy the whole circumscribing space, each touching its neighbours and the original central one. Add, with other precisely similar discs, a similar second belt outside the first, a third outside the second, a fourth outside the third, and so on. Increase it, as you may, each belt will only contain six more pieces than the preceding one, with the one central

forms, it is incarnate in living beings, it dies to revive, and buys back each morning our hemisphere from the slavery of the night. Dupuis concluded thence that Jesus Christ was the Sun, a fine discovery! It is as though one professed that a sphere of cardboard was positively the Universe.

---

piece as the seventh. The belts will contain 6, 12, 18, 24, 30 pieces and so on the numbers being terms of an arithmetical progression of which the increment is 6. You may continue enlarging the circumference till it covers the whole Gobi desert, but you will be unable to add more than 6 for each belt to the number of its predecessor. This may seem childish, but we invite all the western mathematicians to explain the *why* of it, and on this principle the Universe both in its concrete and abstract manifestations is built up.

Pythagoras speaks of the *Dodecahedron* as being the "Divine"—for the first circle of *one and six* is the *central circle*, the abstract *the one* of nature *in absconde*, and the most Occult. It is composed of the *ONE*, the central point, and of the *six*, the "number of perfection" of the Kabalists, having this perfection in itself, shaded by no other, that by the assemblage of its half, its third part, and its sixth part (*one, two and three*) it is made perfect. Therefore it is called "the sign of the world," for in six rounds the group of worlds attains its perfection, and during the seventh enjoys felicity, and neither nature nor beings labour or toil any more, but prepare in their perfection for Nirvana. With the Christian and Jewish Kabalists, it is the six days of creation and their Sabbath.

And *seven* is called by Pythagoras "the vehicle of Life," &c. Seven in short is the symbol of this Yug, and Time.

The Sabaeans worshipped the *seven* sons of Sabus. The *seven* "spirits of God" in Revelations mean simply the perfect man; so with its *seven* stars, lamps, &c., and the Chaldean "stages" of the *seven* spheres and the "Birs Nimrud" with its *seven* stories, symbolical of the concentric circles of the *seven* spheres.

You moderns, who laugh at the ignorance of the ancients, who knew *but of seven planets*, you have never understood what was really meant by this limited number; nor have you given one thought to the fact that men who presented Callisthenes (over 2,000 years ago) with records of celestial observations extending back from their time 1,900 years, could not have been ignorant of the existence of other planets. And what (not who) is SABAOOTH, and why should he have been regarded as a creator? How many Christians are there who suspect that SABAOOTH was the Demiurgic number, *seven* with the Phoenicians, who became later the Israelites? (Read *Lydus de Mens.* IV 38, 74, 98, p. 112) Seek for SABAOOTH, ADONAIOS in the "Sibylline Books," *Gallacu*, 278. The *Demiurg* is *Iao* presiding over the *seven* circles of the *seven* Ghebers, the *seven* spirits of fire, astral light, *Fohat*, the *seven* Gabborim, or *kapiri*, the *seven* wandering stars, and it is those wanderers who unf - their collective name of *Kabar Ziu* (or Mighty Life or Light) as a Central Point emanates and allows to cluster round itself the *seven* Daemons.

Religion is a force which escapes from the impious and against which they break themselves. Punch will never succeed in killing the Devil, for the Devil is a caricature of God, and this caricature belongs to those who have made it. It remains in their eyes, it fascinates and pursues them. If all the blind could coalesce to exterminate those who can see, could they even then extinguish the Sun ?

## Compare—

The names of the seven Impostor Demons in the Codex Nazareus	The names of the seven Skandas or Principles
1 Sol	7 Spirit, the reflection of the ONE Life
2 Spiritus (Holy Spirit), Astro (Venus) or Lebbat Anamet	6 The spiritual soul ( <i>Female</i> )
3 Nebu (Mercury)	5 The Animal Soul ( <i>Manas</i> )
4 Sin Luna, called also Shuri and Siro	4 The <i>Kama Rupa</i> —the most dangerous and treacherous of the Principles
5 Kiun (Kivan) Saturn	3. The Life-soul, <i>Linga sarira</i>
6 Bel, Jupiter (life supporter)	2 The Vital Principle
7 Nering, Mars—the “son of man who despoils the other sons of man, called also <i>Excoriator es</i> ”	1 The Gross body or material form— <i>per se</i> an animal and a very ferocious and wild one

E O.

As regards the little problem which E O invites Western Mathematicians to explain it is simple enough. There is no mystery in it, it is a necessary consequence of the hypotheses involved in the premises. First the hypothesis involved in the description, to speak mathematically, of the figure we call a circle, the equality of all *radii*, and second the hypothesis that we are to use only equal circles. The proof is too long to insert, but it all proceeds from the known geometrical facts that where two circles touch, the line joining their centres passes through the point of contact, that where three circles touch the three lines joining their centres compose an equilateral and equiangular triangle, that the interior angles of a triangle are collectively equal to one-half of the angular extension round a point, and that each angle of an equilateral triangle is equal to one-sixth of this, and that consequently, only six such triangles, exactly this number and no more, can radiate from any point, that though the first belt may look circular, the second and succeeding ones cannot be constructed according to the terms of the problem except as hexagons, when again the properties (also the result of the hypothesis of construction) of the equilateral triangle come into play, and thus it is perfectly easy to demonstrate, that not as a matter of mystery, but as a result following necessarily on the adopted premises, if there be  $n$  belts, then the  $n$ 'th must contain six  $n$  diacs or circles.

It seems useless to argue with Eastern adepts—from the time of the Gymnosophists who taught Pythagoras, they have always, verbally at any rate, confounded things and their symbols. There is nothing sacred in the number seven, it is a *memoria technica* of hidden combinations, &c., which combinations, &c., are or may be

The masses are blind and foolish and must be led by the seers and the sages. But when those whose duty it is to lead the blind, become blind, when the keepers of the mad go mad themselves, there result falls and appalling disorders. This is the history of all revolutions.

---

held to be sacred, but as for the symbol 7, or the word *seven*, there is nothing *sacred* in either, the sanctity, if any, pertains to the mysteries they recall, and in no way to the symbol or word. Had our language called 6 + 1, *pig*, or used—as the symbol for this, then *pig* and—would have been as *sacred*, as *seven* and 7

On the other hand to those who ridicule and reject the facts of the occultists on the ground that according to them the universe is built up upon one numerical system, and that everything is in sevens or threes, it may be useful to point out that even in this little world of ours we have instances of the persistent adherence of nature to particular numbers. Thus 3 and multiples of this rule the inflorescence of all *endogens* and 4 and 5 that of all *exogens*, and thousands of other instances can be given, so that the general rejection of occult views of the universe, on account of a symmetry in them, which is over hastily concluded to be unnatural, and, therefore, artificial and false, is not really warranted even by our little learning. And as to 3 and 7 the latter grows necessarily out of the former, since 7 is the greatest possible number of products of three things taken, 1, 2 or 3 together.

As for the seven impostors *demons* these were also considered, by some, to represent the cycle of necessity, which, according to them, beginning with Mars, ran through Jupiter and Saturn to the earth, and thence through Mercury and Venus to the sun. But though the Tibetan Brotherhood tell us that man does pass hence first to Mercury, they tell us that the Planet on which we lived immediately previous to our advent on this Earth was Mars and their account of the worlds that make up our cycle of necessity is quite different to that above referred to. But though according to this latter Saturn, and not Mars, was the Planet from which we last came it does not follow that the Planet *we call* Saturn was really meant, or that the several Planets to which occultism has attached the signs and names of the Planets known to the Astronomers of old, are *really* these very Planets. On the contrary as a rule it may generally be concluded that when occultism says anything, it means something else. Words, like the names of planets, precious stones, minerals, plants, &c., always had two meanings—one, the palpable obvious one, which, if accepted, leads entirely astray, for the uninitiated, and the other, the artificial one, which gives the real fact for the initiated. This is what has, and I maintain rightly so, brought more discredit on occultism than anything else, and which must engender disbelief in or contempt for it, in the world at large, so long as it is persisted in. But the adepts of all schools have always been so tied down, by the vows and conditions (spiritual and which it therefore no longer remains in a man's option to subsequently disregard) of the successive initiations, that they can, in many matters, not speak save in this deceptive phraseology, to those not initiated, and these in their turn, as they progress, become by the

The use of brute force to repress disorder provokes inevitable and terrible reactions when that force has not the support of Justice and Truth · for then it becomes fateful\* and balances necessarily action by reaction. War authorizes reprisals, because in war, according to the cynical saying of a great German Diplomatist, it is might that makes right; and indeed despotism, whether of kings or mobs, is war ; the authority of the Law and the empire of Justice is peace. Social Unity is the end and aim of civilisation and transcendental politics, an end at which, from the time of Nimrod, all great conquerors and profound statesmen have aimed. The Assyrians, the Medes, the Persians, the Greeks, the Romans, all sought to absorb the world. Bacchus, Hercules, Alexander, Cæsar, Peter the Great, Napoleon, had no other dream, the Popes thought to realize it under the name of Religion, and it was a grand idea, but Germany now-a-days opposes mathematics to the enthusiastic outrush of beliefs and swells day by day her exchequer. The Emperor, one of the two pillars of the world, is now again erect, and he is no longer Roman. Rome on one side, and on the other the whole world—the balance is no longer equal : we should necessarily require a Cosmopolitan Pope, when we had an universal Emperor.

High magic is at once Religion and Science. This alone harmonizes contraries by explaining the laws of equilibrium and of analogies. This alone can make

---

immutable laws of the associations to which they belong, similarly tongue-tied and mind-bound, and, as to many things, the only hope for the world at large lies in the gradual development of the higher races on earth, who will, untaught in these schools, work out anew their knowledge for themselves, and untied by laws and conditions, now rapidly becoming an anachronism, give freely of *all* their store to *all* men. In this direction the authors of THE PERFECT WAY have made the first important step.

Of course, as to many matters, witness the facts given in the introduction, the adepts can speak more plainly, and are, now-a-days, some of them, not so unwilling to speak as they have always hitherto been, but others remain the highest and most important laws of which, I am informed, that they neither *will*, nor *can* speak, save only to those who have been initiated, and are therefore forever precluded from revealing the truth to any non-initiate.—*Trans.*

\* There is no English equivalent for "fatale," in the sense in which it is here used, and which is not "fatal," but that has become a thing of Fate, operating therefore in a blind, unintelligent, irresponsible manner under blind laws.—*Trans.*

sovereign Pontiffs infallible and Monarchs absolute; the Sacerdotal art is also the Royal art, and Count Joseph de Maistre was not deceived when despairing of extinguished beliefs and enfeebled powers he turned his glances, against his will, towards the sanctuaries of Occultism. It is thence that will come salvation, and already it is revealing itself to the most advanced intelligences.

Free Masonry, which has so frightened the Court of Rome, is not so terrible as people think, it has lost its ancient lights, but has preserved its symbols and its rites which belong to Occult Philosophy; it still gives the titles and the ribbons of the Rosy Cross, but the true Rosicrucians are no longer in its Lodges; they are what they have been from the beginning—philosophers and *unknown*. Paschalis, Martines and St Martin have successors who do not meet in regular assemblies. Their Lodge is said to be in the great Pyramid of Egypt, an expression, allegorical and mystical, which the innocent and ignorant are at liberty to take literally.

There is one thing more uncontestedly infallible than the Pope, and that is mathematics. Truths rigorously demonstrated force the mind to suppositions which we may call the necessary hypotheses. These hypotheses, if I may so express myself, are the scientific objects of Faith. But the imagination exalted by an infinite want to believe and love, draws incessantly from this rational objective, paradoxical deductions, to curb license and mystic fantasies, there must be an authority touching reason on the one side and mysticism on the other; this authority, dogmatically infallible, has no need to, and *cannot*, be so scientifically. Science and Faith are the two columns of the Temple, they support its portico. If they were both on the same side, the structure must fall on the other.

It is their separation and parallelism which should eternally maintain equilibrium.\*

\* Although in a certain sense this is true, it is very misleading. *Faith*, in the ordinary sense of the word, *e.g.*, a belief in that for which there is no evidence, direct or indirect, has no place in true Occultism which is an exact science, and accepts nothing, which can-

The comprehension of this principle would put a stop to a misconception of too long standing and would bring peace to many souls. In truth between science and faith no real antagonism can subsist. All that has been demonstrated becomes unassailable, and it is impossible to believe in what one knows positively not to be true. Galileo knew that the earth turned, but he knew also that the authority of the Church is unassailable because the Church is necessary. The Church has no authority in matters of science, but can oppose with all her power the dissemination of particular scientific truths which she judges to be at the monument prejudicial to the Faith. People very generally believed in Galileo's time that the popularization of the system of Copernicus would give the lie to the Bible. Forced later to admit that system, because it was demonstrated, it became of course necessary to find means of reconciling the difference, the earth in fact turns but the Church remains infallible, even when it declares that it is no longer itself, but our Holy Father the Pope who is infallible \*

This is not said ironically, the Pope is infallible because it is necessary that he should be so, and he really is so, for those who believe it, since his infallibility only extends to matters of Faith.

The work of science is to detach Faith from the letter and attach it to the spirit; in proportion as science rises, Faith is exalted.

The eternal Evangel is like the cloud that led the Jews in the wilderness, it has one face of shadow and one face of light; the face of shadow is its

not either be demonstrated or at any rate proved to accord with, or follow, necessarily or with a high degree of probability, from what can be demonstrated. Of course, like all sciences, Occultism has its methods, and a man must understand these before he can understand its demonstrations, just, for instance, as a man must understand the methods of mathematical physics, before he can understand the proof that the poles of the moon describe in space a certain very complicated curve. But this latter is none the less an exactly demonstrated fact, and so too are the teachings of Occultism, although to one ignorant of the methods of this latter science they may seem absolute mysteries and matters of *Faith* — Trans.

\* And thus proves again that Human Folly is limitless as space itself — E. O

mystery, the face of light its reason. The shadow is spread over the letter, the light emanates from the spirit.

There is the Gospel of Faith and the Gospel of Science. Moreover Science renders Faith impregnable; those who doubt do not know \*

Ignorant faith only preserves itself by obstinacy, and obstinacy in ignorance is only fanaticism.

*Whoso believes without knowing but without fanaticism will very soon begin to doubt, and that doubt can only have as its result either knowledge or indifference.*

We must learn or cease to believe. To cease to believe is easier, but for the soul to cease to believe is to cease to love, and to cease to love, is to cease to live.

Fanatics are sick, but still they are living; the indifferent are dead.

Blind beliefs do not improve mankind; they may restrain them through fear or allure them by hope, but fear and desire are not virtues. A dog may restrain his appetite under fear of the whip, but he none the less remains greedy, he only adds cowardice to greed. So to believe to any good purpose, we must know. It has been said that a little science detaches from God, and that a great deal of science leads us back again to Him; this saying must be explained by stating that a commencement of Science and Philosophy detaches man from the God of the foolish, while the acquisition of much of these brings him to the God of the wise.

The Magist has no need to formulate his faith in God, † he feels in himself that supreme power of the

\* It will be seen that by Faith he means the acceptance of the teachings of Authority (i.e., of those who presumably know more of the matter than ourselves) on those subjects or points on which we do not possess or are unable to obtain knowledge—a constantly varying quantity altering from moment to moment with the progress of the world, and the individual, and disappearing in the sanctuary of occultism where all mysteries, at any rate of the conditioned universe, are explained.—*Trans.*

† And the Mage has not even need to believe in one—E O Quite so, he has no need. Occultism only deals with the conditioned universe, which to all conditioned in it is infinite. Admittedly, in that Universe only Laws, and no God, i.e., no conscious, intelligent will, the source of those laws, can be traced. So the Mage may justifiably say, I content myself with the manifested and conditioned universe and believe in no God who, whether he exists somewhere

True and the God, which animates, sustains, fortifies and consoles him. What need have we to define the light when one can see it? What avails it to prove life, when one is alive? When St. Paul was converted, say the Acts of the Apostles, he felt as though scales had fallen from his eyes.

The scales which cover the eyes of our souls are the vain conceits of a rash theology and the unhealthy sophisms of a false philosophy. The initiates are the seers and for the thought, to see is to know, to know is to will, to will is to dare; but to dare with success, we must will and know how to be silent.

Never be zealous, said Talleyrand, and the same diplomatist averred that speech was given us to disguise our thoughts. This political mummery is not to our taste, we do not say disguise, we say reclothe and chastely veil that Virgin that we call thought, for our thought is not a thought of personal interest and falsehood; *the Veil of the sanctuary is not like the curtain of comedy; it is rent at times but it never rises* \*

The initiate avoids with care all eccentricity; he thinks as do the most enlightened, and speaks as do the mass. If he explores cross roads it is only to reach more surely and quickly the grand route, he knows that true thoughts are like running water. Those of the Past flow in the Present, and roll on towards the Future without our needing to toil backwards to their source to find them; and he allows himself to be tranquilly borne onwards by the current, but he holds ever to mid-stream never bruising himself against the rocks that line its banks.

*in abscondito* or not, has not seen fit to indicate himself any where in manifestation, and cannot therefore, (if such a being exists) want men to believe in Him.

But there are Mages and Magas, and there are some who say, granting all this, we yet know by a higher intuition that the infinite to all conditioned existences is yet not ALL, and that there is a conscious and intelligent will, the origin of those manifested laws which alone we creatures of manifestation can cognize. But this of course is a matter of Faith and pertains not to occultism proper, which is either atheistic or agnostic, but to transcendental occultism — Trans.

\* It never rises, but as race follows race, and circuit succeeds to circuit, it etherializes more and more, destined to vanish wholly before the veil of the cosmic night that shrouds a higher mystery and an inner sanctuary, is drawn around us.—Trans.

Let us now sum up, laying down those unalterable principles that will serve alike as a basis and a crown to all we have written.

## I.

Man has two means of attaining certainty—mathematics and common sense.

## II.

*There may be truths which outrun common sense, there are none which contradict mathematics*

## III.

"He who outside pure mathematics pronounces the word *impossible*, lacks prudence" (*Agog*), which means that outside of pure mathematics there is no complete, universal and absolute certainty

## IV.

Outside complete, universal and absolute certainty there are only beliefs or opinions

## V

Beliefs and opinions cannot be demonstrated; men chose them as a matter of taste or accept them as a matter of policy.

## VI.

Useful opinions ought to be encouraged and dangerous or noxious ones should be repressed. This explains the necessary struggle between conservatives and innovators, *only conservatives become persecutors when they consider, or affect to believe, dangerous what is evidently useful* \*

## VII.

Pure mathematics exist by themselves; no will produces them, no power can limit them † They are

\* Very feeble! who is to be the Judge? What you consider useful, I hold to be noxious, and vice versa.—Trans.

† Our author borrowing Pythagorean ideas often speaks of pure mathematics, as if they were a kind of superhuman existence, things, as he says existent by themselves, or self-existent. But what are they really? Sixty rigidly logical deductions from rigidly limited and defined hypotheses. To say their results are certain is merely to repeat

eternal Laws, that no man can infringe, and from which it is impossible to escape.

### VIII.

A thing may *appear* absurd and *be* true when it is above common sense\* but a thing contrary to the laws of mathematics is really and absolutely absurd, and who-so believes in such an absurdity is a fool.

The sign of the cross, which is the intersection of two lines, equilibrated one by the other, has always been considered as a divine symbol. It is the *Tau* of the ancient Hebrews, the *Chi* ( $\chi$ ) of the Greeks and Christians, in mathematics this sign + represents the infinite, and  $x$  the unknown, + signifies *plus* or more, and the Infinite is always more † Develop science as you will, mark its first step with Alpha its last with Omega, and you will still always have before you the unknown, which you must recognize, and your formula remains  $\Omega + x$ ;‡ all that we learn, is wound off that unknown which is never wholly unwound, it is thus which produces all things, *not knowing what it is, we personify it and call it God* §

with Oliver Wendall Holmes, "Logic is logic that's all I say" Given certain accurately and exhaustively defined premises then, logical deductions therefrom must be true Mathematics are the creation of the Human mind, and depend on meanings and values and limitations of these, which it assigns to certain symbols There is nothing mysterious or superhuman in them Change your scale of notation from the decimal to the duodecimal and various "eternal laws" of the former disappear from the latter Pass on to the differential calculus or the calculus of Infinity in which you introduce hypotheses not rigidly limited, and you at once get, along with the true ones, crowds of utterly irrelevant solutions To say that no will creates them and no power limits them is absurd, they were created by the will that originated their fundamental hypotheses, and by these are rigidly limited — *Trans.*

\* Nothing is above common sense, but a thing may too be ill-defined for common sense to grasp it. All our author's sententious aphorism means, in, that if the nature, or our knowledge of a thing is such that we are unable rigorously and exhaustively to define its premises and then argue logically from these, *look*, to our imperfect vision, as our conclusions *may*—*they may* nevertheless be true—we are in no position to decide, whereas, if we can rigorously and exhaustively define the premises and we then argue strictly logically from these, our conclusions must be correct, and no one, but a fool, can doubt the fact — *Trans.*

† This seems quibbling. Of course the usual sign for infinity in mathematics is  $\infty$  — *Trans.*

‡ Hence the Tibetan cross on the Dalai Lama's headgear.—E. O

§ At last the cat is out of the bag —E. O.

Once it seemed as if this personification was realised on earth, but the God-Man died upon the cross, that is on the eternal  $\chi$  and the cross alone remains for us.

## X.

The hypothetical personification of the Infinite can only be infinite and excludes necessarily individual unity. Every individuality is limited by some other, unless it suppresses all others, God on the contrary being the principle of all individualities, cannot be an individual. It is on this account that he is said to be one in several Persons. Three is a mystic number which represents the generation of all numbers.

## XI.

God never speaks to men, except through men, and does nothing in nature save through the Laws of Nature.

## XII.

*The supernatural is that which outsteps our natural intelligence and our knowledge of the Laws of Nature.*

## XIII.

God, even, ought not to be considered as supernatural by the Theologians, since they reason upon the Nature of God.

## XIV.

The Fathers at the Council of Nice have furnished a substance to God by affirming that the son is of the same substance as the father. Moreover if it be impossible to admit, without confounding them, a finite substance and an infinite substance, the decision of the Council of Nice might furnish arguments to the pantheists and even to the materialists.

## XV.

If God, as says Catholicism, has created us to know, love, and serve him, and by these means obtain eternal life, and if, as said Jesus Christ, that which we do to a neighbour we do to God, it follows that God has created men, to know, love, and serve each other and by these means attain Eternal Life. .

The true worship of God then must be philanthropy. And every Religion which does not inspire, augment and perfect philanthropy must be a false Religion.

### XVI.

A Religion, the consequence of which is the reprobation and eternal punishment of the majority of men or of some men, or even of one single man, does not inspire Philanthropy.

This does not touch the true Catholic doctrine which only employs reprobation as a threat, and is in reality salvation offered to all men.

*He who loves not, remains in the death,* said St John, and those cast away by Philanthropy are those who will not love.

### XVII

If God were, as is ridiculously supposed, an Omnipotent Personage, who laid stress upon being honored by certain special ceremonies, he would have revealed those ceremonies in a manner, evident and incontestible to all men, and there would be only one form of religious worship on earth, but such is not the case, and what he has given to all is the need and the duty of loving. Philanthropy is therefore the true and the only Religion, *really* Catholic, that is to say Universal.

### XVIII.

Every word of blessing and love is the Word of God, and every word of malediction and hate is the cry of Human Wickedness, which men have personified, calling it the Devil.

### XIX.

An act of Philanthropy, even the most imperfect, is more religious and meritorious than all the fasts, all the genuflexions, and all the prayers.

### XX.

The attraction which draws together the sexes is not philanthropic; on the contrary it is often the most brutal of all egoisms.

## XXI.

This attraction only merits the name of Love, when it is sanctified by sentiments of self-devotion and sacrifice.

## XXII.

The man who kills a woman because she no longer loves him is a coward and an assassin, which however does not justify adultery; but all that can be said in regard to this has been said by Jesus Christ

## XXIII.

Law should be always rigorous; Justice indulgent.

## XXIV.

The little suffer for the great, but the great also must answer for the little. The rich will pay the debt of the poor \*

## XXV.

The best things when corrupted become worse than the bad ones. What more venerable than the Priesthood, yet what more contemptible than a bad Priest. But the duties of the Priesthood are so sublime and so lifted above human nature, that every priest who is not a saint is bad. This explains the discredit that falls upon the Priesthood in periods when the religious sentiment is feeble. *The Gospels tell us that Christ found a good thief, but they nowhere tell us that he met with a good priest!*

## XXVI

The good Priest is self-sacrifice incarnate; he is Philanthropy raised to a divine ideal; the bad Priest is one who sells prayers and takes the sacred vases for his cooking pots.

## XXVII.

All that *does* good, *is* good; all that *does* ill, *is* bad.

## XXVIII.

All that gives us pleasure *seems* to us good, and all that inconveniences or afflicts us *seems* bad; but we

\* It is only ... a very far-fetched or else transcendental sense that this is true. Every soul pays its own debts, be it or they great or small. This is the true and eternal basis alike of justice and morality — *Trans.*

often deceive ourselves, and these errors are "the extenuating circumstances" of sin.

### XXIX.

It is impossible to love evil, for its own sake, knowing what it is, and without its having some appearance of good.

### XXX.

Evil has no real existence, or, to put it better, it does - not exist in an absolute manner. That which ought not to be, is not . that is certain and incontestible \*

\* It is neither certain nor incontestible, and the whole paragraph deals in an unsatisfactory and sophistical manner with the " eternal riddle"—the origin of evil. Evil may in one sense be said to be the darkness necessary to make good apparent, but darkness is real *for us*, all the same, and so is evil

The occultist's explanation is that evil is merely the result of the infringement of natural laws. The universe is the outcome of unaltering laws. One of these laws is evolution , at one stage of this, sentient beings are developed, and then commences, from their ignorant transgression of the physical laws of the universe, physical evil, bodily pain and suffering. At a later stage of evolution, intelligence and moral responsibility are developed, and then, with the transgression of the moral laws of the universe by evolutes who have developed a will and moral sense of their own, moral evil commences. There is no attempt to deny the reality—*quoad us*—of evil, but it is the inevitable result of the transgression of the unchanging laws of nature. It is quite admitted that the recuperative energies, (the law of the reconstruction of the efficient out of the effete,) of nature often (perhaps always in the long run) bring good out of evil, just as the putrefying corpse is made a source of fertilization, but the evil is as real as is, to our senses, the loathsome odour of putrefaction.

It is, probably, mainly the reality of evil that leads one section of occultists not merely to say " we can find no God in the universe," but to affirm that there is no God *outside* this, no intelligent conscious will as a source of the cognizable Laws. For, they argue, if there were, he would be responsible for all the evil, and if so he cannot be God—which means Good.

But another section argue that, conditioned as we are in the universe, we cannot draw any conclusions in regard to, or by any possibility realize or conceive, anything outside that universe, but that at the same time they have a spiritual intuition, through which, though unable to conceive Him, they know that there is such an intelligent conscious will, the essence of all perfection. And they add that why the adepts of the first class have no such intuition is simply because their peculiar psychical self-evolution, their psycho-physical training, renders them as incapable of spiritual intuition as the material-physical training of ordinary athletes, renders these incapable of psychical intuition. The man, they say, who trains and develops what, for want of a more exact terminology, I call his psychical powers, so as to

That which we call evil exists as the shadow necessary to the manifestation of light , metaphysical evil is error, physical evil is pain ; but error is excusable when it is involuntarily. To know perfectly that we are deceiving ourselves, and yet to persist, is no longer deceiving ourselves, it is seeking to deceive others As for physical pain it is the preservative from and the remedy for the abuse of pleasure , it exercises the patience of the wise, admonishes the thoughtless and chastises the wicked. It is, therefore, rather a good than an evil.

## XXXI.

Disorder in nature is never more than apparent, and all alleged miracles are either exceptional phenomena or conjuring tricks.

## XXXII.

When you see a phenomenon contrary in appearance to the laws demonstrated by Mathematics,\* be sure either that you have observed imperfectly or that you have been duped, or that you have been hallucinated.

## XXXIII.

Truth needs no miracles, and no miracles can prove a falsehood.

## XXXIV.

*The general laws of nature are known to science, but neither all the Forces nor all the Agents are yet known. A glimpse has been obtained of animal magnetism*

guide the laws of nature, control the elementals, and manipulate the astral light, as effectually closes the doors on his highest spiritual perceptions, as the man who so trains and develops his physical powers as to win the silver sculls on the Thames, or the champion's belt, closes the doors on his psychical as well as his spiritual perceptions. We students can only sit at the feet of our respective masters and listen. We cannot form any conception of who is right , and one thing is certain, that, he who may right us to these highest transcendental mysteries, real adepts of either class are almost as superior to ordinary men as these are to monkeys — Trans

\* It is difficult to understand what is meant here. Surely the laws of mathematics demonstrate that two do not equal and cannot take the place of one. Yet without any conjuring, the occultist doubles or re-duplicates things, and that though your observation may have been perfect, and though you have been neither duped nor hallucinated.— Trans.

which certainly exists, but science treats it as a problem which it has not attempted to solve.

### XXXV.

People always ask why the extraordinary phenomena of magnetism are never produced in the presence of men of learning.\* It is because few men of learning who witness a phenomenon inexplicable to themselves, would have the courage to attest its occurrence.

### XXXVI.

The light that we see is only one portion of the infinite light. It is those few rays of our sun which are *en rapport* with our visual apparatus. Our sun himself is but a lamp suited to our bemightedness, it is but a point luminous in space which would be darkness to the eyes of our body, and which is resplendent for the intuition of our souls.

### XXXVII.

The word magnetism expresses the action and not the nature of the great universal agent which serves as mediator between thought and life. *This agent is the Infinite light or rather (for the Light is only a phenomenon) is the light bearer, the great Lucifer of Nature, the mediator between matter and spirit,*† *which the ignorant and impostors call the Devil, and which is the first creature of God.*

### XXXVIII

What is more absurd and more impious than to give to the Devil, that is to say to Evil personified, the name of Lucifer which signifies Light-bearer?

The intellectual Lucifer is the spirit of intelligence and love; it is the paraclete, it is the Holy Spirit, and the physical Lucifer is the great agent of Universal Magnetism.

\* This, though reasonable enough a score of years ago, has now become obsolete. plenty of men of learning have of late years witnessed and attested them.—*Trans.*

† Astral Light, the storehouse of Occult Electricity, the vehicle of the Primeval Chaos.—E. O.

## XXXIX.

To personify evil and make of it an intelligence rival to God, which can moreover understand and can no more love, this is a monstrous fiction. To believe that God permits this evil intelligence to deceive and destroy his feeble creatures already so weak in themselves, is to make of God a personage more wicked even than the Devil; for God in taking from the Devil the possibility of repenting and loving, himself forces him to do evil. Moreover a spirit of error and falsehood can only be a thinking folly, and does not even deserve the appellation of spirit. *The Devil is the opposite of God, therefore if God defines himself as the one who is, the Devil must be he, who is NOT.*

## XL.

We must seek the spirit of the Dogmas, while receiving in its integrity their letter, such as the sacerdotal Sphynx transmits it to us. This letter is obviously absurd, in order that we may seek further and higher. It is certain that to act one must be, and that to sin one must have a conscience, and that, therefore, one cannot be born guilty, that one cannot make anything out of nothing, that God cannot be a man, nor a man God, that God can neither suffer nor die, that a woman who gives birth to a child cannot be a virgin, &c., &c. No one then can seriously affirm the contrary of these truths, so palpable and evident, without warning us that there is a mystery in it, that is to say a hidden sense which must be extracted and understood under pain of becoming either an unbeliever or a fool.

## XLI.

That which excuses the so-called Atheists is the deplorable conception that the masses make for themselves of God. Men have endowed him with all their own vices, and have imagined they were making him great by exaggerating these to paradoxical proportions. Thus for an example :—

*Pride.*—God has for object only his own Glory! He looks for this glory in the abasement of his rivals—as if he could have any; he tortures for everlasting his

miserable creatures—for his glory, he has killed his son—for his glory!

*Avarice.*—Absolute master of all good things, he gives to the larger number of his children only misery, and distributes his favours to the smaller number, only slowly and parsimoniously.

*Envy*—He is the jealous God. He proscribes liberty; he leads astray the reason of the wise, and favours by preference the ignorant and the idiotic.

*Greed.*—He is never satiated with the flesh of his victims; under the old law he required holocausts of bulls, under the new he sniffs the steam of human victims burning in *auto da fés*.

*Luxury*—He must have Virgins like the Minotaur; he has his seraglios of languishing amorous damsels and monks tortured by obscene nightmares; he has invented celibacy to create phantoms, more immodest than all the Roman orgies, and unnatural dreams.

*Anger.*—The main topic of the sacred books and collections of sermons is the wrath of God. His fury lets loose pestilences, and in his implacable rage he hollows out a hell for all eternity.

*Sloth*—After a repose of an eternity, he works during six days\*. His work consisted in giving daily one order, and after giving these six orders he felt the necessity of resting, and how was St. John *wrong* when, after having represented evil under the form of a monster with seven heads, he tells us that men prostrated themselves before and adored this beast?<sup>†</sup>

St. John adds that Anti-Christism must animate the image of this beast, and make it speak, and that the world will prostrate itself before this living simulacrum of human folly. *Let us beware of thinking that this could ever be realized in the person of a sovereign Pontiff of Catholicism, doubtless reference is here made to some Antipope or perhaps to the grand Lama of Tibet!*

\* Of course the six days represent *inter alia* the six working cycles or circuits of man—the seventh being the cycle of rest.—*Trans.*

† The correct interpretation. There was no more of a personal God to be found in John's ideas than in our own heads.—E. O.

## XLII.

St. Vincent de Lérins says that that alone pertains to the true Catholic or universal Dogma, which has been admitted at all times, in all places, and by every one \* This would simplify symbology marvellously and prodigiously enlarge the church

## XLIII.

It is customary to reply to those who take objections to the teachings of the Theologians, are you stronger minded than St Augustin? Have you more genius than Bossuet? more intelligence than Fénelon? These questions are very ridiculous, when the matter at issue is one of common sense I am certainly less versed in mathematics than Paschal, and yet had I lived in the time of that great man, and had he said or allowed it to be said before me that two and two make five, I should have reckoned his great authority as nothing, and should have continued to believe, or rather to know, that two and two make four.

## XLIV

The great and learned men who have held their tongues, or have spoken in a certain manner, have had assuredly their own reasons for speaking or keeping silence. High truths are not suitable for low souls, there must be fables for children, and threats for cowards, there must be absurdities for folly and mysteries for credulity. It is through blackened glasses that we can alone gaze on the sun, looked at through a clear glass, it seems to us black, and blinds us. God is for us as a sun, we must walk by his light with lowered eyes: if one tries to gaze fixedly on Him our sight fails us. *The most dangerous and the saddest of sciences is Theology, for it constitutes itself wrongly a science of God. Rather is it a science of the foolishness of man when it seeks to explain the inscrutable mystery of the Divine.*

\* We must go back a good deal further than St. Vincent for the "quod semper, ubique et ab omnibus"—Trans

## XLV.

The light of God sparkles in us all—it is our conscience. To do the good to which this incites us and to avoid the evil against which this warns us, these are our duties towards God.

## XLVI.

God sows the idea in the Infinite, and the rays of the suns bring to birth the germs in the Planets. The animals have issued from the earth like the trees, but no more than the trees did they issue full formed and of full size, species have their Embryotic periods as well as the individuals of each species. To imagine that God has first moulded a statue of clay, to blow later in its face and so make of it a man, is to believe a story similar to that they tell little girls about babies being dug up out of cabbage beds. Is God denied or is Glory lessened by declining to look on him as a statuary? It is nature that produces everything progressively and by slow degrees, operating ever through the orderly functions of the forces inherent in the substance, but it is the Divine word that guides the forces towards the ideal of the Form. Nature executes, she does not invent. The thoughts which are designed in matter come only from matter, though matter does not think. From the development of the first living cell, to the perfection of the Human Form, God has said to the forces of Nature, "Let us make man," and his behest has endured through many millions of years which, before him, were but an instant. Genesis is not the natural history of man, it is the commencement of his Religious Epopée. The Primitive couple is Human unity established in the first family of believers. When God diffused over the face of man a breath of Immortality, man had already a face; what else then was he but one species of anthropoid animal? Certainly man does not descend from the ape, but the ape and man perhaps descend from the same primitive animal. Darwin's theory does not contradict the Bible, it restores to it its character of the symbolic Lion, exclusively religious; the great week of the creation are a series of

Geological epochs\* and God is said to rest when man begins to understand that the Universe moves on alone.†

### XLVII.

The supernatural is the eternal Paradox of the infinite desire. Man craves to assimilate himself with God, and he does so in the Catholic communion. From a Rationalistic point of view and considered in a purely natural manner, this communion is a thing of colossal extravagance. In the Catholic Communion they eat the spirit of God, and the body of a man! Eat a spirit, and an infinite Spirit! What madness! Eat the body of a man! how horrible Theophagy, and Androphagy! What claims to immortality! And yet,‡ what can be more beautiful, more soothing, more really divine than the Catholic Communion? The religious want, innate in man, will never find more complete satisfaction; and how vividly we feel that it is true, when we believe in it. Faith to a certain extent creates what she affirms; hope in the superhuman never deceives, and the Love of the divine is never a deception. The First Communion is the coronation of the human royalty, it is the inauguration of the serious side of life, it is the apotheosis and the trans-

\* Or rather of cycles of development either from zero to the monkeyman, or from the monkeyman to Nirvana.—*Trans.*

† Ingenious but—*Trans.*

‡ These ever recurring "yets" and "buts" sound odious! He is more than hampering public superstition. He becomes a literary flunkey in his double dealings—E O I think my revered friend judges our author not only harshly, in this case, but wrongly. The shield has two sides for the non-believer and the believer. The cause of truth demands that both sides should be seen and understood. Were there not to the believer something inexpressibly sweet and comforting in this sacrament, would *billions* of men have derived from it their greatest happiness in life, their chief consolation in death? Such consolation, such happiness, may not be for us, but it might almost be said "*Vix vici*" for those whom TRUTH has conquered. But, be this as it may, the very cause of Truth demands that the court should prove its familiarity with both sides of the case, and its verdict would carry little weight with impartial & querulous, were this not shown. As it is, the powerful rationalistic enunciation of the monstrous character of the real conception, is only brought into stronger relief by the frank admission of the ideal beauty with which Faith is able to veil it for believers.—*Trans.*

figuration of childhood, it is the most pure of all joys and the most true of all happinesses.

### XLVIII.

There is then something above both Nature and Reason to explain, justify, and satisfy the highest aspirations of both. From this point of view the Supernatural is Natural, and the paradoxical formula of the necessary hypotheses becomes perfectly reasonable. It is the human spirit that constructs the Impossible in order to attain the Infinite.

### XLIX.

According to the Fathers of the Church, the Ancient Law was only an image and a shadow of the new Law. The astonishing stories of the Bible are but images, (they do not say allegories, the word would have been dangerous), images of the new dogma inaugurated by Jesus Christ, and the basis of this dogma is that God is personally united with humanity, and that we must love and serve God in man; in a word that we must love one another, which resumes all the Law and the prophets. There is then nothing true in the Bible which is not in conformity with the Gospels, and the spirit of the Gospels is the spirit of charity.

### L.

To love one another and not revile, curse, excommunicate, persecute or burn each other. To love one another and consequently to assist, console, support and bless one another. Charity is Humanity endowed with a Divine Principle; it is solidarity enriched by self-devotion; it is the spirit of the saints, and consequently the true spirit of the Catholic or Universal Church. Those possessed with a spirit opposed to this do not belong to the Church.

But charity in the Church ought to preserve above all things the Hierarchy and unity.\* It is rightful

---

\* Quite so when the priests, as Eliphas always repeats that they should be, are all adepts of the highest occult mysteries, and the doctrines are those of the eternal wisdom religion.—Trans.

to protest against the abuse of authority, but not against authority itself \*

There exists at present a new sect of Protestants who call themselves old Catholics, as if the child just born could call itself old, because it has had a grandfather? But the ancestors of these ridiculous Protestants were no old Catholics, who would have died a thousand times rather than separate themselves from the Hierarchy and Authority. Their ancestors are the heretics of all ages, and their great ancestor is Satan,† that unsubmitting old Catholic.

## LI.

If Religion is to be one, if it is to be holy, if it is to be universal, if it is to preserve and continue the chain of tradition, if it is to rest on a legitimate and hierarchical authority, if it is to realize and give what it promises, if it is to have signs of power and consolations for all, if it is to veil for feeble visions the eternal truths, if it is to unite in one sheaf all the aspirations and all the hopes of the most exalted souls, it can only be Catholic,‡ and all nations soon

\* Quite so, when authority *really* means superiority in spiritual knowledge, but, when leaping down at a bound from the Utopian church and priesthood of his hopes, into the arena of the Catholic Church as it is, he assails the so-called old catholics for their schism, which after all is a step, if a small one, towards Reason and Truth, it is he who becomes the child and disciple of error — *Trans.*

† Very consistent this with what he has said above Is this his charity? — E. O.

‡ Perhaps it might be said that the foregoing neither wholly coincides with nor exhausts our conception of the Ideal Church of the Future. But, be this as it may, one thing is certain, viz., that on pain of losing all vitality, it must have nothing to do with "catholicism," or any other name already bristling with pre-existing conceptions and constituting a cluster of fully developed ideas, prejudices and superstitions.

What destroyed the vitality of Christ's teachings turned his love and blessings into hatred and curses for mankind, and now makes it necessary to preach anew what he really taught? Simply the disregard of his warning not to put new wine into old bottles. When the fathers of the Christian church took in hand to disguise and dress up the occult verities of true Christianity in the cast off and tattered garbs of other dead or moribund faiths, they buried the new born child as effectually as though they had buried it with the corpses they despoiled, to furnish it with swaddling clothes.

or late will return to Catholicity when some God-enlightened Pope boldly disavows the petty passions, full of greed and hate, of clerical Catholicism, when a learned clergy shall be competent to reconcile the lights of Reason with the obscurities of Faith, and when worship freed from material interests shall be no longer an object of mercantile enterprise. This *will* be, because it *ought* to be, and it will then be discovered that in the Christian dogmas there are, as in the earlier portions of the Bible, images and shadows of the religion of the future, which already exists and might designate itself as Messianism, Paracletism, or better still absolute Catholicity, and which will be the light of all spirits and the life eternal of all souls

---

### The Great Secret.

---

Not to succumb to the unchangeable forces of nature, but to direct them ; not to allow ourselves to be enslaved by them, but to make use of them to the benefit of immortal liberty ; this is the great Secret of Magic.

Nature is intelligent, but she is not free. The Heavenly bodies have instinctive souls like animals, and impregnate each other ; the planets are the Seraglio of the sun, and the suns are the docile flock of God.

The earth has a soul which obeys the sun, under the decrees of Fate, and obeys man, instinctively.

---

Theosophy may not be absolutely irreproachable as a name for the Religion of the Future, because to scholars it is associated with doctrines and ideas not wholly true, though having affinities with the truth. But, to the mass of mankind the word is a blank without associations, and scholars, unless wilfully, are not to be thus misled. Anyhow it is preferable to any of the names Eliphas Levi suggests, redolent as all these are of a tyrannical and effete dogmatism.—*Trans.*

*But, for man to command the soul of the earth demands great knowledge and great wisdom, or great exaltation.* \*

Folly has its prodigies, and these more abundantly than wisdom, because wisdom does not seek prodigies, but tends naturally towards preventing their occurrence. It is said that the Devil performs miracles, and there is hardly any one but him who *does* perform them, in the sense which the ignorant masses attribute to the word. Everything that tends to estrange man from Science and Reason is assuredly the work of an evil Principle.

The sun has intelligence, but the earth is mindless †; without the Sun and the labour of man she would produce nothing. The sun is her impregnator and man her accoucheur, and reluctantly and with a bad grace does she yield to the caresses of her spouse and the attendance of her physician. Animals, ill-organised ferocious beasts, noxious insects, parasitical and poisonous plants, abortions, monsters and plagues, are the fruits of her clumsiness. She resists as much as she can, and her resistance is not a crime; she is but the creature of Law and serves as a counterpoise to the activity of the sun. According to the hieratic tradition, man, the only son of God, ought to command the earth, but man having infringed the law of God has ceased to be free and slaves are equals before slavery. The soul of the earth ‡ is hostile to man, because she feels that he has no longer the right to command her; she resists him and deceives him, it is she who produces dreams, nightmares, visions and hallucinations, favoured in this by fanaticism, drunkenness, debauchery and all nervous disorders; madmen, hysterical women, cataleptics and somnambulists are all under her direct influence. They call her

\* By "exaltation," a word he commonly uses, he intends to signify an awakened and abnormally sensitive condition of the supersensuous faculties.—*Trans.*

† Truth sacrificed to literary wit.—E. O. And a great deal of the rest of the paragraph is sheer nonsense.—*Trans.*

‡ Why say earth instead of the earth's satellite? Note that he means moon, whenever he mentions the soul of the earth.—E. O.

also the astral light, and it is she who produces all the phantasmagoria of spiritualism.

We admit that the name astral light does not perfectly apply to the soul of the earth. This instinctive power of our planet manifests itself by negative electricity and magnetism, positive electricity, heat and light come from the influence of the sun.

The soul of the earth radiates out specially during the night. The light restrains and repels its effluvia. It is at midnight, especially in the middle of the long nights of winter, that phantoms love to appear \*

A man is not a saint because he has visions, but one may have visions and yet be a saint, and even amongst the saints visions always involve something ridiculous or hideous. St. Theresa was tormented by blood, and believed she saw living walls, which were choking and a Cherubim armed with an arrow to lance them. Marie Alacoque saw Jesus Christ open his chest and exhibit his heart palpitating and bleeding. Martin de Gallaix saw an angel dressed as a footman; the children of Sallette adored the Virgin with a huge peasant's bonnet, with a yellow apron, and with roses stuck on to her feet. Bernadette Soubirous sees our Lady of Lourdes, dressed like a girl, about to take the sacrament, with a little blue apron and yellow roses planted by the stalks in her naked feet. Berbignier saw Jesus Christ in the midst of several flat candlestick sockets. This vision of candlestick sockets reappears at Pontmain where four candles are seen fixed to the wall of the heavens and the good Virgin in the middle of them. Ravaillac saw the sacred wafers fluttering around his head and heard a voice which told him to kill Henry the IV.† The instinctive soul of the Earth eagerly demands blood, and favours the exaltations which lead to its shedding. Spectres like crows seem to scent from afar off massacres and battles. The death of Cæsar, the civil war which resulted from it and the bloody proscriptions of the Triumvirate were announced by prodigies of which Virgil speaks. A

\* Because there is no moon *felt* during the day as it is during the night — E. O

† Guiteau also heard a voice.—E. O.

little before the war of extermination which the Romans waged against the Jews, the Temple was crowded by visions and marvels. The morbid miracles of the convulsionaries, preceded by a short time only the hecatombs of the Revolution, followed by the great wars of the Empire: now-a-days the spirits turn jugglers and the dead haunt our salons and become familiar with ladies . . we have just passed through the war with Germany and the Commune, what have we still to expect?

Man, the child of Earth, remains in magnetic communication with the Earth. He is himself a special magnet, which can indefinitely augment its powers by the combination of imaginations and wills. Then inert objects are magnetised, and, under the influence of the physical soul of the Earth, attracted and ill-directed by man, may displace themselves, be lifted up, and cause crackling noises or raps to be heard, at times even a kind of aerial coagulation roughly models out some fugitive form. people believe they see lights or hands, dreams take to themselves bodies, and nature seems to become delirious. new pythoresses scribble at hazard new oracles, as little serious as those of the ancients \* the same causes produce always the same effects

Will man ever succeed in taming entirely this whirling and devouring animal that we call the Earth? No, so long as he cannot discover a fulcrum for the lever of Archimedes, and so long as the steed is always sure of throwing its rider. In vain man torments the Earth; the Earth will always end by swallowing him up. Hence it is that the grand dream of Prometheus, that is to say of human genius, has always been the secret of

\* The whole passage indicates either defective knowledge or possibly a desire to throw contempt on practices, of which he well knew the dangers. But the way to meet an evil thing is neither to minimize, nor misrepresent, nor pooh-pooh it, but to state it fully and fairly, and equally fully and fairly set forth its objectionable characters. This he has entirely failed to do where spiritualism is concerned. As for his sneers at ancient oracles it is scarcely honest, since he well knew that many of the ancient oracles were perfectly serious and reliable, as also why and how they were so.—Trans.

Hermes, that is to say the discovery of a panacea for disease, old age and death.\*

The desire for immortality, which has always exercised the human soul, is a protest against our subjection to the voracity of the Earth, but Religion has placed immortality in death, and only flatters herself that she will succeed in releasing from the slavery of Earth that portion of ourselves that she wants to raise to Heaven.

But in the language of symbolism, Heaven is spirit and Earth is matter, Heaven is light and Earth is shadow, Heaven is the good, Earth the evil, Heaven is paradise and Earth, hell. The Theologians moreover who believe in a local Hell can find no place for it save in the middle of the Earth, which seems to affirm that evil is materiality.

The Earth is lazy, because she is heavy and material, and as laziness produces starvation, the earth engenders imperfect species reduced to mutually devour each other. She loves to produce beings who kill each other, because she fattens on the corpses of her children. Warfare is the inevitable condition of existence on the earth and the *raison d'être* always definitely pertains to the strongest. Might does not take precedence of Right; it constitutes it, what Darwin calls natural selection is the triumph of might.

Why are there abortions in nature? Why so many imperfect designs if the Creative Power is omnipotent? Because all Force has a Resistance as a Fulcrum, be-

\* This Panacea is not really a secret,

" Many a house of life

" Hath held me—seeking ever him who wrought

" These prisons of the senscs, sorrow fraught ,

" Sore was my ceaseless strife !

" But now,

" Thou builder of this tabernacle—Thou !

" I know thee ! never shalt thou build again

" These walls of pain,

" Nor raise the roof-tree of deceits, nor lay •

" Fresh rafters on the clay ,

" Broken thy house is, and the ridge pole split !

" Delusion fashioned it !

" Safe pass I thence --deliverance to obtain,"

*Ez. Light of Asia*

*Trans*

cause inertia battles against movement, because shadow must equilibrate light. All is foreseen by the universal sovereign intelligence, and the Providence of God is not a direct and personal intervention.\* In Genesis God does not create animals, he tells the earth to produce them. God has impregnated nature and nature has become a mother, producing unaided; but she husbands her efforts and simplifies her great works; she produces life, and life in its turn works on differentiating forms according to the circumscribing conditions. One effort begets other efforts, one form begets other forms, and progress is only possible through the law of transformation.

These mysteries of nature demonstrate and explain those of Religion which try to the utmost the Human understanding, Divine selection, that is to say, final salvation, coupled with the probable reprobation of the majority, the narrow gate, regeneration or moral transformation, the resurrection or future transformation of the man that now is into a more perfect being. So what has been looked on as calculated to shatter Faith, corroborates it, that which one fancied must overthrow Religion, re-establishes it. The asserted paradoxes of Darwin explain the oracles of Jesus Christ, and we believe with greater assurance, because we know better what we ought to believe. These truths will sooner or later accomplish the conquest of opinion, and opinion when founded on Truth always carries authority along with it. They begin with condemning Galileo, later they are seen forced to admit what he asserted, and the Church is none the less infallible, because authority is necessary, and when she transmits her authority to the Pope, the Pope becomes infallible by an infallibility, authoritative, but not miraculous; for an authority may be delegated, a miracle cannot be delegated.

The yearning for Religion is the primary want of the Human soul; it exists side by side with Love, and in Love. "There exist," says Mr. Tyndall,† one of the

\* Then it cannot properly be called Providence; who ever heard of an impersonal intervention — E. O.

† I merely translate Eliphas Levi's presentment of what Tyndall says. I do not quote from the original — Trans.

foremost scientific men of England, "there exist other things woven into the tissue of man, such as the sentiments of veneration, respect, admiration, and not only sexual love to which we have just referred, but the love of the Beautiful in nature, physical and moral, of poetry and art; there is also that profound sentiment that from the first dawn of History, and probably for ages anterior to all History, has incorporated itself in the Religions of the world, you may laugh at these Religions, but in any case you only laugh at certain accidents of form, and you will not touch the immovable basis of the religious sentiment in the emotional nature of man. The problem of problems at this present hour is to give to this sentiment a reasonable satisfaction."

The solution of this great problem, we believe that we have sufficiently plainly indicated, to enable writers better accredited than ourselves to discover it and give it with greater success to the legitimate aspirations of the world. The spirit of intelligence will come as Christ has promised us, and this will teach us all the Truth.

The doctrines of the highest science, called magic by the ancients, being no longer recognized in our days by official science, can only be presented to it under the name of Paradoxes, a word which signifies things above reason.

Paracelsus, whose name signifies an elevation of thought in some way paradoxical, designated these the Archidoxes, that is to say things ultra-reasonable or more than reasonable.\*

God is the great Archidox of the universe. Religion is Archidoxal when it appears Paradoxal. Liberty is the Paradox or the Archidox of the human divine.

Absolute reason, absolute knowledge, absolute love, are Archidoxes of the human genius, imagination is Archidoxal in the creation and realization of its paradoxes.

The Will rushes on to the Archidox and does not halt before Paradox.

\* This is certainly not what was intended. *Doxa* is a doctrine or philosophic opinion, *Arch* a prefix signifying excellence, priority, or superiority, and by Archidoxes is meant either fundamental or superexcellent, or highest doctrines.—*Trans.*

Absolute Reason is, like the Divinity, the supreme Archidox of the understanding ; the absolute for the mind is the unconditioned reason , the absolute for the heart is infinite perfection , moreover, the beautiful being the resplendence of the true, infinite beauty can only exist in the ideal personification of Truth and Love. This personification, realized in the man, is Christianity, realized in society as a whole it will be Catholicity.

He who said, " I believe because it is absurd," gave us in a paradoxical shape the formula of the Archidox, and, in fact, alike beneath and above reason only absurdity is to be found , but the absurdity which lies below is nonsense and folly, while that which floats above is enthusiasm and self-sacrifice. Below the reason of the mass is materialism, above the reason of the scientific, is God CREDO QUA ABSURDUM !

Let us now complete our Magic Paradoxes by one last one that we will call the Gospel of Science.

Gospel of Science ! what an absurdity ! As if Science could have a Gospel, a Bible, a Koran, a Zenda Vesta or Vedas. All these sacred books pertain exclusively to religion and the Priests of the several forms of worship, and Science only concerns herself with them, to ascertain their antiquity, authenticity and influence on the History of nations

There is no true Gospel but that of Jesus Christ, but it is true that there do exist Apocryphal Gospels.

To write in the present day an Apocryphal Gospel would be an anachronism , to seek to give any other dogmatical Gospel but that of Jesus Christ would be a folly and an impiety

We employ, therefore, the word Gospel as a paradoxical expression, in accordance with the title of this work which is Magical Paradoxes.

The word Gospel signifies happy news, and it would be indeed happy news for the world to learn that science and religion had been definitively harmonized

But everything comes in its due season, and the world is not saved because an eccentric book has been written.

Occult sciences are necessarily eccentric, for so soon as they cease to be eccentric, they cease to be occult.

A seed is placed within the earth ; no one sees it but he who sows it, and when the earth has closed upon it, no one again sees it. Men pass close to where it is hidden, they even walk above it and for long it ferments and germinates in silence. Then a tiny shoot pierces the earth, the shoot divides into two leaves, and between these two leaves a bud appears. Thus it remains for long without any one noticing it. One day it is found that the shoot has become a sapling, then the sapling grows larger and becomes, slowly, a tree.

Then oft times he who sowed it is himself enveloped in the earth.

He will never gather his fruits from his tree, nor sit beneath its shade.

His body fattens the earth and may cause other trees to germinate ; his thought grows in the heavens and will make other thoughts blossom. *For nothing dies, all is transformed, that which no longer is, shall be again, but that which was small shall be great, and that which was ill, shall be better.\**

\* To put it more clearly we are now well into the second half of the 4th Round, and our 5th Race (*latest subrace of the 4th Race — Trans*) has discovered a fourth state of matter and a 4th "dimension of space" (') The 5th Race has to discover before it makes room for the 6th Race, the 5th state and dimension as the 6th & 7th Races have to find out the 6th and 7th dimensions of space and the 6th and 7th states of matter—of their Planet, for the men of the 5th, 6th & 7th Rounds (or Astral circuits) will know the states and dimensions of everything in their solar system. Let your exact science, so proud of her achievements and discoveries, remember that the grandest hypotheses—I mean those that have now become facts and undeniable truths—have all been *guessed*, were the results of spontaneous inspiration (or intuition)—never those of scientific induction. This can scarcely be denied, since the entire history of scientific discovery is there, with hardly one or two exceptions, to prove it. Thus if Copernicus, Galileo, Kepler, Newton, Leibnitz, Crookes (even this latter as may be proved) have one and all *guessed*, they grand generalizations instead of arriving at their discovery by long and painful labour, then you have in this a series of truly marvellous acts. The colossal generalizations of the ancients coupled with the paucity of their real data—generalizations that have reached us as incontrovertible axioms—are so many witnesses testifying to the untrustworthiness of our physical senses and modes of induction. The physical Law of Archimedes was not accumulated little by little—it sprung into existence suddenly—so suddenly indeed that the Philosopher who was enjoying his bath at the time, sprung out of it and rushed about the streets of Syracuse like a madman, shouting "*Eureka, Eureka.*" When

This is our faith and hope—AMEN, and so be it !

Sir H. Davy suddenly discovered Sodium by decomposing moistened potash and soda by the help of several voltaic batteries, he is said to have given vent to the most extravagant delight, jumping and hopping about his room on one leg and making faces at all who entered. Newton did not discover the law of Gravitation, that Law discovered him, dropping a visiting card as it were on his nose. Whence these sudden inspirations, these sudden rents of the veil of gross matter?

Occult science not only explains but shows the infallible way of producing such visions of fact and reality. And it shows the means to reach this naturally for future generations. But the authors of the Perfect Way are right. Woman must not be looked upon as only an appanage of man, since she was not made for his mere benefit or pleasure any more than he for hers, but the two must be realized as equal powers though unlike individualities.

Until the age of 7 the skeletons of girls do not differ in any way from those of boys, and the osteologist would be puzzled to discriminate them. Woman's mission is to become the mother of future occultists—of those who will be born without sin. On the elevation of woman the world's redemption and salvation hinge. And not till woman bursts the bonds of her sexual slavery, to which she has ever been subjected, will the world obtain an inkling of what she really is and of her proper place in the economy of nature. Old India, the India of the Rishis, made the first sounding with her plummet line in this ocean of Truth, but the post Mahabaratenn India, with all her profoundity of learning, has neglected and forgotten it.

The light that will come to it and to the world at large, when the latter shall discover and really appreciate the truths that underlie this vast problem of sex, will be like "the light that never shone on sea or land," and has to come to men through the Theosophical Society. That light will lead on and up to the true spiritual intuition. Then the world will have a race of Buddhas and Christs, for the world will have discovered that individuals have it in their own power to procreate Buddha-like children or -demons. When that knowledge comes, all dogmatic religions and with these the demons, will die out. E O







